Cederberg Municipality

Annual Report





2017/18

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MAYOR'S MESSAGE

It is a great pleasure to present to you the Annual Report of Cederberg Municipality for 2017/18.

Cederberg Municipality has for a 2nd consecutive year, achieved an unqualified with no findings (clean audit) opinion from the Auditor-General. This, is a clear indication that the long-term plans put into place to ensure clean governance and sound internal control measures, are succeeding. However, we need to remain focused on the effective delivery of core municipal services through the application of efficient and effective service delivery mechanisms, and the application of sound financial management principles. It is essential and critical to ensure that the Municipality remains financially viable and that sustainable municipal services are provided economically and equitably to all communities.

A turn-around strategy (financial plan) was implemented at the Municipality which specifically focused on cost containment measures and revenue enhancement. Turn-around strategies usually take about 3 years to reach its set goals. As Executive Mayor, I vigorously promote local economic development as part of our financial recovery plan. Various discussions were held with possible investors to invest in our region in achieving this.

We are of the opinion that the implementation of the turn-around strategy is effective, and Management will be able to reap the rewards of the said implementation within the next 2 financial years. We have also embarked on a more vigorous approach to revenue collections to optimize the collection of debt owed by consumers. As a further cost saving initiative, Council reduced its 4 directorates to 2 directorates with only 2 directors instead of 4.

My sincerest appreciation to the administration and fellow councillors for managing in extreme difficult financial conditions and for keeping their focus on our mandate.

W J. Farmer

Executive Mayor: Cederberg Municipality

MUNICIPAL MANAGER OVERVIEW

The fact that we again managed an unqualified without findings' (clean audit) report from the Auditor -General for the 2017/18 financial year, bears testimony to our continuous efforts to stabilize the Municipality and to steer the organization in a positive direction. This second consecutive clean audit bears testimony to our efforts to improve internal control mechanisms and the promotion of clean governance and sound financial controls.

The 2017/18 Annual Report is hereby submitted to Council and the broader Cederberg community with a realization that there are a lot of room for service delivery improvement, backlogs to be addressed and new turn around plans to be implemented.

The main challenges of poverty, unemployment and inequality still remains and impact negatively on our revenue streams and together with infrastructure backlogs and financial sustainability remains a serious threat to the rendering of sustainable value- for- money services.

Cederberg is under severe financial constraints and an Integrated Financial Recovery Plan was implemented to ensure the financial viability and economic sustainability of the Municipality. The revenue collection capacity within the finance division must be improved in order to ensure us achieving our revenue target to maintain financial sustainability and predictable service delivery. This is evident in the service receivable bad debt book that is increasing, which are compounded by tough economic conditions.

As Accounting Officer, I would like to convey a word of thanks to the Speaker, Executive Mayor, Deputy-Mayor, Mayoral Committee members and councillors for their support under very difficult conditions.

A special word of thanks to my senior management, staff and our communities in their support and understanding of the challenges we face as a service-rendering organization.

In conclusion, the interest of our citizens should reign supreme above all other interest, in pursuit of fulfilling our constitutional mandate.

Louis Volschenk Municipal Manager

CHAPTER 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 MUNICIPAL OVERVIEW

This report addresses the performance of the Cederberg Municipality in the Western Cape in respect of its core legislative obligations. Local government must create the participatory framework that defines and enhances the relationship between elected leaders and their communities. This requires that the Council of the Municipality provides regular and predictable reporting on programme performance and the general state of affairs in their locality.

The 2017/18 Annual Report reflects on the performance of the Cederberg Municipality for the period 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018. The Annual Report is prepared in terms of Section 121(1) of the MFMA, in terms of which the Municipality must prepare an Annual Report for each financial year.

1.1.1 Vision and Mission

The Cederberg Municipality committed itself to the following vision and mission:

Vision:

"Cederberg Municipality, your future of good governance, service excellence, opportunities and a better life"

Mission:

We will achieve our vision by:

- Developing and executing policies and projects, which are responsive and providing meaningful redress
 - Unlocking opportunities with for economic growth and development for community prosperity
 - Ensure good governance, financial viability and sustainability
 - Ensure sustainable, efficient and effective service delivery in an environmental sustainable manner
- Promote quality services in a cost-effective manner through partnerships, information, knowledge management and connectivity.
 - Making communities safer
 - Advancing capacity building programs for both our staff and the community

1.2 MUNICIPAL FUNCTIONS, POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

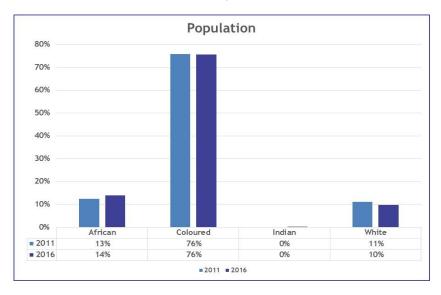
1.2.1 Population

a) Total Population

The graph below indicates the total population within the municipal area:

Indicators		Afri	ican	Coloured		White		Asian	
		2011	2017	2011	2017	2011	2017	2011	2017
Population size		5 970	7 830	36 087	42 214	5 326	5 534	116	161
Proportional share of total population		12.6%	14.0%	76.0%	75.7%	11.2%	9.9%	0.2%	0.3%
Number of households by population group		2 158	2 781	8 669	10 002	2 203	2 348	21	27
Year	African	Colo	ured	Ind	ian	Wh	ite	То	tal
2011	5970	36,	087	11	16	5,3	326	47,	499
2017	7830	42,214		161		5,5	534	55,	739
Source: Quantec									

Table 1: Population



Graph 1: Population by Race

1.2.2 Demographic Information

Municipal Geographical Information

The jurisdiction of the Cederberg Municipality covers an area of 8 007 km², which constitutes 26% of the total area (31 119 km²) of the West Coast District municipality within which it lies. The Cederberg Municipality is in the northern segment of the district and wedged between the Matzikama municipality (to the north) and the Bergrivier Municipality (to the south). It is bordered to the east by the Hantam municipality in the Northern Cape province. Clanwilliam is the main town and is located more or less in the middle of the municipal area. The other settlements are Citrusdal, Graafwater, Leipoldtville, Wupperthal, Algeria, and the coastal towns of Elands Bay and Lamberts Bay.

The Cederberg municipal area is bisected by the N7 national road into a mountainous eastern part with the

land levelling out westwards towards the Atlantic Ocean as the western municipal boundary. Clanwilliam is situated about 230km north of Cape Town alongside the N7. This road has a north-south orientation and is the most prominent road link between towns (and rural areas) inside and outside the municipal area. Apart from the N7, the other prominent road is the R364. This road, with an east-west orientation, links Clanwilliam with Lamberts Bay past Graafwater to the west, and Calvinia in the Hantam municipal area to the east.

The table below lists some key points as summary of the geographic context within which integrated development planning for the municipality is performed:

Geographic summary			
Province name	Western Cape		
District name	West Coast		
Local municipal name	Cederberg Municipality		
Main town	Clanwilliam		
Location of main town	Central to the rest of the municipal area		
Population size of main town (as a % of total population; 2011)	Slightly more than 15%		
Major transport route	N7		
Extent of the municipal area (km²)	8 007 km²		
Nearest major city and distance between major town/city in the municipality	Cape Town (about 200 km)		
Closest harbour and main airport outside the municipal area	Saldanha; Cape Town		
Region specific agglomeration advantages	Agriculture; It is strategically located on the Cape-Namibia Corridor, and the N7 links the area with Cape Town (to the south) and the Northern Cape.		
Municipal boundary: Most northerly point:	31°50'37.82"S; 18°27'5.76"E		
Municipal boundary: Most easterly point:	32°29'9.13"S; 19°30'58.90"E		
Municipal boundary: Most southerly point:	32°52'40.60"S; 19° 7'14.37"E		
Municipal boundary: Most westerly point:	32°26'34.65"S; 18°20'4.21"E		

Table 2: Geographical Context

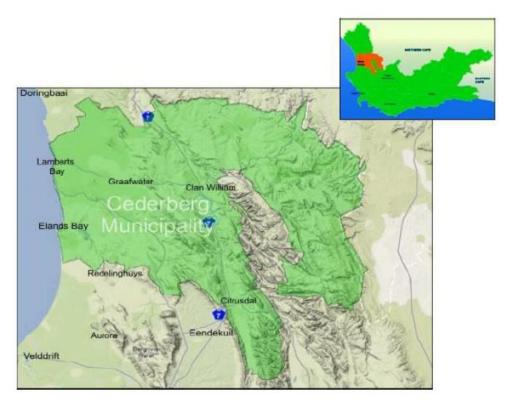


Figure 1: Cederberg Area Map

Wards

The Cederberg Municipality consists of 6 electoral wards, with wards 1, 4 and 6 being the largest in terms of size. In the table below, the 6 wards are listed with the approximate number of persons in each ward, size of the ward and population density.

Ward	Description	Population	Size	Population density
1	Citrusdal (rural area)	9 849	1 769.7 km²	5.6 people per km²
2	Citrusdal (town)	7 178	41.2 km²	174.1 people per km²
3	Clanwilliam	7 674	264.7 km²	29.0 people per km²
4	Graafwater	8 515	1 650.4 km²	5.2 people per km²
5	Elands Bay, Lamberts Bay and Leipoldtville	9 141	1 113.0 km²	8.2 people per km²
6	Wupperthal	7 411	3 169.8 km²	2.3 people per km²

Table 3: Municipal Wards

Towns Citrusdal



Citrusdal originated as a service centre for the agricultural sector in the Upper Oliphant's River Valley. The citrus industry is the main source of income in the town's hinterland. Because of the labour-intensive nature of the activity, the town experienced an influx of seasonal workers. Unemployment has increased along with a rise in population numbers. The local export economy is vulnerable to the fluctuating exchange rate of the Rand, and the concomitant decline in export value has negative implications for the economic base of the town. The nearby hot spring presents some tourism and recreation potential. However, only limited growth is expected here.

Clanwilliam



Originated as a "central place" town in an agriculturally orientated environment on fertile land and surrounded with abundant water resources. This town currently fulfills the function of main administrative town for the municipal district, as well as being a service and

commercial centre for the surrounding population. The environment presents a diversified resource potential, i.e. the natural beauty of the Cederberg Wilderness area, the Clanwilliam dam, wild flowers, the rock art at Boesmanskloof and various heritage resources (e.g. near Wupperthal). Although the economic base of the town is embedded in the agricultural sector, tourism also became a growing component. Other sectors of the economy include light industries, especially with respect to the town's two most important export products, namely shoe making and Rooibos tea cultivation. Clanwilliam has good accessibility on the N7 route between Cape Town, Northern Cape and Namibia.

Elands Bay



Elands Bay is to a certain extent an isolated settlement, which can partly be ascribed to the fact that the access routes to the town are mainly gravel roads. The town thus functions as a low order service center and holiday town that supplies mainly basic goods and services to its local inhabitants. The fishing industry forms the main economic base, but it is showing a declining trend as a consequence of the quota limitations on fishing for the local community. Agriculture, especially potato farming, makes a steady contribution to the economy. The town has also become known as one of the surfing venues in the world. In 2009, Baboon Point was declared a Provincial Heritage Site due to its unique value and significance as the history of the Khoisan. The

prominence of this point on the West Coast of South Africa, and the strong link to early evidence of Khoi and San interaction makes this area of national and international importance. To protect and use the site in a sustainable manner which can benefit Elands Bay and Cederberg community a conservation management plan is currently being developed. Heritage Western Cape, the provincial heritage resources authority and governing body responsible for the site is overseeing has appointed Eco Africa this process and Environmental Consultants.

Graafwater



Graafwater is located halfway between Clanwilliam and Lamberts Bay. The town originated as a railway station, but this function is no longer a driving force. Most of the people living here are seasonal workers on the surrounding farms as agriculture provides the economic base. This Sandveld town serves only as a service point for the most basic needs of the immediately surrounding farms. Rooibos tea and potatoes are the most important agricultural products.

Lamberts Bay

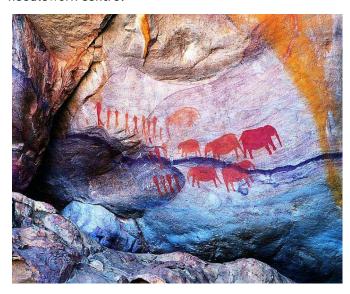
Lamberts Bay is a coastal town with its reason for existence linked to the fishing industry and the Harbour. The building of a processing factory for fishmeal, lobster packaging and potato chips led to sound growth that makes a substantial contribution to the town's economic base. The greatest asset of the



town is its impressive coastline and unique Bird Island, which is a favorite tourist destination.

Wupperthal

This picturesque place has been a Moravian mission station since 1865. The village today consists of an old thatched Church, a store, and terraces of neat thatched-roofed little cottages. Excellent velskoen (known throughout the country) are made and tobacco is dried and worked into rolls (roltabak). The other main products of the area are dried fruit, dried beans and rooibos tea. Since 1995 development aid to Wupperthal has come in the form of grants, interest free loans and donations from various sources. Among projects that benefited from these was a 4X4 route around the district, a caravan park, two guesthouses, the revamping of a tea production facility and a needlework centre.



Key Economic Activities

The Municipality is dependent on the following economic activities:

Key Economic Activities	Description
Agriculture and fishing	The biggest sector in the Cederberg Municipality is the agricultural and fishing sectors. It is well known that both these sectors are in decline due to fish stocks and the agricultural sector employing less people on a permanent basis and more people on a seasonal basis. The economy in Cederberg is highly seasonal with a huge influx of seasonal workers to harvest the citrus and grapes from January to July
Institutional, community, social and personal services	The second biggest employer in the Municipality is the institutional, community, social and personal services sectors with just over 20% of people employed
Tourism and agri- processing	The tourism (4%) and agricultural processing sectors are possibly the two sectors with the greatest chance to create sustainable jobs

Table 4: Key Economic Activities

1.3 SERVICE DELIVERY OVERVIEW

1.3.1 Basic Service Delivery Highlights

The table below specifies the basic service delivery highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Underground water exploration for Algeria	Equiping of borehole and pipeline for additional water provision for the Algeria community
Underground water exploration for Wuppertal	Equiping of borehole and pipeline for additional water provision for the Wuppertal community
Upgrade of the Lamberts Bay Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW)	The upgrade of the Lamberts Bay WWTW to a conventional sludge activation facility were completed
Good progress with the Citrusdal WWTW re-allocation and upgrade	The upgrade and re-allocation of Citrusdal WWTW is 90% complete
Lamberts Bay housing project	Electrification of 134 informal houses in Lamberts Bay
Lamberts Bay switch station	Completion of the 11kV switching station in Lamberts Bay
High mast lights	Installation of 8 high mast lights at informal houses in Clanwilliam
Auditing of Waste Disposal Facilities (WDF)	A service provider was appointed to conduct an external audit of Clanwilliam, Citrusdal, Lamberts Bay and Elands Bay WDFs
Increase in the number of households serviced	New housing projects contributed to the increase in the number of households that received refuse removal services

Table 5: Basic Services Delivery Highlights

1.3.2 Basic Services Delivery Challenges

The table below specifies the basic service delivery challenges for the year:

Challenges	Actions to address
Water quality deterioration for bulk water supply systems without a conventional purification facility - Clanwilliam, Leipoldtville and Wuppertal escalated to poor performance on the Department of Water Services (DWS) Iris/Blue Drop System	Conduct feasibility studies and source funding to address infrastructural shortcomings
Scarcity of ground water in the Cederberg area	Draft a service level agreement with private land owners where ground water is present
Elands Bay oxidation ponds could not be upgraded as a result of funding restriction	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding
Graafwater oxidation ponds require upgrade with improved sludge digestion processes	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding
Clanwilliam WWTW requires upgrade to accommodate future development	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding
Funding required for the upgrade of the maximum demand of Clanwilliam	Budgetary provision must be made and funding applications submitted to source the necessary funding
Electrification of low-cost houses in Clanwilliam	A contractor must be appointed to conduct the electrification of houses
Budgetary constraints to maintain infrastructure	Budgetary provision must be made and funding applications submitted to source the necessary funding
Limited landfill space	Request the development of a regional WDF

Table 6: Basic Services Delivery Challenges

1.3.3 Proportion of Households with Access to Basic Services

The table below indicates the proportion of households with access to basic services:

KPI	Municipal Achievement		
RPI	2016/17	2017/18	
Number of formal residential properties that receive piped water (credit and prepaid water) that is connected to the municipal water infrastructure network and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	4 973	5 712	
Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excluding Eskom areas) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	7 515	7 551	
Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewerage network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of water closets (toilets) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	4 408	4 667	
Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	5 023	5 537	

Table 7: Households with Minimum Level of Basic Services

1.4 FINANCIAL HEALTH OVERVIEW

1.4.1 Financial Viability Highlights

The table below specifies the financial viability highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Clean audit achieved in 2016/17	The Municipality achieved a clean audit and is still progressing to maintain this status
Long-term Financial Strategy	Due to the growing poverty and people whom are jobless, all avenues to enhance the Municipality's revenue base has been investigated. A long-term financial strategy was compiled and adopted by Council
Replacement project for faulty water meters	Funding was received and faulty water meters were replaced in Clanwilliam and Citrusdal

Table 8: Financial Viability Highlights

1.4.2 Financial Viability Challenges

The table below specifies the financial viability challenges for the year:

Challenges	Action to address
Growing indigent base and influx in informal settlements	Strict verification process to register on Indigent Register and working closely with other Provincial and National Departments to address the growing indigent base
Struggling economy and growth	A long-term financial strategy was compiled and adopted by Council which include measures to address the issue
Implementing Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA)	Several challenges for the Municipality and service providers to integrate programmes and work streams. An action and project plan were compiled and closely adhered to

Table 9: Financial Viability Challenges

1.4.3 National Key Performance Indicators - Municipal Financial Viability and Management (Ratios)

The following table indicates the Municipality's performance in terms of the National Key Performance Indicators required in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and the Performance Management Regulations of 2001 and Section 43 of the MSA. These key performance indicators are linked to the National Key Performance Area namely Municipal Financial Viability and Management.

KPA & Indicator	2016/17	2017/18
Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet it's service debt obligations as at 30 June 2018 ((Total operating revenue-operating grants received)/debt service payments due within the year))	9.52%	9.41%
Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet it's service debt obligations as at 30 June 2018 ((Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant)	20.92%	25.22%
Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure as at 30 June 2018 ((Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortisation, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets))	0.6	0

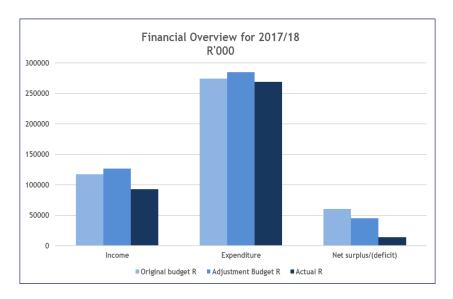
Table 10: National KPI's for Financial Viability and Management

1.4.4 Financial Overview

The table below indicates the financial overview for the year:

Dataila	Original budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual
Details	R'000		
Income			
Grants	117 550	126 648	92 708
Taxes, Levies and tariffs	166 703	166 703	161 714
Other	50 191	36 991	28 822
Sub Total	334 444	330 343	283 244
Less Expenditure	274 267	284 884	269 324
Net surplus/(deficit)	60 177	45 458	13 920

Table 11: Financial Overview



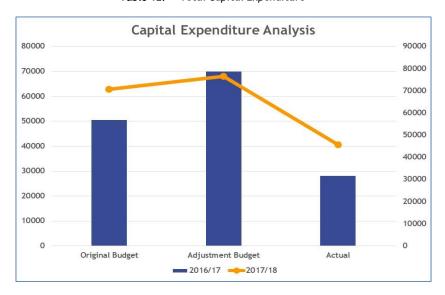
Graph 2: Financial Overview

1.4.5 Total Capital Expenditure

The table below indicates the total capital expenditure for the year:

Datail	2016/17	2017/18
Detail	R'000	
Original Budget	50 560	70 635
Adjustment Budget	70 034	76 517
Actual	28 253	45 684
% Spent	40%	60%

Table 12: Total Capital Expenditure



Graph 3: Capital Expenditure Analysis

1.5 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORT

1.5.1 Audited Outcomes

The Auditor-General of South Africa has a constitutional mandate and, as the Supreme Audit Institution (SAI) of South Africa, exists to strengthen our country's democracy by enabling oversight, accountability and governance in the public sector through auditing, thereby building public confidence. In short, the auditor-general checks the spending of public money by looking at whether it has been used ideally and for the purposes intended. This is done by annually checking all government spending. In turn, this can be described as an audit.

The Auditor-General's annual audit examines 3 areas:

- Fair presentation and absence of significant misstatements in financial statements
- Reliable and credible performance information for predetermined objectives
- · Compliance with all laws and regulations governing financial matters

There can be 5 different outcomes to an audit, once the Municipality has submitted their financial statements to the Auditor-General, which can be simply defined as follow:

- A clean audit: The financial statements are free from material misstatements and there are no material findings on reporting on predetermined objectives or non-compliance with legislation.
- Unqualified audit with findings: The financial statements contain material misstatements. Unless we express a
 clean audit come, findings have been raised on either reporting on predetermined objectives or non-compliance
 with legislation, or both these aspects.
- Qualified audit opinion: The financial statements contain material misstatements in specific amounts, or these
 insufficient evidences for us to conclude that specific amounts included in the financial statements are not
 materially misstated.
- Adverse Audit Opinion: The financial statements contain material misstatements that are not confined to specific amounts, or the misstatements represent a substantial portion of the financial statements
- **Disclaimer of Audit opinion**: The auditee provided insufficient evidence in the form of documentation on which to base an audit opinion. The lack of sufficient evidence is not confined to specific amounts, or represents a substantial portion of the information contained in the financial statements

The table below indicates the audit opinion received in 2016/17 and 2017/18 financial years:

Year	2016/17	2017/18
Opinion received	Unqualified with no findings/ Clean Audit	Unqualified with no findings/ Clean Audit

Table 13: Opinion Received

1.6 2017/18 IDP/BUDGET PROCESS

The table below provides details of the 2017/18 IDP/Budget process:

No	Activity	Responsible person	Date			
	Pre-Budgeting Processes/Tasks					
1	Submit the Draft IDP/PMS/Budget Process Plan to Council	IDP/PMS	28 June 2016			
2	Advertise Draft IDP/PMS/Budget Process Plan for public comments	IDP/PMS	5 July 2016			
3	Make public the targets and indicators as set out in the SDBIP (no later than 14 days after the approval of the SDBIP) and submit to National & Provincial Treasury (no later than 10 days after the approval of the SDBIP)	IDP/PMS	6 July 2016			
4	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 30 June 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 July 2016			
5	Senior Management to discuss the Draft/IDP/ PMS/Budget Process Plan	IDP/PMS	29 July 2016			
6	IDP Task Team Meeting (Internal)	IDP/PMS	29 July 2016			
7	Submit IDP/PMS/Budget Process Plan to Council for adoption	IDP/PMS	12 August 2016			
8	Submission to Council re-establishment of Ward Committees	Public Participation	12 August 2016			
9	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 July 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager Budget	15 August 2016			
10	Council Induction Training	Municipal Manager	18 August 2016			
11	Mayoral Legotla	Municipal Manager	29-30 August 2016			
12	Table Annual Performance Report and Annual Financial Statements to Council Municipal Manager		31 August 2016			
13	Submit the Annual Performance Report and Annual Financial Statements to the Auditor-General	IDP/PMS CFO	31 August 2016			
14	2015/2016 4 th Quarter Performance Report tabled to Council	IDP/PMS	31 August 2016			
15	Signing of new Performance Agreements of Section 57 Managers	IDP/PMS	31 August 2016			
16	IDP Task Team (Internal)	IDP/PMS	31 August 2016			
17	Provincial IDP Managers Forum	IDP/PMS	1-2 September 2016			
18	Advertisement of IDP/PMS/Budget Process Plan on website/local newspaper/notice boards	IDP/PMS	6 September 2016			
19	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 August 2016 within 10 working days to Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 September 2016			
20	Advertise Dates of ward committee elections for geographical representatives	Public Participation	16 September 2016			
21	Elections of Geographical Representatives	Public Participation				
22	IDP Task Team Meeting (Internal)		30 September 2016			
23	IDP Public Meetings/Door to Door Campaigns to discuss the needs of the Communities	IDP/PMS &Public Participation	1-31 October 2016			
24	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 30 September 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 October 2016			
25	IDP Representative Forum	IDP/PMS	20 October 2016			
26	Submit 1 st Quarter Performance Report to Mayco	IDP/PMS	31 October 2016			

No	Activity	Responsible person	Date
27	Submit to Council the list of ward committee members elected	Public Participation	31 October 2016
28	Meeting with ward committees to discuss the needs of the communities Public Participation		31 October 2016
29	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 October 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 November 2016
30	Workshop with Council to review the vision, mission and strategic objectives	Municipal Manager	14 November 2016
31	IDP Task Team Meeting (Internal)	IDP/PMS	29 November 2016
32	Provincial IDP Managers Forum	IDP/PMS	1-2 December 2016
33	IDP Representative Forum	IDP/PMS	08 December 2016
34	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 30 November 2016 within 10 working days to Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 December 2016
35	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 December 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	16 January 2017
36	Submit Mid-Year Budget & Performance Assessment Report to Executive Mayor (Section 72)	IDP/PMS & CFO	25 January 2017
37	Submit 2 nd Quarter Performance Report to Council	IDP/PMS	26 January 2017
38	Table Draft Annual Report 2015/2016 to Council	Municipal Manager	26 January 2017
39	Submit Mid-Year Budget & Performance Assessment to Council	IDP/PMS & CFO	26 January 2017
40	Submit Mid-Year Budget and Performance Report to Provincial Treasury, National Treasury and Department of Local Government		31 January 2017
41	Make Public the Mid-Year Budget and Performance Report	Municipal Manager	31 January 2017
42	Advertise the Draft Annual Report for public comments	IDP/PMS	31 January 2017
43	IDP Task Team Meeting (Internal)	IDP/PMS	31 January 2017
44	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 January 2017 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 February 2017
45	IDP Indaba 2	Municipal Manager	28 February 2017
46	Council considers and adopts 2016/2017 Adjustment Budget and potential revised 2016/17 SDBIP	Municipal Manager	28 February 2017
47	IDP Task Team Meeting (Internal)	IDP/PMS	31 January 2017
48	Provincial IDP Managers Forum	IDP/PMS	2-3 March 2017
49	Advertise the approved 2016/2017 Adjustment Budget and submit budget and B Schedule to National Treasury as required per legislation (within10 working days)	Manager: Budget	14 March 2017
50	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 29 February 2017 within 10 working days to Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 March 2017
51	Budget Steering Committee Meeting	CFO	16 March 2017
52	IDP Representative Forum Meeting	IDP/PMS	16 March 2017
53	Table Draft IDP/Budget/SDBIP to Council	Municipal Manager	28 March 2017
54	Table Oversight Report to Council	Municipal Manager	28 March 2017
55	Submit the draft IDP/SDBIP and budget to Department of Local Government, National and Provincial Treasury	IDP/PMS CFO	5 April 2017
56	Advertise the Draft IDP/SDBIP/Budget and other required documents and provide at least 21 days for public comments and submissions	IDP/PMS CFO	5 April 2017

No	Activity	Responsible person	Date
57	Make public the Oversight Report within 7 days of adoption (MFMA Sec 129)	IDP/PMS	8 April 2017
58	Submit the Annual Report and Oversight Report to the Provincial Legislature as per circular	IDP/PMS	5 April 2017
59	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 March 2017 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	14 April 2017
60	IDP/Budget Community Roadshow to consult the Draft IDP, SDBIP and Budget	IDP/PMS	10-28 April 2017
61	Submit 3 rd Quarter Performance Report to Treasury	IDP/PMS	28 April 2017
62	LG MTEC 3 IDP and Budget Assessments by Provincial Treasury Department of LC	Municipal Manager	29 April 2017
63	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 30 April 2017 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	12 May 2017
64	Budget Steering Committee Meeting	CFO	17 May 2017
65	IDP Representative Forum	IDP/PMS	17 May 2017
66	Submit 3 rd Quarter Performance Report to Council	IDP/PMS	25 May 2017
67	Council to adopt revised IDP and the budget (at least 30 days before the start of the budget year)	Municipal Manager	25 May 2017
68	Place the IDP, multi-year budget, all budget-related documents and all budget-related policies on the website	IDP/PMS CFO	1 June 2017
69	Submit a copy of the revised IDP to MEC for LG (within 10 days of the adoption of the plan)	IDP/PMS	1 June 2017
70	Submit approved budget to National and Provincial Treasuries (both printed and electronic formats)	CFO	1 June 2017
71	Give notice to the public of the adoption of the IDP (within 14 days of the adoption of the plan) and budget (within 10 working days)	IDP/PMS CFO	3 June 2017
72	Submit to the Executive Mayor the SDBIP for the budget year (no later than 14 days after the approval of the annual budget)	Municipal Manager	8 June 2017
73	Submit monthly report on the budget for period ending 31 May 2016 within 10 working days to the Executive Mayor	Manager: Budget	7 June 2017
74	Executive Mayor takes all reasonable steps to ensure that SDBIP is approved (within 28 days after approval of budget)	Municipal Manager	22 June 2017
	Community Participation Process		
75	Ward 1 - Citrusdal farms public meeting		24 April 2017
76	Ward 2 - Citrusdal Town		24 April 2017
77	Ward 3 - Clanwilliam		2 May 2017
78	Ward 4 - Graafwater		21 April 2017
79	Ward 4 - Paleisheuwel		3 May 2017
80	Ward 5 - Elands Bay	Ward Councillor	8 May 2017
81	Ward 5 - Lamberts Bay		9 May 2017
82	Ward 5- Leipoldtville		4 May 2017
83	Ward 6 - Algeria		25 April 2017
84	Ward 6 - Wupperthal		25 April 2017
	Budget Preparatory Process		

No	Activity	Responsible person	Date			
85	Budget process plan approved by Council 2017/18	Executive Mayor	31 August 2016			
86	Budget steering committee meeting took place	Executive Mayor	16 March 2017			
	Budgetary Policies					
87	Customer Care Improvement Policy EPWP Policy Funding and Reserves Policy Grants-In-Aid-Policy Indigent Support Policy Infrastructure Investment and Capital Policy Infrastructure Investment and Capital Policy Investment Policy Long-Term Financial Plan Policy Performance Management Framework Policy Petty Cash Policy Property Rates Policy Relocation Policy Supply Chain Management Policy Special Rating Arrears Policy Study Aid Policy Study Bursary Policy Tariff Rules Building Development Management Tariff Structure 2015/16 Tariff Rules Town Planning Tariff Structure for 2015/16 Tariff Structure Policy Travel and Subsistence Allowances Policy Virement Policy Accounting Policy to AFS Asset Management Policy Borrowing Policy Budget Policy Capital Contribution for Bulk Services Policy Creditors- Councillors and Staff Payment Policy Customer Care Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy Revenue Enhancement Policy Policy on the Writing-off of Irrecoverable Debt Property Rates By-law 2015 (To give effect to Property Rates Policy) Cash Management and Investment Policy The Municipal Finance Management Internship Policy Insurance Management Policy	Executive Mayor	31 March 2017			
88	Draft Annual Report 2016/17 approved	Executive Mayor	12 December 2017			
89	Draft budget approved by Council & Draft IDP 17/18 approved	Executive Mayor	29 March 2017			
90	Final Budget approved by Council	Executive Mayor	25 May 2017			
	Finalising					
91	Final Annual report 2016/17 approved by Council	Executive Mayor	31 January 2018			

Table 14: 2017/18 IDP/Budget Process

CHAPTER 2

COMPONENT A: POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE

Good governance has 8 major characteristics. It is participatory, consensus oriented, accountable, transparent, responsive, effective and efficient, equitable and inclusive and follows the rule of law. It assures that corruption is minimized, the views of minorities are taken into account and that the voices of the most vulnerable in society are heard in decision-making. It is also responsive to the present and future needs of society.

2.1 NATIONAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS - GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The following table indicates the municipality's performance in terms of the National Key Performance Indicator required in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and the Performance Management Regulations 796 of 2001 and Section 43 of the MSA. This key performance indicator is linked to the National Key Performance Area - Good Governance and Public Participation.

Indicator	Unit of measurement	Municipal Achievement
		2017/18
The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June 2018 [(Amount actually spent on capital projects/ Amount budgeted for capital projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent on capital projects by 30 June 2018	59.98%

Table 15: National KPIs - Good Governance and Public Participation Performance

2.2 Performance Highlights - Good Governance and Public Participation

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Obtain 100% funding for the completion and construction of the desalination plant in Lamberts Bay	An amount of R22 million and R6 million respectively have been secured from DWS and the Department of Local Government to complete the desalination plant. Date of completion is March 2019
Provision of housing	Infrastructure development and housing projects in Riverview (162 IRDP sites) and Lamberts Bay (492 IRDP sites) have started
Review and down-scaling of macro organogram	The macro structure has been down scaled from 4 directorates to 2 directorates with a cost saving of R2 million per annum
Strengthening of Council's finances by alienation of commonage land in Lamberts Bay	Economic development has been stimulated with the opening of the Ceder Mill Mall in Clanwilliam and identification of immovable assets and approval of the alienation thereof for industrial and residential development

Table 16: Good Governance and Public Participation Performance Highlights

2.3 CHALLENGES - GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Challenges	Actions to address
Financial sustainability	The review of immovable assets and alienation thereof, as well as the implementation of credit control measures and the development of a long-term Financial Plan
Obtain funding to secure much needed bulk electrification upgrade in Clanwilliam to stimulate further development	Formal applications have been submitted to relevant government institutions to secure funding parallel to the raising of the Clanwilliam Dam
Aged bulk infrastructure	Applications have been submitted to the relevant government institutions to secure funding
Control of the influx of illegal persons and improvement of informal settlement Khayelitsha Clanwilliam	Application for the funding to ensure monitoring and restructuring of the informal settlement and securing of basic services has been submitted to the Department of Human Settlements

Table 17: Good Governance and Public Participation Challenges

2.4 GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

2.4.1 Political Governance Structure

The Council performs both legislative and executive functions. They focus on legislative, oversight and participatory roles, and have delegated its executive function to the Mayor and the Executive Committee. Their primary role is to debate issues publicly and to facilitate political debate and discussion. Apart from their functions as decision makers, councillors are also actively involved in community work and the various social programmes in the municipal area.

a) Council

The Municipal Council comprises of 11 elected councillors, made up from 6 ward councillors and 5 proportional representation councillors. The portfolio committees are made up of councillors drawn from all political parties. Below is a table that categorised the councillors within their specific political parties and wards for the 2017/18 financial year:

Name of Councillor	Capacity	Political Party	Ward representing or proportional
William Farmer	Speaker	DA	Ward 5
Jimmy Barnard	Executive Mayor	DA	Ward 4
Benjamin Zass	Deputy Executive Mayor	DA	Ward 3
Raymond Pretorius	Member: Mayoral Committee	DA	Ward 2
Rhoda Witbooi	Member: Mayoral Committee	DA	Ward 6
Jan Meyer	Chairperson of Municipal Public Accounts Committee	DA	Ward 1
Marianne Nel	Councillor	ANC	PR
Lorna Scheepers	Councillor	ANC	PR

Name of Councillor	Capacity	Political Party	Ward representing or proportional
Evelyn Majikejela	Councillor	ANC	PR
Nosiphiwo Qunta	Councillor	ANC	PR
Jonas White*	Councillor	ADC	PR
Francina Sokuyeka	Councillor	ADC	PR
*Jonas White was replaced by Francina Sokuyeka in February 2018			

Table 18: Council 2017/18

b) Executive Committee

The Executive Mayor of the Municipality, Jimmy Barnard, assisted by the Executive Committee, heads the executive arm of the Municipality. The Mayor is at the centre of the system of governance, since executive powers are vested in him to manage the day-to-day affairs. This means that he has an overarching strategic and political responsibility. The key element of the executive model is that executive power is vested in the Mayor, delegated by the Council, and as well as the powers assigned by legislation. Although accountable for the strategic direction and performance of the Municipality, the Mayor operates in concert with the Executive Committee.

The name and portfolio of each Member of the Executive Committee is listed in the table below at 30 June 2018:

Name of member	Capacity
Jimmy Barnard	Executive Mayor
Benjamin Zass	Deputy Executive Mayor
Raymond Pretorius	Member of Mayoral Committee
Rhoda Witbooi	Member of Mayoral Committee

Table 19: Executive Committee 2017/18

c) Portfolio Committees

Section 80 committees are permanent committees that specialise in a specific functional area of the municipality and may in some instances make decisions on specific functional issues. They advise the executive committee on policy matters and make recommendations to Council. Section 79 committees are temporary and appointed by the executive committee as needed. They are usually set up to investigate a particular issue and do not have any decision-making powers. Just like Section 80 committees they can also make recommendations to Council. Once their *ad hoc* task had been completed, Section 79 committees are usually disbanded. External experts, as well as Councillors can be included on Section 79 committees.

The portfolio committees for the 2017/18 mayoral term and their Chairpersons are as follow:

Corporate & HR Services Committee		
Chairperson	Other members	
	Rhoda Witbooi	
Jan Meyer	Evelyn Majikejela	
	Francina Sokuyeka	
Infrastructure Services Committee		
Chairperson	Other members	
Raymond Pretorius	Benjamin Zass	
	Lorna Scheepers	
Municipal Public Accounts Committee		
Chairperson	Other members	
	Francina Sokuyeka	
Jan Meyer	Nosiphiwo Qunta	

Table 20: Portfolio Committees

d) Political decision-taking

Section 53 of the MSA stipulates inter alia that the respective roles and areas of responsibility of each political structure and political office bearer of the Municipality and of the Municipal Manager must be defined. The section below is based on the Section 53 role clarification.

Municipal Council

- governs by making and administrating laws, raising taxes and taking decisions that affect people's rights
- is a tax authority that may raise property taxes and service levies
- is the primary decision maker and takes all the decisions of the Municipality except those that are delegated to political structures, political once bearers, individual Councillors or officials
- can delegate responsibilities and duties for the purposes of fast and effective decision making
- must strive towards the constitutional objects of local government
- must consult the community with respect to local government matters
- is the only decision maker on non-delegated matters such as the approval of the IDP and budget

Executive Mayor

- is the executive and political leader of the Municipality and is in this capacity supported by the Executive Committee
- is the social and ceremonial head of the Municipality
- must identify the needs of the Municipality and must evaluate progress against key performance indicators
- is the defender of the public's right to be heard

- has many responsibilities with respect to the annual budget, the budget process, budget control and various other financial matters
- performs the duties and exercise the responsibilities that were delegated to him by the Council

Executive Committee

- its members are elected by the Mayor from the ranks of Councilors
- its functional responsibility area is linked to that of the Mayor to the extent that he must operate together with the members of the Executive Committee
- its primary task is to assist the Mayor in the execution of his powers it is in fact an "extension of the once of Mayor"
- the committee has no powers of its own decision making remains that of the Mayor

2.4.2 Administrative Governance Structure

The Municipal Manager is the Chief Accounting Officer of the Municipality. He is the head of the administration, and primarily has to serve as chief custodian of service delivery and implementation of political priorities. He is assisted by his direct reports, which constitutes the Management Team, whose structure is outlined in the table below:

Name of Official	Position
Gerrit Matthyse	Municipal Manager (until 4 July 2017)
Louis Volschenk	Municipal Manager
Elrico Alfred	Director: Financial Services
Annalie McCallum (Contract terminated in April 2018)	Director: Corporate Services
Reginald Bent	Director: Community Services
Phemelo Majnei (Deployed to Area Manager in May 2018)	Director: Technical Services

Table 21: Administrative Governance Structure

COMPONENT B: INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

In terms of the Constitution of South Africa, all spheres of government and all organs of state within each sphere must co-operate with one another in mutual trust and good faith fostering friendly relations. They must assist and support one another; inform and consult one another on matters of common interest; coordinate their actions, adhering to agreed procedures and avoid legal proceedings against one another.

2.5 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

2.5.1 Intergovernmental Structures

To adhere to the principles of the Constitution as mentioned above the Municipality participates in the following intergovernmental structures:

Name of Structure	Members	Outcomes of Engagements/Topics Discussed
Cederberg Local Drug Action Committee (LDAC)	Cederberg Municipality, Department of Health, Department of Social Development (DSD), Cederberg NGO`s, West Coast District Municipality, Police	Collective effort to address substance abuse in Cederberg. Quarterly meetings to report on programs and projects
Cederberg Early Childhood Development (ECD) Forum launch	Cederberg Municipality; DSD; Grassroots; WCDM; ECD centres across Cederberg	Monitoring and evaluation of ECD activities. Partnership with Grassroots and DSD to ensure optimum involvement and assistance to Cederberg ECD centres

Table 22: Intergovernmental Structures

2.5.2 Joint projects and functions with Sector Departments

All the functions of government are divided between the different spheres namely National, Provincial and Local. The Municipality therefore share their area and community with other spheres of government and their various sector departments and has to work closely with national and provincial departments to ensure the effective implementation of various projects and functions. The table below provides detail of such projects and functions:

Name of Project/ Function	Expected Outcome/s of the Project	Sector Department/s involved
World Aids Day Launch of Cederberg External response policy with regard to HIV/AIDS	Draft document introduced to outline our responsibility as a partner to the HIV/AIDS pandemic	Cederberg Municipality; SALGA, Department of Health (DoH), CMAN (Cederberg Matzikama Aids Network), Police and Clanwilliam Library
Thusong outreaches in Graafwater February 2018 and Wupperthal June 2018	Create a one stop service point for the day. Different Government Departments under one roof	Cederberg Municipality, Department of Local Government, SASSA, DSD, DRDLR, IEC, DoH, DoA

Table 23: Joint Projects and Functions with Sector Departments

COMPONENT C: PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY AND PARTICIPATION

Section 16 of the MSA refers specifically to the development of a culture of community participation within municipalities. It states that a municipality must develop a culture of municipal governance that complements formal representative government with a system of participatory governance. For this purpose, it must encourage and create conditions for the local community to participate in the affairs of the community. Such participation is required in terms of:

- the preparation, implementation and review of the IDP
- establishment, implementation and review of the performance management system
- monitoring and review of the performance, including the outcomes and impact of such performance

preparation of the municipal budget

2.6 PUBLIC MEETINGS

2.6.1 Ward Committees

The ward committees support the ward councillor who receives reports on development, participate in development planning processes, and facilitate wider community participation. To this end, the Municipality constantly strives to ensure that all ward committees' function optimally with community information provision; convening of meetings; ward planning; service delivery; IDP formulation and performance feedback to communities.

a) Ward 1: Citrusdal (Farms)

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Louween Bok	ALG
Susanna Douries	Health and Welfare
Karools Farao	Churches
Kido Owies	Crime
Jeanetta Titus	Women, Elderly and Disabled
Royleen Frans	Farm Workers
Gertro Douries	Sport and Culture
Frederik Lenee	Geographic and Housing
Malie Titus	Rural Development

Table 24: Ward 1 Committee Members

b) Ward 2 Citrusdal (Town Area)

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Abraham Lategan	Geographic
Willem Andrew	Crime
Petrus Smith	Education and Youth
Jolanda Basson	Tourism
Anitha Kotze	Women, Elderly and Disabled
Charles Ningi	Geographic
Roelf Hugo	Chamber of Commerce
Nicolaas Waterboer	Churches
Jawano Zimri	Sport and Culture
Shireez Hector	Health

Table 25: Ward 2 Committee Members

c) Ward 3 Clanwilliam

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Shaun Conradie	Education and Youth
Wellington Nkebetwane	Community - Khayelitsa
Elizabeth Witbooi	Women, Elderly and Disabled
Riaan van Zyl	Economic Development and Tourism
Daniel Ludick	Crime
Peet Viljoen	Community - Clanwilliam
Nickey Crosney	Sport
Ilse Lochner	Chamber of Commerce
Johannes Beukes	Health
Louisa Swartz	Churches

Table 26: Ward 3 Committee Members

d) Ward 4 Graafwater

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Will Mouton	Geographic - Graafwater North
Maria Strauss	Geographic - Graafwater South
Ilze Phipson	Hwalth and Welfare
Maria Zass	Small Farmers
Margaritha Strauss	Churches
Christo Hammers	Sport
Andre Coetzee	Chamber of Commerce
BJ Burger	Crime
Jonathan van der Westerhuizen	Rural and Economic
Elvino Sass	Education and Youth

Table 27: Ward 4 Committee Members

e) Ward 5 Lamberts Bay, Elands Bay and Leipoldtville

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Sarah Foentjies	Education
Annalize Friesley	Youth
Arend de Waal	Chamber of Commerce
Neels Mostert	Geographic
Willem Auret	Health
Jeff Schalk	Geographic
Winston Abrahams	Sport
Gerrit Alfred	Geographic
Henry Arangie	Crime
Getrude Angle	Geographic

Table 28: Ward 5 Committee Members

f) Ward 6 Wupperthaland Algeria

Name of representative	Capacity representing
Ricardo Hoorn	Geographic
Brenda Farmer	Geographic
Magrieta Afrika	Geographic
Amelia Koopman	Geographic
Malvern Fabrik	Geographic
Megan Salomo	Geographic
Renee Veloen	Geographic
Gregory Koopman	Geographic
Richolene Coetzee	Geographic
Barnett Cornellison	Geographic

Table 29: Ward 6 Committee Members

2.6.2 Representative Forums

a) Labour Forum

The table below specifies the members of the Labour Forum for the 2017/18 financial year:

Name of representative	Capacity
Councillor Raymond Preotius	Chairperson
Councillor Rhoda Witbooi	Member
Louis Voslchenk	Municipal Manager
Elrico Alfred	Chief Financial Officer
Reginald Bent	Director: Community Services
Annalie McCallum (Contract terminated April 2018)	Director: Corporate Services
Bino Farmer	SAMWU Shopsteward
Dinah Saiet	SAMWU Shopsteward
Mlungiseleli Bele	SAMWU Shopsteward
Kallie Watt	IMATU Shopsteward
Shirley-Ann Mouton	IMATU Shopsteward
Michael Swarts	IMATU Shopsteward
Hilda Klaassen	IMATU Shopsteward
Henry Witbooi	Manager: Human Resources
Enrico Sampson	HR Practitioner: Labour Relations
Jessica Cloete	Committee Services Officer

Table 30: Labour Forum

COMPONENT D: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is the set of processes, practices, policies, laws and stakeholders affecting the way an institution is directed, administered or controlled. Corporate governance also includes the relationships among the many stakeholders involved and the goals for which the institution is governed.

2.7 RISK MANAGEMENT

In terms of Section 62 of the MFMA (1)(c)(i) "the accounting officer of a municipality is responsible for managing the financial administration of the municipality, and must for this purpose take all reasonable steps to ensure- that the municipality has and maintains effective, efficient and transparent systems - of financial and risk management and internal control;"...

The management of risk is the process by which the Accounting Officer, the CFO and the other senior management of a Municipality will pro-actively, purposefully and regularly, but at least annually, identify and define current as well as emerging business, financial and operational risks and identify appropriate, business and cost effective methods of managing these risks within the Municipality, as well as the risk to the stakeholders.

Purpose and Scope

This policy addresses key elements of the risk management framework to be implemented and maintained by the Municipality, which will allow for the management of risks within defined risk/return parameters, risk appetite and tolerances as well as risk management standards. As such, it provides a framework for the effective identification, evaluation, management measurement and reporting of the Municipality's risks.

Objectives

The objective of the risk policy is to ensure that a strategic plan is developed that should address the following:

- an effective risk management architecture
- a reporting system to facilitate risk reporting
- an effective culture of risk assessment

The role of the service departments is to identify, review and manage their risks on an ongoing basis, making risk management an integral or natural part of the organisational processes and procedures. Risk management should be embedded in the organisation, it becomes an intrinsic part of business planning and decision making - there is no direction taken without looking at potential risks.

The table below include the top risks of the Municipality:

Risk	Current Controls	Residual Risk Exposure	Risk Owner
Lack of financial viability and economic sustainability	3-year strategic plan	Within risk appetite	All Directorates - All Directors
Inability to provide timely and effective services to the community	Masterplans and asset register	Within risk appetite	Technical Service Manager PMU

Risk	Current Controls	Residual Risk Exposure	Risk Owner
Poor retention of staff to deliver effective services	Skills Development Policy implementedAdvertise of positions	Within risk appetite	Financial & Administrative Service
Inability to deliver projects due to lack of financial resources and current government funding model	Received MIG funds to implement the water and stormwater pipes	Within risk appetite	Technical Service Manager PMU
Uncontrolled growth of informal settlements	 Relocation of informal settlements Funds received from Department of Human Settlements 	Below risk appetite	Integrated Development Service
Loss of income and/or legal fines for the non- compliance of landfill sites in the region	 Establish Intern Municipal Cooperation Forum Memorandum of Agreement between municipalities and the district 	Below risk appetite	Technical Service Manager PMU
Increase in poverty, unemployment, inequality and crime	Intergovernmental interventionsEPWP/CWP/ Cooperatives	Within risk appetite	All departments
Cost of compliance, under-funded mandates and insufficient equitable share	Legal instruments as MOA, MOU etc.	Within risk appetite	Office of the Municipal Manager
Outstanding implementation of task evaluation as per new organisational structure	New organisational and outcome of TASK evaluation	Within risk appetite	Financial & Administrative Service
Inability to provide the community with water services	Water and electricity meters- audit conducted	Exceeds risk tolerance	Technical Service Manager PMU
Risk of power failures and possible safety concerns due to overloading of network	Audit conducted on the electricity supply	Exceeds risk tolerance level	Technical Service Manager PMU

Table 31: Top Risks

The role of the Risk Committee is to provide timely and useful enterprise risk management report to the Audit Committee of the Municipality. The report contains the current top risks of the Municipality, which includes:

- the key strategic and financial risks facing the Municipality (all extreme and high-risk exposures
- the key operational risks per strategic goal (top 5 risks per objective as per risk exposure from high to low)

Further detail of the roles of the Risk Committee is included in the approved Risk Committee Charter.

Name of Committee Member	Capacity
Louis Volschenk	Municipal Manager
Craig Sheldon	Risk/Legal/Compliance Section Head
Joylyon Goeieman	Internal Auditor
Clarissa Somers	Technical Services Manager PMU
Elrico Alfred	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
Annalie McCallum (Contract terminated April 2018)	Director Corporate Services

Table 32: Risk Committee

2.8 ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-FRAUD

Section 83(c) of the MSA refers to the implementation of effective bidding structures to minimize the possibility of fraud and corruption and the MFMA, Section 112(1)(m)(i) identify supply chain measures to be enforced to combat fraud and corruption, favoritism and unfair and irregular practices. Section 115(1) of the MFMA states that the accounting officer must take steps to ensure mechanisms and separation of duties in a supply chain management system to minimize the likelihood of corruption and fraud.

a) Developed Strategies

Name of strategy	Developed (Yes/No)	Date adopted
Fraud and Corruption Prevention Policy	Yes	30 May 2018
Fraud and Corruption Prevention Strategy	Yes	30 May 2018

Table 33: Strategies

b) Implementation of Strategies

Strategies to implement	Key Risk Areas	Key measures to curb corruption and fraud
Code of Ethics	Use of consultants where not necessary	The new organogram makes provision for a Risk Officer. Position will be filled before November 2018
Whistle Blowing Policy	Inadequate risk management capacity	The Internal Audit Department is in charge of the whistle blowing hotline. Incidence reporting register/database is in place. Awareness workshops will take place before December 2018

Table 34: Implementation of the Strategies

2.9 AUDIT COMMITTEE

Section 166(2) of the MFMA states that an audit committee is an independent advisory body which must -

- (a) advise the municipal council, the political office-bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, on matters relating to -
- internal financial control
- risk management
- performance Management
- effective Governance

The Audit Committee have the following main functions as prescribed in section 166 (2)(a-e) of the MFMA and the Local Government Municipal and Performance Management Regulation:

a) Functions of the Audit Committee

To advise the Council on all matters related to compliance and effective governance

 To review the annual financial statements to provide Council with an authoritative and credible view of the financial position of the municipality, its efficiency and its overall level of compliance with the MFMA, the annual Division of Revenue Act (DoRA) and other applicable legislation

- Respond to the council on any issues raised by the Auditor-General in the audit report
- To review the quarterly reports submitted to it by the internal audit
- To evaluate audit reports pertaining to financial, administrative and technical systems
- The compilation of reports to Council, at least twice during a financial year
- To review the performance management system and make recommendations in this regard to Council
- To identify major risks to which Council is exposed and determine the extent to which risks have been minimised
- To review the annual report of the Municipality
- Review the plans of the internal audit function and in so doing; ensure that the plan addresses the high-risk areas
 and ensure that adequate resources are available
- Provide support to the internal audit function
- Ensure that no restrictions or limitations are placed on the internal audit section
- Evaluate the activities of the internal audit function in terms of their role as prescribed by legislation

b) Members of the Audit Committee

The following table indicates the members of the audit committee:

Name of representative	Capacity
Pieter Strauss	Chairperson
Leone Arendse	Member
Marjory Linnert	Member

Table 35: Members of the Audit Committee

2.10 PERFORMANCE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations require that the Performance Audit Committee is comprised of a minimum of three members, the majority of whom are external (neither a Councillor nor an employee) of the Municipality. Section 14(2)(b) of the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations further stipulates that the performance audit committee must include at least one person who has expertise in performance management. It is also a requirement of the regulations in Section 14(2)(d) that the Council of a municipality designate neither a member of the Performance Audit Committee who is neither a Councillor nor an employee of the Municipality as the chairperson of the committee.

In terms of Section 166(4)(a) of the MFMA, an Audit Committee must consist of at least three persons with appropriate experience, of who the majority may not be in the employ of the Municipality.

Section 166(5) of the MFMA, requires that the members of an Audit Committee must be appointed by the Council of the Municipality. One of the members, not in the employ of the Municipality, must be appointed as the chairperson of the committee. No Councillor may be a member of an Audit Committee.

Both the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations and the MFMA, indicate that three is the minimum number of members needed to comprise a Performance Audit Committee. While the regulations preclude the appointment of a councillor as chairperson of the Performance Audit Committee, the MFMA excludes the involvement of a councillor in the composition of a Performance Audit Committee entirely.

Section 14(3)(a) of the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations requires that the Performance Audit Committee of a Municipality must meet at least twice during each financial year. However, additional special meetings of the Performance Audit Committee may be called for by any member of the committee, where sufficient justification exists in terms of Section 14(3)(b) of the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulation.

a) Functions of the Performance Audit Committee

In terms of Section 14(4)(a) of the Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations the performance audit committee has amongst others the responsibility to -

- i) review the quarterly reports produced and submitted by the internal audit process;
- ii) review the Municipality's performance management system and make recommendations in this regard to the Council of the Municipality; and
- iii) at least twice during each financial year submit a performance audit report to the Council of the Municipality.

b) Members of the Performance Audit Committee

The following table indicates the members of the Performance Audit Committee:

Name of representative	Capacity
Pieter Strauss	Chairperson
Leone Arendse	Member
Majory Linnert	Member

Table 36: Members of the Performance Audit Committee

2.11 COMMUNICATION

Local government has a legal obligation and a political responsibility to ensure regular and effective communication with the community. The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 and other statutory enactments all impose an obligation on local government and require high levels of transparency, accountability, openness, participatory democracy and direct communication with the communities to improve the lives of all.

Good customer care is clearly of fundamental importance to any organisation. A successful communication strategy therefore links the people to the Municipality's programme for the year.

2017/18

Below is a communication checklist of the compliance to the communication requirements:

Newsletters

Type of Newsletter	Distributed
Internal	Quarterly
External	Quarterly

Table 37: Newsletter

Awareness Campaigns

Topic	Dates	Target Groups				
Madiba Day	18 July	Community				

Table 38: Awareness Campaigns

Additional Communication Channels Utilised

Channel	Yes/No
SMS system	Yes
Call system and whatsapp	Yes

Table 39: Additional Communication Channels Utilised

2.12 WEBSITE

Municipalities are required to develop and maintain a functional website that displays relevant information as per the requirements of Section 75 of the MFMA and Section 21A and B of the MSA as amended.

The website should serve as a mechanism to promote accountability and transparency to communities and therefore information posted should be accurate and timeously updated.

The municipal website is a key communication mechanism in terms of service offering, information sharing and public participation. It is a communication tool that should allow easy and convenient access to relevant information. The municipal website should serve as an integral part of the Municipality's communication strategy.

The table below gives an indication about the information and documents that are published on our website.

Description of information and/or document	Yes/No					
Municipal contact details (Section 14 of the Promotion of Access to Information Act)						
Full Council details	Yes					
Contact details of the Municipal Manager	Yes					
Contact details of the CFO	Yes					
Physical address of the Municipality	Yes					
Postal address of the Municipality	Yes					
Financial Information (Sections 53, 75, 79 and 81(1) of the MFMA)						
Draft Budget 2017/18	Yes					

Description of information and/or document	Yes/No
Adjusted Budget 2017/18	Yes
Asset Management Policy	Yes
Customer Care, Credit control & Debt collection Policy	Yes
Indigent Policy	Yes
Investment & Cash Management Policy	Yes
Rates Policy	Yes
Supply Chain Management Policy	Yes
Tariff Policy	Yes
Virement Policy	Yes
Travel and Subsistence Policy	Yes
SDBIP 2017/18	Yes
Budget and Treasury Office Structure	No
IDP and Public Participation (Section 25(4)(b) of the MSA and Section 21(1)(b) of the MF	MA)
Reviewed IDP for 2017/18	Yes
IDP Process Plan for 2017/18	Yes
Supply Chain Management (Sections 14(2), 33, 37 &75(1)(e)&(f) and 120(6)(b)of the MFMA and Secti National SCM Regulation)	ion 18(a) of the
List of capital assets that have been disposed	Yes
Long term borrowing contracts	Yes
SCM contracts above R30 000	Yes
Section 37 of the MFMA; No 56 of 2003 (Unsolicited Bids/Contracts)	Yes
Public invitations for formal price quotations	Yes
Reports (Sections 52(d), 71, 72 &75(1)(c) and 129(3) of the MFMA)	
Annual Report of 2016/17	Yes
Oversight reports	Yes
Mid-year budget and performance assessment	Yes
Quarterly Reports	Yes
Monthly Budget Statement	Yes
Local Economic Development (Section 26(c) of the MSA)	
LED Strategy	Yes
LED Policy Framework	No
Economic Profile	No
LED projects	Yes
Performance Management (Section 75(1)(d) of the MFMA)	
Performance Agreements for employees appointed as per S57 of MSA	Yes

Table 40: Website Checklist

CHAPTER 3

This chapter provides an overview of the key service achievements of the municipality that came to fruition during 2017/18 in terms of the deliverables achieved compared to the key performance objectives and indicators in the IDP.

3.1 OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE WITHIN ORGANISATION

Performance managements is a process which measures the implementation of the organisation's strategy. It is also a management tool to plan, monitor measure and review performance indicators to ensure effectiveness and the impact of service delivery by the municipality.

At local government level performance management is institutionalized through the legislative requirements on the performance management process for Local Government. Performance management provides the mechanism to measure whether meet its strategic goals, set by the organisation and its employees are met.

The Constitution of SA, Section 152, dealing with the objectives of Local government paves the way for performance management with requirements for an "accountable government". The democratic values and principles in terms of Section 195(1) are also linked with the concept of performance management. With reference to the principles of inter alia:

- the promotion of efficient, economic and effective use of resources,
- Accountable public administration
- To be transparent by providing information,
- To be responsive to the needs of the community,
- And to facilitate a culture of public service and accountability amongst staff.

The Municipal Systems Act (MSA), 2000 requires municipalities to establish a performance management system. Further, the MSA and the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) requires the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) to be aligned to the municipal budget and to be monitored for the performance of the budget against the IDP via the Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP).

In addition, Regulation 7(1) of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001 states that "A Municipality's Performance Management System entails a framework that describes and represents how the municipality's cycle and processes of performance planning. Monitoring, Measurement, review, reporting and improvement will be conducted, organised and managed, including determining the roles of the different role players. "Performance management is not only relevant to the organisation as a whole, but also to the individuals employed in the organisation as well as the external service providers and the Municipal Entities. This framework, inter alia, reflects the linkage between the IDP, Budget, SDBIP and individual and service provider performance.

3.1.1 Legislative Requirements

In terms of Section 46(1)(a) of the MSA, a municipality must prepare for each financial year a performance report reflecting the municipality's and any service provider's performance during the financial year, including comparison with targets of and with performance in the previous financial year. The report must, furthermore, indicate the development and service delivery priorities and the performance targets set by the Municipality for the following financial year and measures that were or are to be taken to improve performance.

3.1.2 Organisational Performance

Strategic performance indicates how well the municipality is meeting its objectives and which policies and processing are working. All government institutions must report on strategic performance to ensure that service delivery is efficient, effective and economical. Municipalities must develop strategic plans and allocate resources for the implementation. The implementation must be monitored on an on-going basis and the results must be reported on during the financial year to various role-players to enable them to timeously implement corrective measures where required.

This report highlights the strategic performance in terms of the Municipality's Top Layer Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP), high level performance in terms of the National Key Performance Areas, performance on the National Key Performance Indicators prescribed in terms of Section 43 of the MSA and an overall summary of performance on municipal services.

3.1.3 Performance Management System used in the financial year 2017/18

a) Adoption of a Performance Management Framework

The municipality drafted a performance framework in the 2013/14 financial year and it was approved by Council on 29 May 2014.

b) The IDP and the Budget

The reviewed IDP for 2017/18 and the budget for 2017/18 were approved by Council on 30 May 2017. The IDP process and the performance management processes are integrated. The IDP fulfils the planning stage of performance management. Performance Management in turn, fulfils the implementation management, monitoring and evaluation of the IDP.

c) The Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan

The organisational performance is evaluated by means of a municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) at organisational level and through the service delivery budget implementation plan (SDBIP) at directorate and departmental levels. The SDBIP is a plan that converts the IDP and budget into measurable criteria on how, where and when the strategies, objectives and normal business process of the municipality is implemented. It also allocates responsibility to directorates to deliver the services in terms of the IDP and Budget.

The MFMA Circular No. 13 prescribes that:

- The IDP and budget must be aligned
- The budget must address the strategic priorities
- The SDBIP should indicate what the municipality is going to do during next 12 months
- The SDBIP should from the basis for measuring the performance against goals set during the budget/IDP processes.

The SDBIP were prepared as per legislation and the Top Layer SDBIP was approved by the Executive Mayor on 13 June 2017. The Top Layer SDBIP was revised with the Adjustment Budget in terms of Section 26(2)(c) of the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations and an adjusted Top Layer SDBIP was approved by the Council on 28 February 2018.

d) The Municipal Scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP)

The municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP) consolidate service delivery targets set by Council/senior management and provide an overall picture of performance for the Municipality as a whole, reflecting performance on its strategic priorities. Components of the Top Layer SDBIP include:

- One-year detailed plan, but should include a three-year capital plan
- The 5 necessary components include:
 - Monthly projections of revenue to be collected for each source
 - Expected revenue to be collected NOT billed
 - Monthly projections of expenditure (operating and capital) and revenue for each vote
 - Section 71 format (Monthly budget statements)
 - Quarterly projections of service delivery targets and performance indicators for each vote
 - Non-financial measurable performance objectives in the form of targets and indicators
 - Output NOT input / internal management objectives
 - Level and standard of service being provided to the community
 - Ward information for expenditure and service delivery
 - Detailed capital project plan broken down by ward over three years

The following diagram illustrates the establishment, components and review of the municipal scorecard (Top Layer SDBIP):

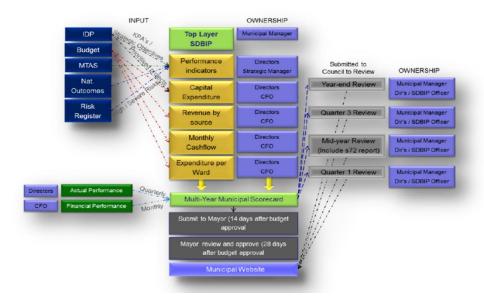


Figure 1: Components of the Municipal Scorecard (Top Layer)

Top Layer KPI's were prepared based on the following:

- Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) for the programmes/activities identified to address the strategic objectives as documented in the IDP
- KPI's identified during the IDP and KPI's that need to be reported to key municipal stakeholders
- KPI's to address the required National Agenda Outcomes, priorities and minimum reporting requirements

e) Actual Performance

The Municipality utilizes an electronic web-based system on which KPI owners update actual performance on a monthly basis. KPI owners report on the results of the KPI by documenting the following information on the performance system:

- The actual result in terms of the target set
- The output/outcome of achieving the KPI
- The calculation of the actual performance reported (if %)
- A performance comment
- Actions to improve the performance against the target set, if the target was not achieved

It is the responsibility of every KPI owner to maintain a portfolio of evidence to support actual performance results updated.

3.1.4 Performance Management

(a) Organisational Performance

The organisational performance is monitored and evaluated via the SDBIP and the performance process can be summarised as follows:

- The Top Layer SDBIP was approved on 17 June 2017
- The web-based system sent automated e-mails to the users of the system as a reminder for updating their actual performance against key performance indicator targets every month for the previous month's performance
- Additionally, the performance system administrator reminded all departments on a monthly basis to update their actual performance on the web-based system

(b) Individual Performance Management - Municipal Managers and Managers directly accountable to the Municipal Manager

The MSA prescribes that the Municipality must enter into performance-based agreements with all s57 managers and that performance agreements must be reviewed annually. This process and the format are further regulated by Regulation 805 (August 2006). The performance agreements for the 2017/18 financial were signed during 28 July 2017.

The appraisal of the performance in terms of the signed agreements takes place twice per annum as regulated. The appraisal was done by an evaluation panel as indicated in the signed performance agreements and in terms of Regulation 805 and consisted of the following people:

- Executive Mayor
- Portfolio Chairperson
- Municipal manager
- Chairperson of the Performance Audit Committee
- Municipal Manager from another municipality

3.2 Introduction to Strategic and Municipal Performance for 2017/18

3.2.1 Strategic Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (Top Layer)

The purpose of strategic performance reporting is to report specifically on the implementation and achievement of IDP outcomes. This section should provide an overview on the strategic achievement of a municipality in terms of the strategic intent and deliverables achieved as stated in the IDP. The Top Layer (strategic) SDBIP is the Municipality's strategic plan and shows the strategic alignment between the different documents (IDP, Budget and Performance Agreements).

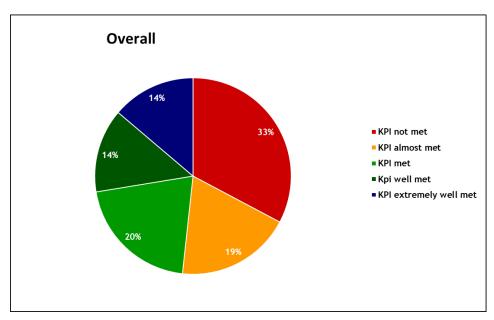
In the paragraphs below the performance achieved is illustrated against the Top layer SDBIP according to the IDP (strategic) objectives.

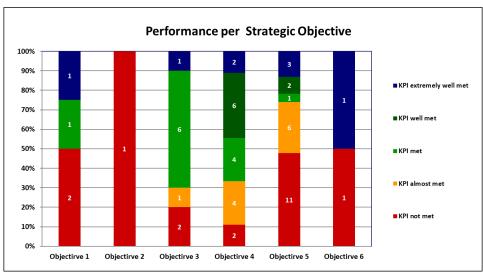
The following table explains the method by which the overall assessment of actual performance against targets set for the key performance indicators (kpi's) of the SDBIP is measured:

Category	Colour	Explanation		
KPI Not Met	R	0% > = Actual/Target< 75%		
KPI Almost Met 0 75% > = Actual/Target < 100%				
KPI Met	Actual/Target = 100%			
KPI Well Met	/ell Met			
KPI Extremely Well Met	В	Actual/Target > = 150%		

Figure 2: SDBIP Measurement Criteria

The overall performance results achieved by the Municipality in terms of the Top Layer SDBIP are indicated in the tables and graphs below:





Graph 4: Top Layer SDBIP per Strategic Objectives

	Objective 1	Objective 2	Objective 3	Objective 4	Objective 5	Objective 6	
Measurement Category	Facilitate, expand and nurture sustainable economic growth and eradicate poverty	Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and human settlements i.e. Housing development and informal settlement upgrade	Good Governance, Community Development & Public Participation	Implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability	Improve and sustain basic service delivery and infrastructure development	To facilitate social cohesion, safe and healthy communities	Total
KPI Not Met	2	1	2	2	11	1	19
KPI Almost Met	0	0	1	4	6	0	11
KPI Met	1	0	6	4	1	0	12
KPI Well Met	0	0	0	6	2	0	8
KPI Extremely Well Met	1	0	1	2	3	1	8
Total	4	1	10	18	23	2	58

Table 41: Top Layer SDBIP per Strategic Objectives

a) Facilitate, expand and nurture sustainable economic growth and eradicate poverty

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/1	8	
Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance	Target					Actual	R
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	K
TL13	Create 100 jobs opportunities in terms of EPWP by 30 June 2018	Number of job opportunities created in terms of EPWP	All	109	0	0	0	100	100	175	В
TL27	Develop three LED policies (Investors Incentive Policy / Informal Trading Policy / Events Policy) and submit to Council for approval by 30 June 2018	Number of policies submitted to Council for approval	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	3	3	2	R
Correc	ctive action	The outst	anding policy	will be finalised	l and sub	mitted to	Council	by Nove	mber 201	8	
TL28	Alienate Ramskop Nature Garden by 30 June 2018	Ramskop Nature Garden alienated by 30 June 2018	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Correc	Corrective action The revised offer from the bidder will be				ill be sub	mitted to	BEC by	Septemb	er 2018		
TL29	Establish a LED "one stop shop" in Citrusdal by 30 June 2018	LED "one stop shops" established	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	1	G

Table 42: Facilitate, expand and nurture sustainable economic growth and eradicate poverty

2017/18

b) Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and human settlements i.e. Housing development and informal settlement upgrade

	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward	Actual - performance for 2016/17	Overall Performance 2017/18						
Ref							Actual	R			
					Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual		K
TL25	Service 185 sites in Lamberts Bay by 30 June 2018	Number of sites serviced	5	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	185	185	0	R
Corre	Corrective action The project			t will be comple	ted in th	e 2018/1	9 financi	al year			

Table 43: Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and human settlements i.e. Housing development and informal settlement upgrade

c) Good Governance, Community Development & Public Participation

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	3	
Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance	Target					Actual	R
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	ACLUAI	ĸ
TL14	The number of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in compliance with the equity plan as at 30 June 2018	Number of people employed	All	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Correc	ctive action		The	e position will	be filled	from 1 J	uly 2018				
TL15	The percentage of the municipality's personnel budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2018[(Actual amount spent on training/total operational budget)x100]	% of the municipality's personnel budget on training by 30 June 2018 (Actual amount spent on training/total personnel budget)x100	All	0.27%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0.84%	0
Correc	ctive action		Three-year	Turnaround St	trategy ir	nprovem	ent year	on year			
TL16	Complete the annual Risk Assessment and submit the strategic and operational risk register to the Risk Committee by 31 March 2018	Strategic and operational risk register submitted to the Audit Committee	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	G
TL17	Develop and submit the risk based audit plan for 2018/19 to the Audit Committee by 30 June 2018	Risk based audit plan submitted to the Audit Committee	All	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Correc	ctive action	RBAP will be considered at the Audit Committee m				tee meet	ing held	on 29 Au	gust 2018		
TL18	Draft the annual performance report for 2016/17 and submit to the Auditor-General by 31 August 2017	Annual performance report for 2016/17 drafted and submitted to the Auditor-General	All	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	G

2017/18

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	3	
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance		Target				Actual	R
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	ACLUAI	ĸ
TL19	Compile and submit the draft annual report for 2016/17 to Council by 31 January 2018	Draft annual report for 2016/17 submitted to Council	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	G
TL20	Compile and submit the final annual report and oversight report for 2016/17 to Council by 31 March 2018	Final annual report and oversight report for 2016/17 submitted to Council	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	G
TL21	Submit the final reviewed IDP to Council by 31 May 2018	Final IDP submitted to Council	All	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	G
TL51	Review the Standing Rules of Order and submit to Council for approval by 30 September 2017	Reviewed Standing Rules of Order submitted to Council for approval	All	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	G
TL52	Finalise the job descriptions for all staff members and submit for Task evaluation by 30 June 2018 [(Total number of job descriptions finalised/Total number of staff members)x100]	% of Job descriptions finalised and submitted for task evaluation	All	38.80%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	163%	В

Table 44: Good Governance, Community Development & Public Participation

d) Implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability

				Actual performance for 2016/17		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	3	
Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward		Target					Actual	R
				TOT 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	K
TL1	The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June 2018 [(Amount actually spent on capital projects/ Amount budgeted for capital projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent on capital projects by 30 June 2018	All	40%	10%	20%	60%	90%	90%	59.98%	R
Corre	ctive action	lmţ	olementation	of the procure	ment pla	ins to ens	sure that	target is	met		
TL2	Number of formal residential properties that receive piped water (credit and prepaid water) that is connected to the municipal water infrastructure network and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	Number of residential properties which are billed for water or have pre paid meters	All	4,973	4,950	4,950	4,950	4,950	4,950	5,603	G2
TL3	Number of formal residential properties connected to the	Number of residential properties which are billed for electricity	All	7,515	7,615	7,615	7,615	7,615	7,615	7,525	0

						0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	3	
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	Actual performance			Target				
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R
	municipal electrical infrastructure network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excluding Eskom areas) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	or have pre paid meters (Excluding Eskom areas)					,				
Corre	ctive action		Target will	be revised and	the KPI	must be i	monitore	d closely			
TL4	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewerage network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of water closets (toilets) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	Number of residential properties which are billed for sewerage	All	4,408	4,315	4,315	4,315	4,315	4,315	4,624	G2
TL5	Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week and billed for the service as at 30 June 2018	Number of residential properties which are billed for refuse removal	All	5,023	4,950	4,950	4,950	4,950	4,950	5,479	G2
TL6	Provide free basic water to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2018	Number of households receiving free basic water	All	2,012	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1,936	0
Corre	ctive action	The Municipality's Indigo in Elands Bay did no Servio	t qualify as t		ne ownei	rs but ter	ants. The	e Municip	ality has		
TL7	Provide free basic electricity to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2018	Number of households receiving free basic electricity	All	1,984	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	1,950	2,005	G2
TL8	Provide free basic sanitation to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2018	Number of households receiving free basic sanitation services	All	1,903	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,859	0
Corre	ctive action	The Municipality's Indigo in Elands Bay did noo Servio	t qualify as t		ne ownei	rs but ter	ants. The	e Municip	ality has		
TL9	Provide free basic refuse removal to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2018	Number of households receiving free basic refuse removal	All	2,012	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	1,939	0

				Actual		C	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	8	
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance			Target			Actual	В
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R
Corre	The Municipality's Indigent Support Policy were rev in Elands Bay did not qualify as they are not ho Service Provider by COGTA to do				ne owne	rs but ter	nants. The	e Municip	oality has		
TL10	Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet it's service debt obligations as at 30 June 2018 (Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant)	% of debt coverage	All	9.52%	0%	0%	0%	45%	45%	9.41%%	В
TL11	Financial viability measured in terms of the outstanding service debtors as at 30 June 2018 (Total outstanding service debtors/ revenue received for services)	% of outstanding service debtors	All	20.92%	0%	0%	0%	30%	30%	25.22%	В
TL12	Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure as at 30 June 2018 ((Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortisation, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets))	Number of months it takes to cover fix operating expenditure with available cash	All	0.6	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Corre	ctive action	A Turn-around Strate main focuses on cost co		neasures and re		nhancem					
TL54	Spent 90% of the Financial Management Grant by 30 June 2018 [(Total actual grant expenditure/Total grant allocation received)x100]	% of FMG grant spent	All	100%	10%	40%	70%	90%	90%	100%	G2
TL55	Submit financial statements to the Auditor-General by 31 August 2017	Approved financial statements submitted to the Auditor- General	All	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	G
TL56	Achievement of a payment percentage of 85% quarterly ((Gross Debtors Closing Balance	Payment % achieved	All	88.19%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85%	85.08%	G2

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/18	8		
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance	Target				Actual	R		
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	ACLUAI	K	
	+ Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Opening Balance + Bad Debts Written Off)/Billed Revenue) x 100											
TL57	Achieve an unqualified audit opinion by 31 March 2018 for the 2016/17 financial year	Unqualified Audit opinion received	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	D	
TL58	Submit the draft main budget to Council for approval by 31 March 2018	Draft main budget submitted to Council for approval	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	D	
TL59	Submit the adjustments budget to Council for approval by 28 February 2018	Adjustment budget submitted to Council for approval	All	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	G	

Table 45: Implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability

e) Improve and sustain basic service delivery and infrastructure development

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/1	18		
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance			Target					
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R	
TL30	Spend 90% of the capital budget on phase 3 of the Lamberts Bay Housing Bulk Electricity Upgrade by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on the project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	5	100%	0%	20%	55%	90%	90%	100.06%	G2	
TL31	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance budget for electricity services by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	86.67%	25%	40%	65%	90%	90%	86.46%	0	
Corre	ctive action	Ir	nplementatio	n of procureme	nt plans	to ensure	that tar	get is m	et			
TL32	Complete phase 4 of the provision of roads and storm water infrastructure services for Citrusdal by 30 June 2018	Phase 4 of the project completed	2	109%	0	0	0	1	1	0	R	
Corre	ctive action		Re	evised DBIP will	be submi	tted to 0	Council					
TL33	Spend 90% of the maintenance budget for roads and stormwater by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved	% maintenance budget spent	All	105.98%	5%	25%	70%	90%	90%	87.12%	0	

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformano	e 2017/1	8	
Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward	Actual performance			Target				
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R
	budget for maintenance)x100]										
Corre	ctive action	Implementation of procurement plans to ensure that target is met									
TL34	Complete phase 2 of the WWTW in Lamberts Bay by 30 June 2018	Project completed	5	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Corre	ctive action		The	project will be	complete	Septem	ber 2018	}			
TL35	Complete the Citrusdal WWTW by 30 June 2018	Project completed	2	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Corre	ctive action	Additional funding is		omplete the full anical work with					ity is una	ble to do t	he
TL36	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance budget for waste water by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	106.69%	5%	25%	70%	90%	90%	97.82%	G2
TL37	Spend 100% of the MIG grant by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on MIG Grant/ Approved MIG allocation)x100]	% of budget spent	All	73.80%	5%	25%	70%	100%	100%	90%	0
Corre	ctive action	Revised DPIP to be sub	mitted to Co	uncil to ensure 1	100% spei	nding. 56	% of MIG	were sp	ent as at	31March 2	018
TL38	90% spent of the capital budget for the construction of the desalination plant - Lamberts Bay by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of budget spent departmental	5	12.40%	0%	0%	0%	90%	90%	12%	R
Corre	ctive action	Roll-Over Application	Approved on Lambe	13 August 2018. erts Bay during t	To comp he 2018/	lete the 2019 fin	construc ancial ye	ction of t	he desali	nation plar	ıt -
TL39	95% of the water samples comply with SANS 241 micro biological parameters {(Number of water samples that comply with SANS 241 indicators/Number of water samples tested)x100}	% of water samples complying with SANS 241 micro biological parameters	All	86.30%	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%	82%	0
Corre	ctive action	The following actions will apply to address the continuous water quality failures: 1) Clanwilliam: To commence with the WTW project to enable us to purify the water to acceptable st 2) Algeria and Wuppertal: To upgrade the chlorination dosing systems to eliminate all malignant sub: 3) Leipoldtville: Iron precipitation jeopardising the overall chemical quality compliance and the remiron is required					able standa nt substanc	ces.			
TL40	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance	% maintenance budget spent	All	108.98%	5%	25%	70%	90%	90%	81.83%	0

				Antoni		0	verall Pe	rformanc	e 2017/1	8	
Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Ward	Actual performance			Target				_
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R
	budget for water by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved budget for maintenance)x100]										
Corre	ctive action	Ir	mplementatio	on of procureme	nt plans	to ensure	e that tai	rget is m	et		
TL41	Report bi-annually to Council during the 2017/18 financial year on the progress made with the implementation of the regional dump site plan as per agreement with West Coast DM	Number of report submitted	All	1	0	1	0	1	2	2	G
TL42	Spend 90% of the capital budget allocated towards the construction of a new WTW in Clanwilliam by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	3	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0%	0%	50%	90%	90%	50%	R
Corre	ctive action	Application for t	he waver of	the counter fund	ling subn	nitted to	Departm	ent Wate	er and Sa	nitation	
TL43	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of roads in Clanwilliam by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	3	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	5%	25%	65%	90%	90%	0%	R
Corre	ctive action	Original Budget was R	400 000.00. A	-	400 000. spending		ward dur	ing adjus	stment bu	ıdget there	for
TL44	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of roads in Cederberg by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	5%	25%	65%	90%	90%	47.20%	R
Corre	ctive action	Ir	nplementatio	on of procureme	nt plans	to ensure	that tai	rget is m	et		
TL45	Complete the construction of a 1.5 Megalitre reservoir in Graafwater by 30 June 2018	Project completed	4	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Corre	ctive action	Contracto	or on site. Pro	ogress according	to progr	am. Plan	comple	tion Febr	uary 2019	9	
TL46	Replace 150 water meters by 30 June 2018	Number of waters meters replaced	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	150	150	356	В
TL47	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of the	% of capital budget spent	All	New Key Performance	5%	25%	65%	90%	90%	0%	R

2017/18

				Actual		0	verall Pe	rformano	e 2017/1	8	
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance			Target			Astual	9
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	R
	electricity network within Cederberg by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]			Indicator for 2017/18							
Corre	ctive action	Ir	nplementatio	n of procureme	nt plans	to ensure	that tar	rget is m	et		
TL48	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the replacement of street lights in Cederberg by 30 June 2018 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	All	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	5%	25%	65%	90%	90%	70.64%	0
Corre	ctive action	Ir	nplementatio	n of procureme	nt plans	to ensure	that tar	rget is m	et		
TL49	Purchase land for the development of night shelters and creches by 30 June 2018	Land purchased	4	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	1	1	0	R
Corrective action KPI is an unfunded mandate of the Municipality. The Municipality referred the matter to lo land was made available in the SDF for night shelters and creches					NGO`s as t	:he					
TL50	Upgrade 40 detached toilets in Graafwater by 30 June 2018	Number of toilets upgraded	4	New Key Performance Indicator for 2017/18	0	0	0	40	40	0	R
Corre	ctive action	R500 000 budget	in the 2018/1	19 financial year	and furt	her com	mitment	s for futu	ıre financ	cial years	
TL60	Limit unaccounted for water to less than 15% by 30 June 2018 {(Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kilolitres Water Sold (incl free basic water) / Number of Kilolitres Water Purchased or Purified x 100}	% unaccounted water	All	12.76%	0%	18%	0%	15%	15%	11.60%	В
TL61	Limit unaccounted for electricity to less than 13% by 30 June 2018 {(Number of Electricity Units Purchased and/or Generated - Number of Electricity Units Sold (incl Free basic electricity)) / Number of Electricity Units Purchased and/or Generated) x 100}	% unaccounted electricity	All	6.20%	20%	18%	16%	13%	13%	6.15%	В

Table 46: Improve and sustain basic service delivery and infrastructure development

f) To facilitate social cohesion, safe and healthy communities

				Actual		C	verall Pe	erforman	ce 2017/	18	
Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Ward	performance			Target			Actual	R
				for 2016/17	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual	Actual	ĸ
TL23	Spend 90% of the approved project budget for the upgrade of the Clanwilliam sport fields by 30 June 2018 {(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x 100}	% of budget spent	3	New Key performance Indicator for 2017/18	0%	20%	65%	90%	90%	65.84%	R
Corre	ctive action	I	mplementatio	on of procureme	nt plans	to ensur	e that ta	rget is m	net		
TL24	Spend 90% of the approved project budget for the upgrade of community facilities by the end of June 2018 {(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x 100}	% of budget spent	All	73%	0%	20%	65%	90%	90%	648.78%	В

Table 47: To facilitate social cohesion, safe and healthy communities

3.2.2 Service Providers Strategic Performance

Section 76(b) of the MSA states that KPIs should inform the indicators set for every municipal entity and service provider with whom the municipality has entered into a service delivery agreement. A service provider:

- means a person or institution or any combination of persons and institutions which provide a municipal service to or for the benefit of the local community
- means an external mechanism referred to in Section 76(b) which provides a municipal service for a municipality
- service delivery agreement means an agreement between a municipality and an institution or person mentioned
 in Section 76(b) in terms of which a municipal service is provided by that institution or person, either for its own
 account or on behalf of the municipality

During the year under review the Municipality did not appoint any service providers who provided a municipal service to or for the benefit of the local community on behalf of the Municipality and therefore this report contains no such details. All other contract appointments are regularly monitored and ensured, that the requirements of the contract are complied with.

3.2.3 Municipal Functions

a) Analysis of Functions

The municipal functional areas are as indicated below:

Municipal Function	Municipal Function Yes / No						
Constitution Schedule 4, Part B functions:							
Air pollution	No						
Building regulations	Yes						
Child care facilities	Yes						
Electricity and gas reticulation	Yes						
Fire fighting services	MOU with District						
Local tourism	Yes						
Municipal airports	Yes						
Municipal planning	Yes						
Municipal health services	No						
Municipal public transport	Yes						
Municipal public works only in respect of the needs of municipalities in the discharge of their responsibilities to administer functions specifically assigned to them under this Constitution or any other law	No						
Pontoons, ferries, jetties, piers and harbours, excluding the regulation of international and national shipping and matters related thereto	No						
Stormwater management systems in built-up areas	Yes						
Trading regulations	Yes						
Water and sanitation services limited to potable water supply systems and domestic waste-water and sewage disposal systems	Yes						
Constitution Schedule 5, Part B functions:							
Beaches and amusement facilities	Yes						
Billboards and the display of advertisements in public places	Yes						
Cemeteries, funeral parlors and crematoria	Yes						
Cleansing	Yes						
Control of public nuisances	Yes						
Control of undertakings that sell liquor to the public	Yes						
Facilities for the accommodation, care and burial of animals	Yes						
Fencing and fences	Yes						
Licensing of dogs	Yes						
Licensing and control of undertakings that sell food to the public	Yes						
Local amenities	Yes						
Local sport facilities	Yes						
Markets	Yes						

Municipal Function	Municipal Function Yes / No
Municipal abattoirs	No
Municipal parks and recreation	Yes
Municipal roads	Yes
Noise pollution	Yes
Pounds	No
Public places	Yes
Refuse removal, refuse dumps and solid waste disposal	Yes
Street trading	Yes
Street lighting	Yes
Traffic and parking	Yes

Table 48: Functional Areas

3.3 COMPONENT A: BASIC SERVICES

This component includes basic service delivery highlights and challenges, includes details of services provided for water, waste water (sanitation), electricity, waste management, housing services and a summary of free basic services.

3.3.1 WATER PROVISION

a) Introduction to Water Services

Water is probably the most fundamental and indispensable of natural resources - fundamental to life, the environment, food production, hygiene and power generation. Poverty reduction and improved water management are ineradicably linked. Section 4B of the Constitution lists water and sanitation services limited to portable water supply systems and domestic waste water and sewerage disposal systems as a local government function. Basic water is defined as 25 litres of potable water per day supplied within 200 metres of a household. As a result of the drought situation in the Western Cape Cederberg Municipality was compelled to conduct are assessment of the various bulk water supply systems. Surface water provision was at risk and assistance from the Department of Local Government was requested. With their funding support, exploration of boreholes was initiated.

b) Highlights: Water Services

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Underground water exploration for Algeria	Equipping of borehole and pipeline for additional water provision for the Algeria community
Underground water exploration for Wuppertal	Equipping of borehole and pipeline for additional water provision for the Wuppertal community

Table 49: Water Services Highlight

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c)

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Challenges: Water Services

Description	Actions to address
Water quality deterioration for bulk water supply systems without a conventional purification facility - Clanwilliam, Leipoldtville and Wuppertal escalated to poor performance on the DWS Iris/Blue Drop System	Conducting feasibility studies and source funding to address infrastructural shortcomings
Scarcity of ground water in Cederberg area	Draft a service level agreement with private land owners where ground water is present

Table 50: Water Services Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels: Water Services

Below is a table that specifies the different water service delivery levels per households for the financial years 2016/17 and 2017/18:

Description	2016/17	2017/18		
Description	Actual	Actual		
<u>Household</u>				
Water: (above minimum	ı level)			
Piped water inside dwelling	4 850	4 960		
Piped water inside yard (but not in dwelling)	1 272	1 410		
Using public tap (within 200m from dwelling)	111	111		
Other water supply (within 200m)	0	0		
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-total	6 233	6 481		
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	85.1%	84.4%		
Water: (below minimum	level)			
Using public tap (more than 200m from dwelling)	1 100	1 200		
Other water supply (more than 200m from dwelling)	0	0		
No water supply	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Sub-total	1 100	1 200		
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	15%	15.6%		
Total number of Households (formal and informal)	7 325	7 681		
Include informal settlements				

Table 51: Water Service Delivery Levels: Households

e) Employees: Water Services

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Water Services				
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	14	15	14	1	6.67
4 - 6	2	2	2	0	0
7 - 9	3	9	7	2	22.22
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	19	26	23	3	11.54

Table 52: Employees: Water Services

f) Capital: Water Services

The following table indicates the capital expenditure for this division:

	2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget
Total All	9 371 930	21 135 504	5 526 691.48	42%
Upgrading Graafwater water scheme	8 771 930	8 771 9930	1 795 331.94	80%
Boreholes Algeria	0	97 725	85 462.00	13%
Clanwilliam boreholes	0	3 074 783	1 250 746.63	59%
Citrusdal boreholes	0	3 848 696	1 412 696.83	63%
Desalination	0	3 879 130	525 039.25	86%
Equipment meter replacement	600 000	603 240	457 414.83	24%
Jan Dissel pump station upgrade	0	240 000	0	100%
Jan Dissel pipeline	0	500 000	0	100%
Graafwater borehole exploration	0	120 000	0	100%

Table 53: Capital Expenditure 2017/18: Water Services

3.3.2 WASTE WATER (SANITATION) PROVISION

The Department of Water and Sanitation commenced with the regulation of water services in South Africa as early as 2004, but intensified this approach with the introduction of the much celebrated incentive-based regulatory approaches which includes the Green Drop and the newly introduced No Drop Certification programmes. These programmes excelled beyond expectations since it stimulated politicians. Despite the good efforts it remains a massive challenge for Cederberg Municipality to comply with all standards set by the Local Government. The funding requirement to address the infrastructure backlogs in the waste water sector deteriorates every year as a result of an increase of the inflation rate. However, section 4B of the Constitution lists water and sanitation services limited to potable water supply systems, domestic waste water and sewerage disposal systems as a local government function. Cederberg Municipality would like to enhance the backlog eradication in order to improve the overall compliance in operations and management.

a) Highlights: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Upgrade of the Lamberts Bay Waste Water Treatment Works (WWTW)	Upgrade of the Lamberts Bay WWTW to a conventional sludge activation facility were completed
Good progress with the Citrusdal WWTW re-allocation and upgrade	Upgrade and re-allocation of Citrusdal WWTW is 90% complete

Table 54: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision Highlight

b) Challenges: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Elands Bay oxidation ponds could not be upgraded as a result of funding restriction	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding
Graafwater oxidation ponds require upgrade with improved sludge digestion processes	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding
Clanwilliam WWTW requires upgrade to accommodate future development	Funding applications must be submitted to source the necessary funding

Table 55: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision Challenges

c) Service Delivery Levels: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

Below is a table that specifies the different sanitation service delivery levels per household for the financial years 2016/17 and 2017/18:

Description	2016/17	2017/18
Description	Actual	Actual
<u>Household</u>		
Sanitation/Sewerage: (above mini	mum level)	
Flush toilet (connected to sewerage)	4 408	4 665
Flush Toilet (with Septic tank)	514	514
Chemical Toilet	20	20
Pit Toilet (ventilated)	0	0
Other toilet provisions (above minimum service level)	379	379
Minimum Service Level and Above Sub-Total	5 321	5 578
Minimum Service Level and Above Percentage	72.68%	72.65%
Sanitation/Sewerage: (below mini	mum level)	
Bucket Toilet	0	0
Other Toilet provisions (below minimum service level)	0	0
No toilet provisions	2 000	2 100
Below Minimum Service Level Sub-Total	2 000	2 100
Below Minimum Service Level Percentage	27.32%	27.35%
Total number of households	7 321	7 678

Table 56: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision Service Delivery Levels

d) Employees: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Sanitation Services				
	2016/17		2017/18		
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	14	15	14	1	7
4 - 6	2	2	2	0	0
7 - 9	3	9	7	2	22
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0

	Employees: Sanitation Services				
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltime Vacancies (as a % equivalents) of total posts)			
	No.	No. No. %			
Total	19	20 23 3 15			

Table 57: Employees Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

e) Capital: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

The following table indicates the capital expenditure for this division:

		2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget	
Total All	550 000	539 270	325 576.57	40%	
Infrastructure Sanitation Services Clanwilliam	0	21 320	18 424	14%	
Infrastructure Sanitation Services Graafwater flash toilets	250 000	250 000	0	100%	
Sewerage equipment	300 000	267 950	307 152.57	-15%	

Table 58: Capital Expenditure 2017/18: Waste Water (Sanitation) Provision

3.3.3 ELECTRICITY

a) Introduction to Electricity

Local Government plays a very important role in the provision of electricity. Section 153 of the Constitution places the responsibility on municipalities to ensure the provision of services to communities in a sustainable manner for economic and social support.

Service Backlogs

The Municipality cannot allow any development in Clanwilliam due to a shortage of electricity from the Eskom bulk intake point. Negotiations between Eskom and the Municipality is on-going to solve this problem.

Infrastructure

The Municipality is responsible for the distribution of electricity in all urban areas including Clanwilliam, Citrusdal, Lamberts Bay, Elands Bay and Graafwater. Eskom distributes electricity to the areas not serviced by the Municipality.

b) Highlights: Electricity

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Lamberts Bay housing project	Electrification of 134 informal houses in Lamberts Bay
Lamberts Bay switch station	Completion of the 11 kv switching station in Lamberts Bay
High mast lights	Installation of 8 high mast lights at informal houses in Clanwilliam

Table 59: Electricity Highlights

c) Challenges: Electricity

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Funding required for the upgrade of the maximum demand of Clanwilliam	Budgetary provision must be made and funding applications submitted to source the necessary funding
Electrification of low cost houses in Clanwilliam	A contractor must be appointed to conduct the electrification of houses

Table 60: Electricity Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels: Electricity

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Households				
	2016/17	2017/18		
Description	Actual	Actual		
	No.	No.		
<u>Households</u>				
Electricity 7 515 9 233				
Total number of households 8 500 10 099				
Number of debtors according to the billing system				

Table 61: Electricity Service Delivery Levels

e) Employees: Electricity

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Electricity Services				
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0
4 - 6	6	9	6	3	33.33
7 - 9	3	6	3	3	50
10 - 12	3	3	3	0	0
13 - 15	1	1	1	0	0
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	13	19	13	6	31.58

Table 62: Employees: Electricity Services

f) Capital: Electricity

The following table indicates the capital expenditure for this division:

	2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget	
Total All	5 218 772	5 368 762	4 391 830.58	18%	
Replacement of Streetlights Clan William Main Road	0	229 990	199 990	13%	
Electricity Upgrade Network	800 000	500 000	0	100%	
Replacement of Streetlights Cederberg	400 000	375 000	264 903.51	29%	
Streetlights Graafwater	10 000	71 000	41 557.89	41%	
High Mass Light Clanwilliam	0	400 000	351 093.11	12%	
Integrated National Electrification Programme	3 508 772	3 508 772	3 511 007.39	0.06%	
Electrical Engineering Equipment	500 000	284 000	23 278.68	92%	

Table 63: Capital Expenditure 2017/18: Electricity

3.3.4 WASTE MANAGEMENT (REFUSE COLLECTIONS, WASTE DISPOSAL, STREET CLEANING AND RECYCLING)

a) Introduction to Waste Management

The fragmented and uncoordinated way pollution and waste has been dealt with, as well as insufficient resources to implement and monitor existing legislation, contributes largely to the unacceptably high levels of pollution and waste in South Africa. Through the promulgation and implementation of various pieces of policies, legislation, standards and guidelines, as well as the implementation of co-operative governance as envisaged in the Constitution this situation will be improved. The current fragmentation, duplication and lack of co-ordination will be eliminated.

Pollution and waste management is not the exclusive preserve of government. The private sector and civil society have crucial roles to play. The fostering of partnerships between government and the private sector is a prerequisite for sustainable and effective pollution and waste management to take place. Similarly, the spirit of partnerships and co-operative governance between organs of state is equally important due to the cross cutting nature of pollution and waste management.

b) Highlights: Waste Management

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description	
Auditing of Waste Disposal Facility (WDF)	A service provider was appointed to conduct an external auditing of Clanwilliam, Citrusdal, Lamberts Bay and Elands Bay WDFs	
Increase in number of households serviced	New housings projects contributed to the increase in the number of households that received refuse removal services	

Table 64: Waste Management Highlights

c) Challenges: Waste Management

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Budgetary constraints to maintain infrastructure	Budgetary provision must be made and funding applications submitted to source the necessary funding
Limited landfill space	Request the development of a regional WDF

Table 65: Waste Management Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels: Waste Management

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

	House	Households		
Description -	2016/17	2017/18		
	Actual	Actual		
	No.	No.		
Solid Waste Removal: (Minimum level)				
Removed at least once a week	4 944	5 703		
Minimum Service Level and Above sub-total	4 944	5 703		
Minimum Service Level and Above percentage	100%	100%		
Solid Waste Removal: (Below minimum level)				
Removed less frequently than once a week	0	0		
Using communal refuse dump	0	0		
Using own refuse dump	0	0		
Other rubbish disposal	0	0		
No rubbish disposal	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level sub-total	0	0		
Below Minimum Service Level percentage	0%	0%		
Total number of households	4 944	5 703		

Table 66: Waste Management Service Delivery Levels

e) Employees: Waste Management

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Solid Waste Services				
2016/17			2	2017/18	
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	28	36	32	4	11.11
4 - 6	5	11	6	5	45.45
7 - 9	3	10	8	2	20
10 - 12	0	1	0	1	100
13 - 15	1	1	0	1	100
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	59	46	13	22.03

Table 67: Employees: Waste Management

f) Capital: Waste Management

	2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget
Total All	120 000	52 000	20 600	60%
Refuse Equipment	120 000	52 000	20 600	60%

Table 68: Capital Expenditure 2017/18: Waste Management

3.3.5 Housing

a) Introduction to Housing

Housing need:

The need for an integrated residential development approach that address the whole spectrum of residential needs has been identified and the following main income categories have been considered:

- Subsidy housing R0 R3 500 per month
- GAP housing R3 501-R15 000

Given the strategic decision to focus on subsidy and gap housing, the needs can be summarized as follows:

Subsidy	5 272
Gap	1 167

Table 69: Housing needs

b) Highlights: Housing

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Approval of the Citrusdal, River View Housing Project	163 sites are in the process of being serviced
Approval of the Lamberts Bay Housing Project	168 houses are currently in the planning phase

c) Challenges: Housing

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address	
Influx of illegal residents in River View and Khayelitsha	The Municipality appointed a security company to assist with the monitoring and break down of illegal structures to prevent the influx of illegal residents	
No housing developments in Clanwilliam due to a shortage of bulk electricity	Negotiations are underway between Eskom and the Municipality to resolve this issue	
Increase of 19% in the waiting list for Cederberg Municipal Area. The increase in number on the waiting list in because of people moving into the area because of job opportunities	The Municipality is investigating possibilities to remedy the situation	

Description	Actions to address
in the agriculture sector, as well as the possibility of the rising of the dam wall	

Table 70: Housing Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels

The following table shows the increase in the number of people on the housing waiting list. There are current approximately 6 439 households on the waiting list.

Financial year	Number of housing units on waiting list	% Housing waiting list increase/(decrease)
2016/17	5 385	1%
2017/18	6 439	19.5%

Table 71: Housing Waiting List

A summary of houses built, includes:

Financial year	Allocation	Amount spent	% spent	Number of houses	Number of sites	
Financial year	R'000	R'000	% spent	built	serviced	
2016/17	536	536	100	0	0	
2017/18	1 323	0	0	0	0	

Table 72: Houses Built and Sites Services

e) Employees: Housing

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Housing							
	2016/17		2017/18					
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltin equivalents)		Vacancies (as a % of total posts)			
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%			
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0			
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0			
7 - 9	2	3	2	1	33			
10 - 12	1	1	1	0	0			
13 - 15	1	1	1	0	0			
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0			
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	4	5	4	1	20			

Table 73: Employees: Housing

3.3.6 FREE BASIC SERVICES AND INDIGENT SUPPORT

a) Introduction

The table indicates the percentage of indigent households that have access to free basic municipal services. In accordance with the approved Indigent Policy of the Municipality, all households earning less than R2 800 per month will receive the free basic services as prescribed by national policy. The table, furthermore, indicates the total number of indigent households and other households that received free basic services in the past two financial years.

The table below indicates that 29.86% of the total number of households received free basic services in 2017/18 financial year:

	Number of households								
Financial year Total no of HH	Total no of	Free Basic Electricity		Free Basic Water		Free Basic Sanitation		Free Basic Refuse Removal	
	НН	No. Access	%	No. Access	%	No. Access	%	No. Access	%
2016/17	2 247	1 984	99%	2 012	100%	1 950	97%	2 012	100%
2017/18	2 005	2 005	100%	1 936	97%	1 859	93%	1 939	97%

Table 74: Free Basic Services to Indigent Households

Electricity									
	Indi	gent Househ	olds	Non-indigent households			Households in Eskom areas		
Financial year	No. of	Unit per	Value	No. of	Unit per	Value	No. of	Unit per	Value
	HH (kwh)		R	НН	HH (kwh)	R	НН	HH (kwh)	R
2016/17	1 984	50	140 864	7 515	120	77 869	22	120	168 004
2017/18	2 005	50	128 625	9 233	120	92 634	22	120	178 080

Table 75: Free Basic Electricity Services to Indigent Households

Water							
	Indigent Households			Non-indigent households			
Financial year		D value ner UU	Value	No. of HH	D value ner UU	Value	
	No. of HH	R value per HH	R	NO. OI HH	R value per HH	R	
2016/17	2 012	6	780 612	4 937	25	17 432	
2017/18	1 936	6	874 803	4 960	25	28 956	

Table 76: Free Basic Water Services to Indigent Households

Sanitation							
	Indigent Households			Non-indigent households			
Financial year	No. of HH	B value per UU	Value	No. of HH	B value per UU	Value	
	NO. OI HH	R value per HH	R	NO. OI HH	R value per HH	R	
2016/17	1 950	152	3 348	4 408	152	7 191	
2017/18	1 859	162	3 564	4 665	162	11 528	

Table 77: Free Basic Sanitation Services to Indigent Households

Refuse Removal							
	Indigent Households Non-indigent households					olds	
Financial year	No of IIII	Service per HH	Value	No of IIII	Davidson on IIII	Value	
	No. of HH	per week	R	No. of HH	R value per HH	R	
2016/17	2 012	1	379 684	5 023	1	5 609	
2017/18	1 939	1	428 819	5 703	1	8 114	

Table 78: Free Basic Refuse Removal Services to Indigent Households

Financial Performance 2017/18: Cost to Municipality of Free Basic Services Delivered							
	2016/17	2017/18					
Services Delivered	Actual	Budget	Budget Adjustment Budget				
		R					
Water	822 183	780 611	874 803	1 054 218			
Sanitation	3 349 400	3 348 043	3 563 762	3 518 565			
Electricity	183 600	168 004	187 052	195 350			
Refuse	403 025	379 684	428 819	563 913			

Table 79: Cost to Municipality of Free Basic Services Delivered

3.4 COMPONENT B: ROAD TRANSPORT

3.4.1 ROADS AND STORMWATER

a) Introduction to Roads and Stormwater

Cederberg Municipality has a Pavement Management System (PMS) which was compiled in 2013. This document comprises of network level proposals for the maintenance of paved and unpaved roads in the municipal area, through an assessment of the network based on methodical visual ratings of each road section. Although it was envisaged that the PMS would be updated every two years, there is still a major backlog in the total length of the network which requires upgrading or rehabilitation. This backlog is as a result of limited funding provisions for operations and maintenance of infrastructure over the years.

The total length of our paved network is 101 km. The average condition of the network can be rated as poor to very poor, with more than 50% of the surfacing in the poor to very poor category.

The total unpaved network is 18 km. The average condition of the unpaved network can be rated as fair to poor.

The Citrusdal Upgrade Roads and Stormwater Infrastructure Project was registered with the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) following prioritisation through the PMS. The total project estimate at project registration was R61 180 161. The MIG registered amount is R38 543 501, which requires counter-funding by the Municipality of R22 636 660. Only R17 781 285 has been spent to date on the project due to the inadequate annual MIG allocation.

In the financial year under review, another phase of this Citrusdal multi-year roads and stormwater project was implemented and R5 603 722 was spent on the following upgrades:

- Graveyard Road (360m): Upgraded from gravel to premix including paved sidewalks and 160m of stormwater upgrade
- Cederberg Academy Road (247m): Upgraded from gravel to cape seal road including 247m of stormwater upgrades and a subsoil drain
- Nieuwoudt Street: 162m of 1500x900 stormwater culverts

It is a challenge to secure sufficient funding for the maintenance of our roads, therefore the Municipality utilises the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) for most of the yearly maintenance programmes. Approximately R2.4 million was spent on the maintenance and rehabilitation of roads in the 2017/18 financial year.

The Municipality's stormwater drainage network consists of 31 km of a piped system and open drainage channels. The drainage system of Citrusdal is the poorest and this is being addressed with the MIG project currently being implemented. Maintenance and cleaning of the existing stormwater system is conducted on an annual basis to alleviate blockages that cause flooding.

b) Highlights: Roads and Stormwater

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlight	Description
Resealing of roads in Graafwater	Resealing of Lambrechts Single Road (800m) and Erasmus van Zyl Street (100m)
Paving of sidewalks	Block paving of sidewalks was completed in Lamberts Bay
Pothole repairs	General pothole repairs were conducted with available budget in all towns
Rehabilitation of main road in Clanwilliam	Casting of 520m ² of concrete in the main road of Clanwilliam
Slurry seal of streets in Clanwilliam	Slurry seals were completed for Visser Street (100m), Mark Street (65m) and Crystal Waters Street (7m)
EPWP work opportunities	17 EPWP work opportunities were created on road projects involving the maintenance of roads and paving works.
Lr Wr Work opportunities	Elands Bay (3 workers) Lamberts bay (3 workers) Graafwater (4 workers), Clanwilliam (4 workers) and Citrusdal (3 workers)

Table 80: Roads Highlights

c) Challenges: Roads and Stormwater

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address		
Outdated Pavement Management System	Sections of the Pavement Management System must be updated and budgetary provision must be made to implement the plan		

Description	Actions to address		
Insufficient funding to maintain ageing infrastructure	Budgetary provision must be made for the maintenance of infrastructure		
Unpaved sidewalks contribute to the clogging of the stormwater drainage system	Projects for paving of sidewalks are to be registered for funding		

Table 81: Roads Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels and Statistics: Roads

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Gravel Road Infrastructure: Kilometres							
Year Total gravel roads (km) New gravel roads Gravel roads Gravel roads constructed (km) Upgraded to tar (km) Gravel roads graded/maintained (km)							
2016/17	19	0	0	2			
2017/18	18	0	0.61	2			

Table 82: Gravel Road Infrastructure

Tarred Road Infrastructure: Kilometres						
Year	Total tarred roads (km)			Existing tar roads re-sheeted (km)	Tar roads maintained (km)	
2016/17	100	0	0	1	4	
2017/18	101	0.61	0	1.1	4	

Table 83: Tarred Road Infrastructure

The table below shows the costs involved for the maintenance and construction of roads within the municipal area:

	Gravel			Tar		
Financial year	New	Gravel - Tar	Maintained	New	Re-worked	Maintained
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
2016/17	0	2 520	270	0	0	550
2017/18	0	5 000	200	0	0	2 000

Table 84: Cost of Construction/Maintenance of Roads

e) Services Delivery Levels and Statistics: Stormwater

The table below shows the total kilometers of stormwater system maintained and upgraded, as well as the kilometers of new stormwater pipes installed:

Stormwater Infrastructure: Kilometres					
Year Total stormwater measures (km)		New stormwater measures (km)	Stormwater measures upgraded (km)	Stormwater measures maintained (km)	
2016/17	30	0	0	3	
2017/18	31	0.6	0	3	

Table 85: Waste Water (Stormwater) Services Delivery Statistics

Table 86: The table below indicates the amount of money spend on storm water projects:

Stormwater Measures				
Year	New	Upgraded	Maintained	
2016/17	0	0	270 000	
2017/18	600 000	0	240 000	

Table 87: Waste Water (Stormwater) Services Delivery Statistics - Financials

f) Employees: Roads

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

Employees: Roads						
	2016/17	2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Posts Employees		Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	14	20	16	4	20	
4 - 6	7	24	15	9	37.50	
7 - 9	3	7	6	1	14.29	
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0	
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	24	41	37	14	34.15	

Table 88: Employees: Roads

g) Employees: Waste Water (Stormwater)

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

Employees: Waste Water (Stormwater)					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	4	9	4	5	56
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0
7 - 9	0	1	1	0	0
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	10	5	5	50

Table 89: Employees: Waste Water (Stormwater)

3.5 COMPONENT C: PLANNING AND LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (LED)

3.5.1 PLANNING

a) Introduction to Planning

Land use planning for Cederberg Municipality is handled by the Department of Town Planning and Building Control. The 2016/17 planning challenges rolled-over to the 2017/18 financial year due to budget constraints. Furthermore, the appointed Candidate Planner is in the process of obtaining his professional qualification. However, the Cederberg Municipality has approved and adopted the Cederberg Spatial Development Framework in December 2017.

b) Highlights: Planning

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Adoption of the Cederberg Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	Council approved the Cederberg SDF 2017-2022
Obtained a mandate from Council to adopt a process to implement an integrated zoning scheme	Council granted the requested mandate to adopt a process to implement an integrated zoning scheme (as required by SPLUMA and LUPA legislations)
Obtained Council's approval in respect of the introduction of proposed amendments to the existing by-law on municipal land use planning	Council granted the introduction of proposed amendments to the existing by-law on municipal land use planning in order to improve/amend Cederberg's by-law

Table 90: Planning Highlights

c) Challenges: Planning

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Lack of human resources	Provision must be made to appoint an administrative assistant, a building control officer and a qualified professional town planner
Limited network capabilities with regards to reliable internet access and updating relevant data	The IT department should facilitate the upgrade of the network to enhance internet access
Limited printing and scanning facilities	Budgetary provision must be made to procure an A0/A1 scanner and printer

Table 91: Planning Challenges

d) Service Delivery Levels: Planning

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Applications for Land Use Development					
Detail	Formalisation	of Townships	Rezoning		
Detail	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2017/18	
Planning application received	0	0	69	103	
Applications not approved	0	0	0	0	
Applications closed	0	0	68	98	
Applications outstanding at year end	0	0	1	5	
Awaiting DEA&DP decision	0	0	1	0	

Table 92: Applications for Land Use Development

Type of service	2016/17	2017/18	
Building plans application processed	194	190	
Total surface (m²)	29 664	17 975	
Approximate value	R173 539 280	R80 887 500	
Residential extensions	17 076m²	9 269m²	
Land use applications processed	69	98	

Table 93: Additional Performance Town Planning and Building Control

2017/18

e) Employees: Planning

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

Employees: Planning					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0
7 - 9	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 12	2	2	2	0	0
13 - 15	1	2	1	1	50
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	4	3	1	25

Table 94: Employees: Planning

3.5.2 LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (INCLUDING TOURISM AND MARKET PLACES)

Local Economic Development (LED) is a cross-cutting discipline and is reliant upon all the departments within the Municipality in order to be successful. The Municipality has recognised the importance of LED as a vehicle for growth and poverty alleviation and has committed itself to create an enabling environment within which economic growth and development can be achieved.

The Cederberg Municipality LED Unit is working hard to create institutional capacity and the necessary policies and procedures to ensure that LED becomes ingrained in the way that we do things in the Municipality.

a) Highlights: LED

The table below includes the highlights with the implementation of the LED Strategy:

Highlights	Description
Development of LED Implementation Plan	An implementation plan was developed with timelines and activities per ward. Although not all the objectives were met, the implementation plan provided a solid framework and guide in respect of creating practical solutions to matters affecting economic development and job creation
LED One Stop Shop / Library Business Zone	The Library Business Zone (LBZ) was launched in Citrusdal in May 2018, with a view to become a resource for SMME's and entrepreneurs
Development of Informal Trade Policy	The Informal Trade Policy addresses many key issues in respect of informal trading within the Municipality, including events, law enforcement and the creation of structures to organise informal trading in the municipal area

Table 95: LED Highlights

2017/18

b) Challenges: LED

The table below includes the challenges with the implementation of the LED Strategy:

Description	Actions to address
Lack of financial and human resources	A number of catalytic interventions do require financial resources and suitably skilled personnel to implement them. These challenges to be addressed through budgeting process and review of the organisational structure
The drought that was experienced across the Western Cape Province had a very negative effect on economic development. The agricultural sector, as well as tourism, was severely affected	It is important to identify industries that are less vulnerable to environmental conditions and create mechanisms for the struggling industries to survive the difficult conditions

Table 96: Challenges LED

c) Employees: LED

	Employees: LED					
	2016/17 2017/18					
Job Level Employees Posts		Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0	
7 - 9	3	3	3	0	0	
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0	
13 - 15	1	1	1	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	4	4	4	0	0	

Table 97: Employees: LED

3.5.3 TOURISM

a) Introduction to Tourism

The Cederberg Integrated Tourism Development and Marketing Strategy that was developed in 2013 continuous to serve as the guide for all the activities of this department.

Tourism is one of the main growth and job-creating sectors in the local economy. The strategy will guide the enhancement of existing tourism products and develop new sustainable tourism commodities to achieve an optimum mix that will attract specific market

Five strategic objectives were identified:

	Strategic Objective	Sub-Objective
) † 1	Tourism Development: Unlock the true tourism potential of the Cederberg through the development of a range of new and existing tourism products, experiences and events that fulfil visitor requirements and maximize income, contributing to local economic development and growth.	 1.1 Community Based Tourism: Mainstream community based tourism initiatives by implementing a portfolio of marketable tourism products and services in hitherto marginalized, rural communities of the Cederberg e.g. Elands Bay and Wupperthal. 1.2 Catalytic Tourism Development Projects: Identify and develop new and existing portfolio of high-profile catalytic tourism products that will enhance the profile of the Cederberg as a national tourism destination of note. 1.3 Extreme Sports Tourism: Develop the Cederberg's extreme and adventure sports potential as a vibrant tourism sub-sector in the region. 1.4 Niche Tourism: Develop viable niche tourism sectors specifically birding, mountain biking routes, cultural and heritage routes, botanical/herb-tourism and agrotourism. 1.5 Events Tourism: Develop an exciting, well-planned portfolio of major and community events that stimulates inclusive economic growth, job-creation and promotes social cohesion and community development.
2	Tourism Transformation: Create conditions conducive for genuine, bottom-up tourism transformation and specifically the inclusion of previously disadvantaged areas and individuals in the Cederberg Tourism Association industry.	 2.1 Institutional Arrangements: Review and improve the current local tourism institutional arrangements in line with national policy guidelines. 2.2 Representativeness: Develop and implement a realistic blueprint for participation and inclusion of all sectors of the community with a stake in tourism. 2.3 Compliance with relevant legislation: Establish a mechanism that will facilitate and enforce applicable laws and regulations in the local tourism industry i.e. Tourism BEE Codes, BBBEE prescripts and others.
3	Tourism Marketing: Market and promote the Cederberg area as a world class, year-round, outdoor-adventure and cultural tourism destination.	 3.1 Digital destination marketing strategy: Develop and implement a cutting-edge digital marketing strategy based on a cost-effective and efficient electronic marketing portal and website. 3.2: Media exposure: Exploit the region's media exposure to increase tourist numbers. 3.3 Information Portal: Develop a comprehensive information portal where users can access current and accurate regional tourism and related information. 3.4Communication strategy: Develop an internal and external communication plan to improve lines of communication to fast track tourism development.
4.	Tourism Funding and Resource Mobilization: Develop and implement a sustainable tourism funding and resource model in support of Cederberg's development, growth and marketing objectives.	 4.1 Funding of LTO: Review and strengthen the current Municipal-LTO funding model in order to maximize marketing and development return on investment. 4.2 Resource Mobilization: Lobby national and provincial government, public entities, international funders and private companies to become partners in tourism development and marketing.
5.	Tourism Monitoring and Evaluation: Develop and implement a practical Monitoring and Evaluation system to monitor, review and assess the progress in tourism development and marketing.	 5.1 Tourism Research Intelligence: Set up a reliable tourism research and intelligence unit linked to a monitoring and evaluation component. 5.2 Source reliable tourism marketing statistics and development data that will assist in evaluating current initiatives and provide options for future developments.

Table 98: Tourism Strategic Objectives

b) Highlights: Tourism

The table below includes the highlights with the implementation of the Tourism Strategy:

Highlights	Description
Cederberg continues to play host to big and growing events	Various events such as the Freshpak Fitness Festival, Vans Surfing Festival, Oh Dam Jazz Festival were hosted in the area
Launching of the Cederberg Circuit Cycling Route in Citrusdal	Cycling and extreme sports are key components of the Tourism Strategy

Table 99: Highlights: Tourism

c) Challenges: Tourism

The table below includes the challenges with the implementation of the Tourism Strategy:

Description	Actions to address	
Slow pace of tourism transformation	Amendments to the service level agreement between the Municipality and the Local Tourism Organisations (LTO) regarding development and transformational aspects	
Lack of cohesion and integration between various local tourism associations regarding marketing	Cederberg Tourism to play a stronger coordinating role, also creating the regional tourism identity as opposed to each town promoting themselves individually	
Over-reliance on local tourism offices as mere information desks	Local tourism offices to become more multi-functional, rendering value-added services, eg booking office. Use of social media and tourism related apps will decrease dependency on information offices	

Table 100: Challenges: Tourism

d) Employees: Tourism

	Employees: Tourism					
2016/17			2017/18			
Job Level (T-grade)	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	1	0	1	100	
7 - 9	0	0	0	0	0	
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0	
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	1	0	1	100	

Table 101: Employees: Local Economic Development

3.6 COMPONENT D: COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES

3.6.1 LIBRARIES

a) Introduction to Libraries

Cederberg Municipality have 7 libraries and 1 wheelie wagon. The libraries are in the following areas:

Town	Number of libraries
Citrusdal	2
Clanwilliam	1
Graafwater	1
Lamberts Bay	1
Elands Bay	1
Wupperthal	1
Algeria	1 Wheelie Wagon

Table 102: Libraries in the Municipal Area

b) Highlights: Libraries

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlight	Description	
Wheelie wagons	Algeria Library received 2 wheelie wagons	
New library buildings	Elandsbay Bay's new library opened in July 2017	
Library for the blind projects	Clanwilliam received equipment for the library of the blind project and it has been setup	

Table 103: Libraries Highlights

c) Challenges: Libraries

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address	
Suppliers not listed on the database is a huge problem	Suppliers needs to register on the database. Forms should be distributed to these suppliers to complete	
Decrease in allocation of province	Must be addressed in budget meetings with Western Cape Provincial Library Services	

Table 104: Libraries Challenges

d) Service Statistics for Libraries

The table below specifies the service statistics for the year:

Service statistic	2016/17	2017/18
Library members	4 385	5 548
Books circulated	112 800	127 681
Exhibitions held	125	128
Internet users	5 328	4 125
New library service points or Wheelie Wagons	None	2
Children programs	50	58
Visits by school groups	200	89
Book group meetings for adults	0	0
Primary and Secondary Book Education Sessions	10	10

Table 105: Service Statistics for Libraries

e) Employees: Library Services

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

Employees: Libraries					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
0 - 3	2	2	2	0	0
4 - 6	8	8	8	0	0
7 - 9	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 12	7	7	7	0	0
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	17	17	17	0	0

Table 106: Employees: Libraries

f) Capital: Library Services

	2017/18			
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget
Total All	45 000	45 000	19 593.65	56%
MRFG equipment	45 000	45 000	19 593.65	56%

Table 107: Capital Expenditure: Libraries

3.6.2 CEMETERIES

a) Highlights: Cemeteries

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
EPWP cleaning programmes	Cleaning and upkeep of cemetery through EPWP programme
Land was availed to extend the existing cemeteries in Graafwater and Clanwilliam	Land was availed to extent the cemeteries, as the maximum capacity was reached
Clanwilliam ablution facilities was upgraded	Ablution facilities was refurbished and beautified

Table 108: Cemeteries Highlights

b) Challenges: Cemeteries

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Alignment of graves is a challenge due to undeveloped plots sold and buyers having to develop the plots themselves	The municipal tariff must include the development of the graves in order to address the issue
No ablution facilities for Graafwater, Citrusdal and Lamberts Bay	Funding applications must be submitted to obtain funding for build ablution facilities
Vandalism of cemeteries	Clanwilliam Cemetery ablution facility was historically vandalized, but recent upgrades addressed the issue. More security measure must be put in place to prevent vandalism
The Citrusdal Cemetery soil is rocky and not suitable for the digging of graves	Alternative suitable land options should be investigated
Capacity for cemeteries is limited	The option to extend cemeteries or to procure alternative land must be investigated
Replace fencing at Graafwater Cemetery	Funding applications must be submitted to obtain funding for the replacement of the fence

Table 109: Cemeteries Challenges

c) Service Statistics for Cemeteries

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Type of service	2016/17	2017/18
Burials	13	316

Table 110: Service Statistics for Cemeteries

3.7 COMPONENT G: SECURITY AND SAFETY

This component includes: traffic; law enforcement; fire and disaster management

3.7.1 LAW ENFORCEMENT

The Law Enforcement Section is responsible for enforcing municipal by laws in the area of jurisdiction

a) Highlights: Law Enforcement

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description	
Addressing of illegal structures	Notices are served and illegal structure are broken down	

Table 111: Law Enforcement Highlights

b) Challenges: Law Enforcement

The table below specify the challenge for the year:

Description	Actions to address	
Limited uniform supply	Budgetary provision must be made to procure uniforms	
Lack of safety equipment	Budgetary provision must be made to procure safety equipment	

Table 112: Law Enforcement Challenges

c) Service Statistics for Law Enforcement

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Details	2016/17	2017/18
Number of by-law infringements attended	793	46
Number of officers in the field on an average day	15	5
Number of officers on duty on an average day	15	6

Table 113: Service Statistics for Law Enforcement

d) Employees: Law Enforcement

	Employees: Law Enforcement					
	2016/17	2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0	
7 - 9	2	17	2	15	88.24	
10 - 12	0	0	0	0	0	
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	2	17	2	15	88.24	

Table 114: Employees: Law Enforcement

3.7.2 TRAFFIC SERVICES

The core function of the Traffic Services is to ensure a safe road environment, for all road users. This can only be achieved through the promotion of effective and efficient Traffic Law Enforcement. Furthermore, the following services are rendered;

- Learner licenses
- Driving licenses
- · Registration and licensing of vehicles
- Roadworthiness of vehicles

a) Highlights: Traffic Services

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	hlights Description	
Policing of events	Various major events were hosted during which the department successfully regulated the traffic flow and policed the events without any incidents	
Decline in accidents	There was a decline in accidents	

Table 115: Traffic Services Highlights

b) Challenges: Traffic Services

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Challenges	Actions to address	
Vacant positions	Vacant positions must be advertised and filled	

Challenges	Actions to address	
Shortage of vehicles	Additional vehicles must be procured to address the shortage	
Inadequate uniforms and protective clothing for officers	Uniforms and protective clothing must be procured	
After hours services	Budgetary provision must be made to accommodate an officer on standby after hours	
Fencing of Citrusdal Traffic Centre to protect property against vandalism and theft	Budgetary provision must be made	

Table 116: Traffic Services Challenge

c) Additional Performance Service statistics for Traffic Services

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Details	2016/17	2017/18
Motor vehicle licenses processed	36 673	15 068
Learner driver licenses processed	1 559	1 121
Driver licenses processed	1 481	1 456
Driver licenses issued	401	300
Fines issued for traffic offenses	44 844	28 225
R-value of fines collected	4 935 200	3 885 268
Roadblocks held	63	25
Complaints attended to by Traffic Officers	220	10
Awareness initiatives on public safety	6	4
Number of road traffic accidents during the year	325	281
Number of officers in the field on an average day	3	1
Number of officers on duty on an average day	3	6

Table 117: Service Statistics for Traffic Services

d) Employees: Traffic Services

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

Employees: Traffic Services							
	2016/17		2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltime vacancies (as a equivalents) of total posts				
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%		
0 - 3	2	2	2	0	0		
4 - 6	1	2	1	1	50		
7 - 9	3	3	3	0	0		
10 - 12	7	12	7	5	41.67		
13 - 15	1	2	1	1	50		

Employees: Traffic Services					
	2016/17	2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltime Vacancies (as a equivalents) of total posts			
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0
Total	14	21	14	7	33.33

Table 118: Employees: Traffic Services

3.7.3 FIRE SERVICES AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT

a) Introduction to Fire Services and Disaster Management

A memorandum of understanding exists between West Coast District Municipality and Cederberg Municipality to perform the responsibilities of the Municipality regarding the structural phase and other related fire and rescue services. The Municipality's Fire and Disaster Department consist of only a Disaster and Fire Officer supported by the District Municipality.

b) Highlights: Fire Services and Disaster Management

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description	
Reduction in response time	Provincial Disaster Management Centres (PDMC) donate a fire truck which is stationed in Citrusdal. This resulted in a radical reduction of response time from 1 hour to between 10-15 minutes	
Internal capacity of Fire Fighter	PDMC have created an opportunity for municipalities to send candidates for fire fighter training and Cederberg Municipality was granted three seats	
Flood and fire awareness	The Municipality participated in a joint venture to host flood and fire awareness throughout the municipal area	

Table 119: Fire Services and Disaster Management Highlight

c) Challenges: Fire Services and Disaster Management

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Challenges	Actions to overcome	
Limited vehicles and equipment	Budgetary provision must be made to procure additional vehicles and equipment	
Accessibility to roads in informal settlements	Control and monitor the growth of the informal settlements	

Table 120: Fire Services and Disaster Management Challenges

d) Service Statistics for Fire Services and Disaster Management

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Details	2016/17	2017/18
Operational call-outs	270	1488
Awareness initiatives on fire safety	30	11 School / 4000 pupils
Total fires attended in the year	145	842
Average turnout time - urban areas	350 minutes	2 hours
Average turnout time - rural areas	350 minutes	3 hours

Table 121: Service Statistics for Fire Services

e) Employees: Fire Services and Disaster Management

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Fire Services and Disaster Management					
	2016/17	2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	1	0	1	0	
7 - 9	0	7	0	7	100	
10 - 12	1	1	1	0	0	
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	1	9	1	8	88.88	

Table 122: Employees: Fire Services and Disaster Management

3.8 COMPONENT H: SPORT AND RECREATION

3.8.1 SPORT AND RECREATION

a) Highlights: Sport and Recreation

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description		
Construction of a cricket pitch	A cricket pitch was constructed for practice purposes in Graafwater South sport field		

Highlights	Description
Upgrade of the Graafwater North sports facility	The upgrade of the sport facility included the installation of 3 new overhead lights, replacement of pavilion seats, construction of fencing, resurfacing of athletics track
Installation of 3 new overhead lighting	Installation of 3 new overhead lights at the Graafwater North sports field
Upgrade of the Koffiekan Hall	Painting were completed of the Koffiekan Hall
Sports clubs were established in Citrusdal	Affiliated sport clubs were established for the following sports codes in Citrusdal: rugby, netball and cricket
Upgrade of the Clanwilliam sports facility	The upgrade of the sports ground commenced with the resurfacing of the field, upgrade of the pavilion, proper fencing and new cricket nets
Upgrade of the Lamberts Bay sports facility	The upgrade of the entrance roads and gates, as well as paving were completed

Table 123: Sport and Recreation Highlight

b) Challenges: Sport and Recreation

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address		
Lack of funding for the upgrade of sport facilities throughout the municipal area	Funding applications must be prepared and submitted		
Management of sport activities in the municipal area	Appointment of a dedicated sports coordinator and the implementation of facility management committees per town		
Vandalism at sport and recreation facilities	Security measures must be put in place and law enforcement to provide support		
Sport codes competing for the use of a limited number of facilities leading to over use and damaging of facilities	Investigate the possibility to establish more sport facilities		

Table 124: Sport and Recreation Challenge

c) Service Statistics for Sport and Recreation

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Type of service	2016/17	2017/18			
Community parks					
Number of parks with play park equipment	4	4			
Number of wards with community parks	6	3			
Sport fields					
Number of wards with sport fields	6	6			
Number of sport associations utilizing sport fields	20	20			
R-value collected from utilization of sport fields	R205 258.87	R66 924.94			
Sport halls					
Number of wards with sport halls	4	3			
Number of sport associations utilizing sport halls	20	13			

Type of service	2016/17	2017/18			
Community parks					
R-value collected from rental of sport halls R205 258.87 R6 318.30					

Table 125: Service Statistics for Sport and Recreation

d) Capital: Sport and Recreation

The following table indicates the capital expenditure for this division:

	2017/18				
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget	
Total All	650 000	554 000	514 988.08	7%	
Upgrade of Sport Fields	350 000	76 000	51 830.00	32%	
Fencing of Tennis Court Lamberts Bay	0	104 610	90 667.34	13%	
Fencing of Nuweland Speelparkie	0	88 390	88 390.00	0%	
Entrance Upgrade Beautification- Resorts Clanwilliam	150 000	110 000	109 100.74	1%	
Entrance Upgrade Beautification- Caravan Park Lamberts Bay	150 000	175 000	175 000	0%	

Table 126: Capital Expenditure 2017/18: Sport and Recreation

3.9 COMPONENT I: CORPORATE POLICY OFFICES AND OTHER SERVICES

This component includes: executive and council; financial services; human resource services; ICT services; legal services; and procurement services.

3.9.1 EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL

This component includes: Executive office (mayor; councilors; and municipal manager).

a) Highlights: Executive and Council

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description		
Obtaining 100% funding for the completion and construction of the desalination plant in Lamberts Bay	An amount of R22 million and R6 million respectively have been secured from DWS and the Department of Local Government to complete the desalination plant. Date of completion is March 2019		
Provision of housing	Infrastructure development and housing projects in Riverview (162 IRDP sites) and Lamberts Bay (492 IRDP sites) have started		
Review and down-scaling of macro organogram	Macro structure has been down scaled from 4 directorates to 2 directorates with a cost saving of R2 million per annum		

Highlights	Description		
Strengthening of Council's finances by alienation of commonage land in Lamberts Bay	Economic development has been stimulated with the opening of the Ceder Mill Mall in Clanwilliam and identification of immovable assets and approval of the alienation thereof for industrial and residential development		

Table 127: Executive and Council Highlights

b) Challenges: Executive and Council

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address		
Financial sustainability	The review of immovable assets and alienation thereof, as well as the implementation of credit control measures and the development of a long-term financial plan		
Obtain funding to secure much needed bulk electrification upgrade in Clanwilliam to stimulate further development	Formal applications have been submitted to relevant government institutions to secure funding parallel to the raising of the Clanwilliam Dam		
Aged bulk infrastructure	Applications have been submitted to the relevant government institutions to secure funding		
Control of the influx of illegal persons and improvement of informal settlement Khayelitsha Clanwilliam	Application for funding to ensure monitoring and restructuring of the informal settlement and securing of basic services has been submitted to the Department of Human Settlements		

Table 128: Executive and Council Challenges

3.9.2 FINANCIAL SERVICES

The Finance Department is responsible for the Financial Strategy and overall financial management. This department is also responsible for ensuring financial balance in the Municipality, compliance with relevant legislation, regulation and governance practices and the MFMA.

a) Highlights: Financial Services

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description
Clean Audit achieved in 16/17	The Municipality achieved a clean audit and is still progressing to maintain this status
Long term Financial Strategy	Due to the growing poverty and people whom are jobless all avenues to enhance the Municipality's revenue base has been investigated. A long-term financial strategy was compiled and adopted by Council
Replacement project of faulty water meters	Funding was received and faulty water meters were replaced in Clanwilliam and Citrusdal

Table 129: Financial Services Highlights

b) Challenges: Financial Services

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address		
Growing Indigent base and influx in informal settlements	Strict verification process to register on Indigent Register and working closely with other Provincial and National Departments to address the growing indigent base		
Struggling economy and growth	A long-term financial strategy was compiled and adopted by Council which include measure to address the issue		
Implementing Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (MSCOA)	Several challenges for the Municipality and service providers to integrate programmes and work streams. An action and project plan were compiled and closely adhered to		

Table 130: Financial Services Challenges

c) Debt Recovery

The following table represents the debt recovery for the financial years 2016/17 and 2017/18:

	Debt Recovery					
Details of the	2016/17			2017/18		
types of account raised and recovered	Billed in Year	Actual for accounts billed in year	Pro-portion of accounts value billed that were collected %	Billed in Year	Actual for accounts billed in year	Pro-portion of accounts value billed that were collected %
Property Rates	41 427 081	36 171 816	87%	41 372 155	37 233 630	90%
Electricity	54 754 818	52 903 841	97%	80 821 540	75 414 466	93%
Water	31 284 799	25 365 939	81%	23 925 988	15 819 217	66%
Sanitation	11 882 142	8 726 323	73%	9 170 093	5 542 651	60%
Refuse	9 617 891	7 232 031	75%	8 492 351	5 339 404	63%

Table 131: Debt Recovery

d) Employees: Financial Services

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Finance					
2016/17 2017/18						
Job Level	Employees	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltime Vacancies (as a sequivalents) of total posts)				
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	10	11	10	1	9.09	
7 - 9	13	20	13	7	35	
10 - 12	8	10	8	2	20	

	Employees: Finance					
2016/17		2017/18				
Job Level	Employees	Posts Employees Vacancies (fulltime Vacancies (as a equivalents) of total posts)				
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
13 - 15	1	1	1	0	0	
16 - 18	2	2	2	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	34	44	34	10	22.73	

Table 132: Employees: Financial Services

3.9.3 HUMAN RESOURCE SERVICES

a) Introduction to Human Resource Services

The Human Resource Department has a staff component comprising of the following positions:

- Manager: Human Resources
- 4 x HR Practitioners responsible for:
 - Training, EAP & EPAS
 - Health & Safety
 - Recruitment & Selection and Support
 - Labour Relations
- 1 x Human Resource Administrator responsible for all administrative functions pertaining to leave, medical aid, pension, UIF, etc
- The HR department also made provision for two succession planning positions (for the 2018/19 financial year) in order to ensure a smooth transition and seamless continuation of the service when current senior HR staff members opt to retire.

(i) Filing of vacant posts

The Cederberg Municipality, a low to medium capacity Municipality, is rated as a Category 3 Municipality and it must still compete with higher graded, higher income municipalities for the available skills in the region, the province and ultimately the country. With that challenge in mind, the Municipality must still endeavour to appoint the right people with the right skills and competencies at the right time to achieve the organisation's strategic plan. Filling vacant, critical positions is a challenge for a municipality sized and categorised as the Cederberg Municipality, because skilled people can earn much more at a higher graded municipality or in the private sector.

In 2017/18 financial year, the Cederberg Municipality has filled 13 vacancies, of which 8 were external appointments, whilst 13 staff members left the employment of the Municipality during the same financial year.

(ii) Recruitment and selection

The Cederberg Municipality adopted a revised Recruitment and Selection Policy, and such policy was reviewed in May 2018 for the 2018/19 financial year. The aim of the policy is to streamline the appointment of personnel whilst keeping within the legal framework as enshrined in the various pieces of labour related legislation.

(iii) Labour Relations

It is imperative that good industrial relations are fostered between the employer and employees. Employees are engaged on certain structures created by the Local Government Bargaining Council to address issues of mutual interest to the employer and the employees. These structures are:

- Health & Safety
- Local Labour Forum (LLF)

	Occupational Health & Safety 2017/18					
	OHS					
	Compensation for Occupational Injuries Injuries Applications Compensation for Occupational Injuries Applications (III) Disabling Injuries Health)					
Temp	9	9	0	0		
Perm	24	24	0	0		

Table 133: Occupational Health and Safety 2017/18

The Safety and health of our employees and their families are of the utmost importance to the Council. Therefore all possible steps are taken to ensure a healthy and safe working environment.

The Health and Safety policy and plan have been submitted to Council for review, as well as the Employee Wellness Policy.

The number of injuries on duty has steadily increased over time and 19 injuries were reported of which 19 injuries went through the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases (COID) process whereby injuries reported to the Compensation Commissioner.

b) Highlights: Human Resources

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description	
Occupational Health and Safety	Cederberg appointed a new Health and Safety Officer	
Skills Development	A New Municipal Finance Management Programme (MFMP) class has started to address the legislated minimum competency requirements	
Staff wellness	Cederberg took part in the better together games for the second time and brought home a few medals	

Table 134: Human Resources Highlights

c) Challenges: Human Resources

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Challenges	Actions to address	
Limited skilled development due to budgetary constraints	Budgetary provision must be made and application submitted to obtain additional funding sourced	

Table 135: Human Resources Challenges

d) Employees: Human Resources

The following table indicates the staff composition for this division:

	Employees: Human Resource Services					
2016/17 2017/18			/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts (approved)	Employees (posts filled)	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0	
7 - 9	0	0	0	0	0	
10 - 12	4	5	4	1	20	
13 - 15	0	0	0	0	0	
16 - 18	1	1	1	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	5	6	5	1	17	

Table 136: Employees: Human Resources

3.9.4 Information and Communication Technology Services

a) Introduction to Information and Communication Technology (ICT) Services

It is responsible IT to ensure that all technical systems of the Municipality are functioning and operating effectively. Backups are done daily and stored for safekeeping. The maintenance of the municipal system and financial systems are outsourced. The network and computer hardware are maintained by the IT department. Structural changes to the website are also done by IT. The Municipality has grown from 50 devices (computers) to almost 200 devices within 5 years.

b) Highlights: ICT Services

Highlights	Description	
ICT policies and the Governance Framework	Various ICT policies and the Governance Framework has been	
Audit findings	The section has addressed most of the previous audit finding	

2017/18

Highlights	Description	
Established Cederberg Municipalities first ICT Steering Committee	The first ICT Steering Committee has been established	

Table 137: ICT Highlights

c) Challenges: ICT Services

Description	Actions to address	
Lack of Disaster Recovery	An ICT Audit must be conducted and recommendations will be used to compile a 5 year ICT Strategy	
Old ICT Infrastructure	An ICT Audit must be conducted and recommendations will be used to compile a 5 year ICT Strategy	
Inadequate Financial Resources	Budgetary provision must be made to address ICT needs	

Table 138: ICT Challenges

d) Employees: ICT

	Employees: ICT Services					
2016/17 2017/18			//18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts (approved)	Employees (posts filled)	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0	
7 - 9	0	1	0	1	100	
10 - 12	1	3	1	2	66.67	
13 - 15	1	1	1	0	0	
16 - 18	0	0	0	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	2	5	2	3	60	

Table 139: Employees: ICT

3.9.5 LEGAL SERVICES

Legal Services is responsible for the finalisation of all agreements concluded by the Municipality. The section provide legal input on policies, contracts, agreements, legislation, by-laws and authorities. The section also offers legal advice to various departments of the Municipality and ensure compliance in respect of the Constitution and legislation regulating municipal processes. We distribute all new relevant legislation and case law.

a) Highlights: Legal Services

Highlights	Description	
Finalisation of lease agreements, MOU's, MOA's contracts and SLA's	Documentation archived in the records section	

Highlights	Description		
Internal and external advisory role	Assistance to municipal manager, directors, managers, officials in general and assistance to external legal practices		
Activation of risk and compliance disciplines	Risk related policies and active participation of compliance users on the system		
Appointment of an intern for support and assistance	The vacancy has been filled		

Table 140: Legal Services Highlights

b) Challenges: Legal Services

Description	Actions to address
No delegations to finalise matters	Delegations register in progress of being finalised
No control over SLA register; tender register, contract register	Senior management to address this issue

Table 141: Legal Services Challenges

c) Employees: Legal Services

Employees: Legal Services						
	2016/17		2017/18			
Job Level	Employees	Posts	Posts Employees Vac		Vacancies (as a % of total posts)	
	No.	No. No. No.		No.	%	
0 - 3	0	0	0	0	0	
4 - 6	0	0	0	0	0	
7 - 9	0	2	1	1	50	
10 - 12	0	1	0	1	100	
13 - 15	0	1	0	1	100	
16 - 18	1	1	1	0	0	
19 - 20	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	1	5	2	3	60	

Table 142: Employees: Legal Services

3.9.6 PROCUREMENT SERVICES

a) Highlights: Procurement Services

The table below specifies the highlights for the year:

Highlights	Description	
Transparency	Provide the public with timely, accessible and accurate information. All supply chain management contracts in terms of Section 75 (1)(g) of the MFMA are published on the municipal website	

Highlights	Description
Compliance	Cederberg Municipality's SCM Policy complies with regulatory framework
Alignment of SCM processes and procedures that will ensure compliance	National and Provincial Treasury guidelines and regulations are strictly adhered to

Table 143: Procurement Services Highlights

b) Challenges: Procurement Services

The table below specifies the challenges for the year:

Description	Actions to address
Inadequate sourcing of goods and services	Development of procurement strategies
Lack of capacity	The SCM unit consist of only three officials

Table 144: Procurement Services Challenges

c) Service Statistics for Procurement Services

The table below specifies the service delivery levels for the year:

Description	Total No	Monthly Average	Daily Average
Requests processed	2 669	222	11
Orders processed	2 093	174	8.7
Requests cancelled or referred back	576	48	2.4

Table 145: Service Statistics for Procurement Division

d) Details of Deviations for Procurement Services

Type of deviation	Number of deviations	Value of deviations R	Percentage of total deviations value
Clause 36(1)(a)(i)-Emergency	9	487 648	44%
Clause 36(1)(a)(ii)-Sole Supplier	22	571 006	52%
Clause 36(1)(a)(vii) ad-hoc repairs to plant and equipment where it is not possible to ascertain the nature or extent of the work required in order to call for bids	1	29 980	2.7%
Clause 36(1)(a)(viii)- workshop strip and quote	1	14 800	1.3%
Total	33	1 103 434	100%

Table 146: Statistics of Deviations from the SCM Policy

3.10 COMPONENT I: SERVICE DELIVERY PRIORITIES FOR 2018/19

The main development and service delivery priorities for 2018/19 forms part of the Municipality's Top Layer SDBIP for 2018/19 and are indicated in the table below as per strategic objective:

3.10.1 Development and transformation of the institution to provide a people-centred human resources and administrative service to citizens, staff and Council

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL1	The number of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in compliance with the equity plan as at 30 June 2019	Number of people employed	All	1
TL2	The percentage of the municipality's personnel budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan by 30 June 2019 [(Actual amount spent on training/total operational budget)x100]	% of the municipality's personnel budget on training by 30 June 2019 (Actual amount spent on training/total personnel budget)x100	All	0.50%
TL3	Complete the annual Risk Assessment and submit the strategic and operational risk register to the Risk Committee by 31 March 2019	Strategic and operational risk register submitted to the Risk Committee	All	1
TL4	Review the Standing Rules of Order and submit to Council for approval by 30 September 2018	Reviewed Standing Rules of Order submitted to Council for approval	All	1
TL5	Review the Performance Management Framework and submit to Council for approval by 31 May 2019	Performance Management Framework developed and submitted to Council	All	1
TL6	Fill 90% of budgeted vacancies by 30 June 2019 (Total budget vacancies filled/Total budgeted vacancies) x 100	Percentage of budgeted vacancies filled	All	90%
TL7	Review the Organogram and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	Organogram submitted to Council	All	1
TL8	Procure an electronic Record Management System by 31 December 2018	Record Management System procured	All	1
TL9	Procure an electronic system for the maintenance of the Organisational Structure by 30 June 2019	Electronic system for the Organisational Structure procured	All	1
TL10	Spend 90% of the approved budget for the upgrade of the ICT network infrastructure by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/Approved budget for the project)x100]	Percentage budget spent	All	90%
TL11	Upgrade the telephone system by 30 June 2019	Telephone system upgraded	All	1
TL12	Develop a 5 year ICT Strategic Plan and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	5 year ICT Strategic Plan submitted to Council	All	1

Table 147: Development and transformation of the institution to provide a people-centred human resources and administrative service to citizens, staff and Council

2017/18

3.10.2 Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and human settlements i.e. Housing development and informal settlement upgrade

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL35	Develop an Informal Settlement Management Plan and submit to Council by 31 December 2018	Informal Settlement Management Plan submitted to Council	All	1
TL36	Develop an Informal Human Settlements Integration Strategy and submit to Council by 30 June 2019	Informal Human Settlements Integration Strategy submitted to Council	All	1
TL47	Construct 100 top structures in Lamberts Bay Pr.No.114 by 30 June 2019	Number of top structures constructed	5	100
TL48	Service 167 sites in Lamberts Bay, Ph1 Pr.No.114 by 30 June 2019	Number of sites serviced	5	167
TL57	Service 185 sites in Lamberts Bay by 30 June 2019	Number of sites serviced	5	185

Table 148: Enable a resilient, sustainable, quality and inclusive living environment and human settlements i.e. Housing development and informal settlement upgrade

3.10.3 Facilitate, expand and nurture sustainable economic growth and eradicate poverty

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL37	Spend 90% of the approved project budget to assist the elderly with transport (Graafwater to Clanwilliam) by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project) x100]	Percentage budget spend	All	90%
TL49	Establish a Business Development Forum with organised business for the municipal area by 31 December 2018	Business Development Forum established	All	1
TL50	Conduct training initiatives with SMME's during the 2018/19 financial year	Number of training initiatives conducted	All	4
TL51	Develop a Preferential Procurement Policy and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	Preferential Procurement Policy submitted to Council	All	1
TL52	Conduct an Investment Promotion Indaba by 30 September 2018	Investment Promotion Indaba conducted	All	1
TL53	Develop an Investment Promotion Action Plan and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	Investment Promotion Action Plan submitted to Council	All	1
TL54	Develop a Destination of Choice Action Plan and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	Destination of Choice Action Plan submitted to Council	All	1
TL55	Develop a new Tourism Strategy for Cederberg municipal area and submit to Council by 31 December 2018	Tourism Strategy submitted to Council	All	1
TL56	Spend 90% of the approved project budget for the development of Beehives for SMME's by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	Percentage budget spend	5	90%

i	Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL	L58	Create 127 jobs opportunities in terms of EPWP by 30 June 2019	Number of job opportunities created in terms of EPWP	All	127

Table 149: Facilitate, expand and nurture sustainable economic growth and eradicate poverty

3.10.4 Financial viability and economically sustainability

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL16	The percentage of the municipal capital budget actually spent on capital projects by 30 June 2019[(Amount actually spent on capital projects/ Amount budgeted for capital projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent on capital projects by 30 June 2019	All	90%
TL17	Financial viability measured in terms of the municipality's ability to meet it's service debt obligations as at 30 June 2019 (Short Term Borrowing + Bank Overdraft + Short Term Lease + Long Term Borrowing + Long Term Lease) / Total Operating Revenue - Operating Conditional Grant)	% of debt coverage	All	45%
TL18	Financial viability measured in terms of the outstanding service debtors as at 30 June 2019 (Total outstanding service debtors/ revenue received for services)	% of outstanding service debtors	All	30%
TL19	Financial viability measured in terms of the available cash to cover fixed operating expenditure as at 30 June 2019 ((Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unspent Conditional Grants - Overdraft) + Short Term Investment) / Monthly Fixed Operational Expenditure excluding (Depreciation, Amortisation, and Provision for Bad Debts, Impairment and Loss on Disposal of Assets))	Number of months it takes to cover fix operating expenditure with available cash	All	1
TL20	Spent 90% of the Financial Management Grant by 30 June 2019 [(Total actual grant expenditure/Total grant allocation received)x100]	% of FMG grant spent	All	90%
TL21	Submit financial statements to the Auditor- General by 31 August 2018	Approved financial statements submitted to the Auditor-General	All	1
TL22	Achievement of a payment percentage of 85% quarterly ((Gross Debtors Closing Balance + Billed Revenue - Gross Debtors Opening Balance + Bad Debts Written Off)/Billed Revenue) x 100	Payment % achieved	All	85%
TL23	Achieve an unqualified audit opinion by 31 March 2019 for the 2017/18 financial year	Unqualified Audit opinion received	All	1
TL24	Submit the draft main budget to Council for approval by 31 March 2019	Draft main budget submitted to Council for approval	All	1
TL25	Submit the adjustments budget to Council for approval by 28 February 2019	Adjustment budget submitted to Council for approval	All	1

Table 150: Financial viability and economically sustainability

3.10.5 Good Governance, Community Development & Public Participation

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL13	Spend 90% of approved maintenance budget for municipal buildings by 30 June 2019	Percentage budget spent	All	90%
TL14	Address 100% of ICT Audit finding by 30 June 2019	Percentage of Audit finding addressed	All	100%
TL34	Develop a Drought Communication Strategy and submit to Council by 31 July 2018	Drought Communication Strategy submitted to Council	All	1
TL85	Develop and submit the risk based audit plan for 2019/20 to the Audit Committee by 30 June 2019	Risk based audit plan submitted to the Audit Committee	All	1
TL86	Draft the annual performance report for 2017/18 and submit to the Auditor-General by 31 August 2018	Annual performance report for 2017/18 drafted and submitted to the Auditor-General	All	1
TL87	Compile and submit the draft annual report for 2017/18 to Council by 31 January 2019	Draft annual report for 2017/18 submitted to Council	All	1
TL88	Compile and submit the final annual report and oversight report for 2017/18 to Council by 31 March 2019	Final annual report and oversight report for 2017/18 submitted to Council	All	1
TL89	Submit the final reviewed IDP to Council by 31 May 2019	Final IDP submitted to Council	All	1

Table 151: Good Governance, Community Development & Public Participation

3.10.6 Improve and sustain basic service delivery and infrastructure development

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL15	Register emerging farmers of Graafwater on the financial billing system by 30 September 2018	Number of users registered	5	7
TL26	Number of formal residential properties that receive piped water (credit and prepaid water) that is connected to the municipal water infrastructure network and billed for the service as at 30 June 2019	Number of residential properties which are billed for water or have pre paid meters	All	4 950
TL27	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal electrical infrastructure network (credit and prepaid electrical metering)(Excluding Eskom areas) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2019	Number of residential properties which are billed for electricity or have pre paid meters (Excluding Eskom areas)	All	7 615
TL28	Number of formal residential properties connected to the municipal waste water sanitation/sewerage network for sewerage service, irrespective of the number of water closets (toilets) and billed for the service as at 30 June 2019	Number of residential properties which are billed for sewerage	All	4 315
TL29	Number of formal residential properties for which refuse is removed once per week and billed for the service as at 30 June 2019	Number of residential properties which are billed for refuse removal	All	4 950

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL30	Provide free basic water to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2019	Number of households receiving free basic water	All	2 000
TL31	Provide free basic electricity to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2019	Number of households receiving free basic electricity	All	1 950
TL32	Provide free basic sanitation to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2019	Number of households receiving free basic sanitation services	All	1 900
TL33	Provide free basic refuse removal to indigent households as per the requirements in the indigent policy as at 30 June 2019	Number of households receiving free basic refuse removal	All	2 000
TL38	Conduct an assessment of all non-core assets (e.g. resorts & caravan parks) and capital assets (land) and submit a report with recommendations to Council by 31 October 2018	Report submitted to Council	All	1
TL43	Upgrade play parks in Citrusdal	Number of play parks upgraded	5	1
TL44	Upgrade of sport field in Citrusdal	Number of sport fields upgraded	5	1
TL45	Construct fencing at rugby field in Algeria by 30 June 2019	Fence constructed	6	1
TL46	Spend 90% of the approved project budget for the beautification of in Elands Bay parks and open spaces [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	Percentage budget spent	5	90%
TL59	Complete the upgrade of the Clanwilliam Sport field by 30 June 2019	Project completed	3	1
TL60	Spend 90% of the capital budget on phase 3 of the Lamberts Bay Housing Bulk Electricity Upgrade by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on the project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	5	90%
TL61	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance budget for electricity services by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	90%
TL62	Spend 90% of the maintenance budget for roads and stormwater by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	90%
TL63	Complete the Citrusdal WWTW by 31 December 2018	Project completed	2	1
TL64	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance budget for waste water by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	90%
TL65	Spend 100% of the MIG grant by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on MIG Grant/ Approved MIG allocation)x100]	% of budget spent	All	100%

Ref	KPI	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL66	Complete the construction of the desalination plant - Lamberts Bay by 31 March 2019	Project completed	5	1
TL67	95% of the water samples comply with SANS 241 micro biological parameters {(Number of water samples that comply with SANS 241 indicators/Number of water samples tested)x100}	% of water samples complying with SANS 241 micro biological parameters	All	95%
TL68	Spend 90% of the approved maintenance budget for water by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on maintenance/ Approved budget for maintenance)x100]	% maintenance budget spent	All	90%
TL69	Report bi-annually to Council during the 2018/19 financial year on the progress made with the implementation of the regional dump site plan as per agreement with West Coast DM	Number of report submitted	All	2
TL70	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of roads in Clanwilliam by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	3	90%
TL71	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of roads in Cederberg by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on projects/ Approved budget for the projects)x100]	% of capital budget spent	All	90%
TL72	Complete the construction of a 1.5 Megaliter reservoir in Graafwater by 31 December 2018	Project completed	5	1
TL73	Replace 150 water meters by 30 June 2019	Number of waters meters replaced	All	150
TL74	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the upgrade of the electricity network within Cederberg by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	All	90%
TL75	Spend 90% of the capital budget approved for the replacement of street lights in Cederberg by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	% of capital budget spent	All	90%
TL76	Upgrade 41 detached toilets in Graafwater by 30 March 2019	Number of toilets upgraded	5	41
TL77	Limit unaccounted for water to less than 15% by 30 June 2019 {(Number of Kiloliters Water Purchased or Purified - Number of Kiloliters Water Sold (incl free basic water) / Number of Kiloliters Water Purchased or Purified x 100}	% unaccounted water	All	15%
TL78	Conduct weekly water tests for Clanwilliam	Number of water test conducted	3	48
TL79	Conduct a study on additional water sources for the area and submit a report to Council by 31 March 2019	Study submitted to Council	All	1
TL80	Provide electrical connection to 162 plots in Riverview by 30 June 2019	Number of electrical connections provided	2	162

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL81	Construct an electrical substation in Clanwilliam to increase the capacity by 30 June 2019	Project completed	3	1
TL82	Spend 90% of approved budget for the provision of additional streetlights and spotlights by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	Percentage budget spent	2; 3; 5	90%
TL83	Spend 90% of the approved project budget for the upgrade of community facilities in Citrusdal by 30 June 2019 {(Actual expenditure divided by the total approved project budget) x 100}	% of budget spent	2	90%
TL84	Develop 3 boreholes for Clanwilliam and 2 boreholes for Citrusdal by 31 December 2018	Number of boreholes developed	2; 3	5

Table 152: Improve and sustain basic service delivery and infrastructure development

3.10.7 To facilitate social cohesion, safe and healthy communities

Ref	КРІ	Unit of Measurement	Wards	Annual Target
TL39	Develop a Social Development Framework and submit to Council by 31 March 2019	Social Development Framework submitted to Council	All	1
TL40	Spend 90% of the approved project budget to assist vulnerable groups by 30 June 2019 [(Total expenditure on project/ Approved budget for the project)x100]	Percentage budget spent	5	90%
TL41	Develop a Municipal Coastal Management Program and submit to Council by 30 June 2019	Program submitted to Council	All	1
TL42	Review Air Quality Management Plan and submit to Council for approval by 30 June 2019	Air Quality Management Plan submitted to Council	All	1

Table 153: To facilitate social cohesion, safe and healthy communities

CHAPTER 4

4.1 NATIONAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS - MUNICIPAL TRANSFORMATION AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The following table indicates the Municipality's performance in terms of the National Key Performance Indicators required in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Planning and the Performance Management Regulations of 2001 and section 43 of the MSA. These key performance indicators are linked to the National Key Performance Area - Municipal Transformation and Organisational Development.

4.2 INTRODUCTION TO THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

The Municipality currently employs **292** (excluding non-permanent) officials, who individually and collectively contribute to the achievement of Municipality's objectives. The primary objective of Human Resource Management is to render and innovative HR service that address both skills development and an administrative function.

4.2.1 Employment Equity

The Employment Equity Act (1998) Chapter 3, Section 15(1) states that affirmative action measures are measures designed to ensure that suitable qualified people from designated groups have equal employment opportunities and are equitably represented in all occupational categories and levels in the workforce of a designated employer. The National performance indicators are also reference to: "Number of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in compliance with a municipality's approved employment equity plan".

a) Employment Equity targets/actual

African	can Coloured Indian		White	
Actual June	Actual June	Actual June	Actual June	
14%	81%	0.3%	3.7%	

Table 154: 2017/18 EE Actual by Racial Classification

Male	Female	Disability
Actual June	Actual June	Actual June
65%	35%	6%

Table 155: 2017/18 EE Actual by Gender Classification

b) Employment Equity vs. Population

Description	African	Coloured	Indian	White	Total
Economically Active Population Demographics (Percentage) Western Cape	35%	45%	1%	17%	98% (exc other)
Economically Active Population West Coast Region % Population	17%	66%	0.5%	16%	100%
Number for positions filled	0	11	0	1	12

Table 156: EE Population 2017/18 (including non-permanent officials)

c) Specific Occupational Categories - Race

The table below indicates the number of employees by race within the specific occupational categories:

Occupational	Female Male		Male			Total			
Categories	Α	С	- 1	W	Α	С	- 1	Α	Total
Top Management	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Senior management	0	10	0	2	1	1	0	0	14
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid- management	0	21	0	0	0	1	0	1	23
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foremen and superintendents	5	19	1	3	1	22	0	3	54
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making	5	34	0	0	2	30	0	0	71
Unskilled and defined decision making	16	72	0	0	11	28	0	0	127
Total permanent	26	158	1	6	15	82	0	4	292

Table 157: Occupational Categories

d) Departments - Race

The table below shows the number of employees per department as well as the profile by race. The Engineering Services Department, being the service delivery arm of the Municipality, is the largest component.

Employee Distribution per Directorate					
Directorate	African	Coloured	Indian	White	Total
Municipal Manager	0	3	0	1	4
Corporate and Strategic Services	3	22	0	0	25
Financial Services	0	31	0	4	35
Community and Development Services	7	59	1	2	69
Engineering and Planning Services	32	123	0	4	159
Total permanent	42	238	1	11	292

Table 158: Departments: Race

4.2.2 Vacancy Rate

The approved organogram for the Municipality had 400 posts for the 2016/17 financial year and 484 in the 2017/18 financial year. 96 Posts were vacant at the end of 2016/17, resulting in a vacancy rate of 24% compared to 192 posts in 2017/18 resulting in vacancy rate of 39%

Below is a table that indicates the vacancies within the Municipality:

Per Functional Level					
Functional area	Filled	Vacant			
Municipal Manager	4	3			
Corporate and Strategic Services	25	13			
Financial Services	35	12			
Community and Development Services	69	51			
Engineering and Planning Services	159	113			
Office of the Mayor (Council)	11	0			
Total	292	192			

Table 159: Vacancies per Department

The table below indicates the number of staff per level expressed as total positions and current vacancies express as full time staff equivalent:

Salary Level	Number of current critical vacancies	Total posts as per organogram
Municipal Manager	0	1
Chief Financial Officer	0	1
Other Section 57 Managers	2	4
Senior management (T14-T19)	6	21
Total	8	27

Table 160: Full Time Staff Equivalents

4.2.3 Employee Movement

A higher turnover may be costly to a Municipality and might negatively affect productivity, service delivery and institutional memory/organisational knowledge. Below is a table that shows the employee movement in 2017/18.

Employee Movement							
Movement Type	White	Total					
Termination	0	12	0	1	13		
Recruited Internal	1	3	0	1	5		
Recruited External	0	8	0	0	8		
Transferred / Placement	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	1	23	0	2	26		

Table 161: Employee Movement

4.3 MANAGING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

Managing the municipal workforce refers to analyzing and coordinating employee behavior.

4.3.1 Injuries

An occupational injury is a personal injury, disease or death resulting from an occupational accident. Compensation claims for such occupational injuries are calculated according to the seriousness of the injury/disease and can be costly to a municipality. Occupational injury will influence the loss of man hours and therefore financial and productivity performance.

The injury rate shows an increase with 19 employees injured in 2016/17 against 33 employees in the 2017/18 financial year.

The table below indicates the total number of injuries within the different directorates:

Directorates	2016/17	2017/18
Municipal Manager	0	0
Corporate and Strategic Services	0	1
Financial Services	0	1
Community and Development Services	6	2
Engineering and Planning Services	13	29
Total	19	33

Table 162: Injuries

4.3.2 HR Policies and Plans

Policies and plans provide guidance for fair and consistent staff treatment and a consistent approach to the managing of staff.

The table below shows the HR policies and plans that are approved and that still needs to be developed:

Policies						
Name of policy	Policy approved Yes/No					
Sexual Harassment	Yes					
Subsistence and Travelling	Yes					
Training and Development	Yes					
Language	Yes					
Cell Phone	Yes					
Study	Yes					
IT	Yes					
HIV/AIDS	Yes					
Induction Programme	Yes					
Recruitment and Selection	Yes					

Policies					
Employment Equity	Yes				
Substance Abuse	Yes				
Smoking	Yes				
Overtime	Yes				
Unauthorized Absence	Yes				

Table 163: HR Policies and Plans

4.4 CAPACITATING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE

Section 68(1) of the MSA states that municipality must develop its human resource capacity to a level that enables it to perform its functions and exercise its powers in an economical, effective, efficient and accountable way. For this purpose, the human resource capacity of a municipality must comply with the Skills Development Act (SDA), 1998 (Act No. 81 of 1998), and the Skills Development Levies Act, 20 1999 (Act No. 28 of 1999).

4.4.1 Skills Matrix

The table below indicates the number of beneficiaries per occupational category who underwent training in the financial year. The total training budget for 2017/18 financial year was R250 000. The actual spent on training for the same financial year was R224 391 which amounts to 89% spent. The tables below show the number of individuals (headcount) trained:

Occupational Category	Female			Male			Total				Total		
Occupational Category		С	1	W	Α	С	I	W	Α	С	-1	W	TOLAL
Legislators	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
Managers	1	1	0	1	0	11	0	3	1	12	0	4	17
Professionals	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	1	0	9	0	1	10
Technicians and Trade Workers	1	1	0	0	4	14	0	0	5	15	0	0	20
Community and Personal Service Workers	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
Clerical and Administrative Workers	0	8	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	11	0	0	11
Sales Workers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Machine Operators and Drivers	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	1	7	0	0	8
Elementary Workers	2	7	0	0	4	26	0	0	6	33	0	0	39
Totals	4	21	0	1	9	78	0	4	13	99	0	5	117

Table 164: Skills Matrix

4.4.2 Skills Development - Budget Allocation

Year	Total Allocated	Total Spend	% Spent		
2016/17	R250 000	R222 466	89%		
2017/18	R250 000	R224 391	89%		

Table 165: Budget allocated and spent for skills development

4.4.3 MFMA Competencies

In terms of Section 83(1) of the MFMA, the accounting officer, senior managers, the chief financial officer, non-financial managers and other financial officials of a municipality must meet the prescribed financial management competency levels that are key to successful implementation of the MFMA. National Treasury has prescribed such financial management competencies in Government Notice 493 dated 15 June 2007.

To assist the above-mentioned officials to acquire the prescribed financial competencies, National Treasury, with the collaboration of various stakeholders and role-players in the local government sphere, develop an outcomes-based NQF level 6 qualifications in municipal finance management. In terms of the Government Notice 493 of 15 June 2007, "(1) No municipality or municipal entity may, with effect 1 January 2013 (exempted until 30 September 2015 as per Government Notice No. 179 of 14 March 2014), employ a person as a financial official if that person does not meet the competency levels prescribed for the relevant position in terms of these Regulations."

The table below provides details of the financial competency development progress as required by the regulation:

Description	Total number of officials employed by the municipality (Regulation 14(4)(a) and (c))	Total number of officials whose performance agreements comply with Regulation 16 (Regulation 14(4)(f))	Total number of officials that meet prescribed competency levels (Regulation 14(4)(e))				
Financial Officials							
Accounting officer	1	1	1				
Chief financial officer	1	1	1				
Senior managers	3	3	3				
Any other financial officials	9	n/a	9				
Supply Chain Management Officials							
Heads of supply chain management units	1	n/a	1				

Table 166: Budget Allocated and Spent for Skills Development

2017/18

4.5 MANAGING THE MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE EXPENDITURE

Section 66 of the MSA states that the accounting officer of a municipality must report to the Council on all expenditure incurred by the municipality on staff salaries, wages, allowances and benefits. This is in line with the requirements of the Public Service Regulations, (2002), as well as National Treasury Budget and Reporting Regulations SA22 and SA23.

4.5.1 Personnel Expenditure

Below is a summary of Councillor and staff benefits for the year under review:

Financial year	2016/17		2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual				
Description	R	R	R	R				
Councillors (Political Office Bearers plus Other)								
Salary	3 743 655	3 819 788	3 903 612	4 097 749				
Pension Contributions	437 382	536 221	561 298	508 971				
Medical Aid Contributions	74 721	57 819	76 811	76 386				
Motor vehicle allowance	267 550	244 782	340 690	313 392				
Cell phone allowance	215 395	269 358	230 400	296 718				
Housing allowance	0	0	0	0				
Other benefits or allowances	37 804	0	0	0				
In-kind benefits	0	0	0	0				
Sub Total	4 776 507	4 928 058	5 112 811	5 293 216				
% increase/ (decrease)	-	3%	4%	4%				
	Senior Managers of t	he Municipality						
Basic Salary and Wages	2 653 668	3 329 548	4 883 936	5 219 443				
Pension Contributions	405 812	140 733	321 402	9 243				
Medical Aid Contributions	29 084	0	39 872	0				
Performance Bonus	312 815	59 297	35 906	0				
Motor vehicle allowance	880 866	604 093	453 094	302 320				
Cell phone allowance	66 300	50 263	87 409	42 409				
Housing allowance	192 991	77 328	42 000	0				
Other benefits or allowances	146 331	198	40 228	1 178				
Leave Pay Out	269 856	0	0	0				
Long Service Awards	0	0	0	0				
Sub Total	4 957 723	4 261 460	5 853 847	5 574 593				
% increase/ (decrease)	-	14%	37%	-5%				
	Other Munici	pal Staff						
Basic Salaries and Wages	4 853 8450	53 486 899	52 823 674	55 069 090				
Pension Contributions	7 872 949	9 128 958	9 489 634	9 340 755				

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Financial year	2016/17		2017/18	
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual
Description	R	R	R	R
Medical Aid Contributions	2 950 641	4 056 773	3 665 305	3 217 345
Motor vehicle allowance	342 5382	3 991 325	4 476 515	4 174 316
Cell phone allowance	251 581	379 246	412 532	394 959
Housing allowance	674 298	869 001	548 478	530 429
Overtime	3 651 247	1 537 741	4 597 424	4 550 386
Other benefits or allowances	11 022 006	10 462 908	12 176 269	10 806 654
Sub Total	78 386 554	83 912 851	88 189 831	88 083 934
% increase	-	7%	5%	-0.12%
Total Municipality	88 120 784	93 102 369	99 156 489	98 951 743
% increase/ (decrease)	-	6%	7%	-0.21%

Table 167: Personnel Expenditure

CHAPTER 5

This chapter provides details regarding the financial performance of the Municipality for the 2017/18 financial year.

COMPONENT A: STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Statement of Financial Performance provides an overview of the financial performance of the Municipality and focuses on the financial health of the Municipality.

5.1 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The table below indicates the summary of the financial performance for the 2017/18 financial year:

The table below shows a summary of performance against budgets:

	F	inancial Sumn	nary					
R'000								
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	2017/18 %Variance		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget		
	<u>Fin</u>	ancial Perforn	<u>nance</u>					
Property rates	38 308	40 871	40 871	41 372	1.21	1.21		
Service charges	118 574	125 833	125 833	120 342	-4.56	-4.56		
Investment revenue	863	391	1 791	1 427	72.58	-25.56		
Transfers recognised - operational	50 308	58 056	64 967	57 682	-0.65	-12.63		
Other own revenue	36 700	49 800	35 200	27 395	-81.78	-28.49		
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	244 754	274 951	268 661	248 218	-10.77	-8.24		
Employee costs	82 700	87 718	93 538	93 659	6.34	0.13		
Remuneration of councilors	4 777	4 928	5 113	5 293	6.90	3.41		
Depreciation & asset impairment	16 054	17 253	17 252	16 070	-7.36	-7.35		
Finance charges	7 887	8 544	7 606	8 074	-5.83	5.80		
Materials and bulk purchases	67 597	69 235	69 080	68 531	-1.03	-0.80		
Transfers and grants	817	870	1 783	1 021	14.79	-74.58		
Other expenditure	80 053	85 719	90 514	76 676	-11.79	-18.05		
Total expenditure	259 884	274 267	284 884	269 324	-1.84	-5.78		
Surplus/(deficit)	(15 130)	684	(16 223)	(21 106)	103.24	23.13		
Transfers recognised - capital	27 575	59 494	61 682	33 979	-75.09	-81.53		
Contributions recognised - capital & contributed assets	362	0	0	1 046	100.00	100.00		
Surplus/(deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	12 806	60 177	45 458	13 920	-332.32	-226.57		

	F	inancial Summ	nary						
		R'000							
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 %	«Variance			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget			
Capital Expenditure & Funds Sources									
Capital Expenditure									
Transfers recognised - capital	22 966	59 494	61 682	33 888	-75.56	-82.02			
Public contributions & donations	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Borrowing	0	0	3 550	3 809	100.00	6.81			
Internally generated funds	5 287	11 141	11 285	7 987	-39.49	-41.29			
Total sources of capital funds	28 253	70 635	76 517	45 684	-54.62	-67.49			
	<u> </u>	inancial Posit	<u>ion</u>						
Total current assets	60 280	41 630	41 413	67 637	38.45	38.77			
Total non-current assets	571 898	665 766	629 993	597 623	-11.40	-5.42			
Total current liabilities	84 686	46 534	45 827	100 116	53.52	54.23			
Total non-current liabilities	89 594	113 782	120 166	93 325	-21.92	-28.76			
Community wealth/equity	457 899	547 080	505 413	471 818	-15.95	-7.12			
		Cash Flows							
Net cash from (used) operating	47 876	75 198	54 976	40 510	-85.63	-35.71			
Net cash from (used) investing	(27 115)	(70 635)	(76 517)	(44 136)	-60.04	-73.37			
Net cash from (used) financing	(950)	(3 260)	(175)	(143)	-2181.50	-22.76			
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	19 811	1 303	(21 717)	(3 769)	134.57	-476.23			
	<u>Cash Back</u>	ing/Surplus Re	econciliation						
Cash and investments available	0	3 808	584	18 532	79.45	96.85			
Application of cash and investments	0	(3 523)	0	(33 460)	89.47	100.00			
Balance - surplus (shortfall)	0	285	584	(14 928)	101.91	103.91			
	<u>A</u>	sset Managem	<u>ient</u>						
Asset register summary (WDV)	571 898	665 766	629 993	597 623	-11.40	-5.42			
Depreciation & asset impairment	16 054	17 253	17 252	16 054	-7.47	-7.46			
Renewal of existing assets	0	3 440	1 304	15 870	78.32	91.78			
Repairs and maintenance	9 659	29 300	30 647	13 577	-115.80	-125.72			
<u>Free Services</u>									
Cost of free basic services provided	4 758	4 676	5 054	5 332	12.30	5.21			
Revenue cost of free services provided	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Households B	Below Minimur	n Service Level						
Water	1 100	1 200	1 200	1 200	0	0			
Sanitation/sewerage	2 000	2 100	2 100	2 100	0	0			

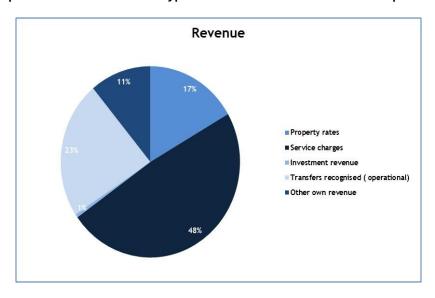
Financial Summary								
R'000								
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18	%Variance		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget		
Energy	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Refuse	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Variances are calculated by div	riding the differer	nce between ac	tual and original	/adjustments b	udget by the ac	ctual.		

Table 168: Financial Performance 2017/18

		Reven	ue		Operating expenditure			
Financial Year	Budget	Actual	Diff.	- %	Budget	Actual Diff.		%
		R'000		%		%		
2016/17	255 737	244 754	(10 983)	-4	272 469	259 884	12 585	5
2017/18	268 661	248 218	(20 443)	-8	284 884	269 324	15 561	5

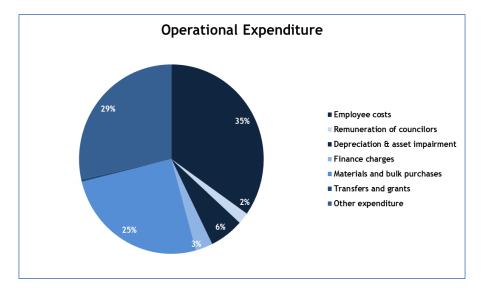
Table 169: Performance Against Budgets

The following graph indicates the various types of revenue items in the municipal budget for 2017/18



Graph 5: Revenue

The following graph indicates the various types of expenditure items in the municipal budget for 2017/18



Graph 6: Operating Expenditure

5.1.1 Revenue Collection by Vote

The table below indicates the revenue collection performance by vote:

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 % Variance		
Vote Description	Actual(Audited Outcome)	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	
		R'000)		9	%	
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	1 900	7 427	7 467	7 379	-0.65	-1.19	
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	538	0	177	107	100.00	-65.18	
Vote 3 - Financial Services	47 552	46 349	46 738	47 479	2.38	1.56	
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	41 817	68 393	44 881	35 426	-93.06	-26.69	
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	744	781	1 231	750	-4.15	-64.13	
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	180 139	211 494	229 848	192 103	-10.09	-19.65	
Total Revenue by Vote	272 690	334 444	330 343	283 244	-18.08	-16.63	

Table 170: Revenue by Vote

5.1.2 Revenue Collection by Source

The table below indicates the revenue collection performance by source for the 2017/18 financial year:

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 % Variance		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	
		R'(000		%		
Property rates	38 308	40 871	40 871	41 372	1.21	1.21	
Property rates - penalties & collection charges	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 % Variance		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	
		R'C	000		%	6	
Service Charges - electricity revenue	78 026	80 640	80 640	79 801	-1.05	-1.05	
Service Charges - water revenue	24 505	27 693	27 693	23 926	-15.74	-15.74	
Service Charges - sanitation revenue	8 812	9 200	9 200	9 452	2.66	2.66	
Service Charges - refuse revenue	7 231	8 299	8 299	7 164	-15.86	-15.86	
Service Charges - other	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rentals of facilities and equipment	3 755	471	471	3 452	86.36	86.36	
Interest earned - external investments	863	391	1 791	1 427	72.58	-25.56	
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	2 961	3 082	1 541	2 068	-49.02	25.49	
Dividends received	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Fines	21 607	35 482	22 424	15 294	-132.01	-46.62	
Licences and permits	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Agency services	2 817	2 996	2 996	3 101	3.41	3.41	
Transfers recognised - operational	50 325	58 056	64 967	57 682	-0.65	-12.63	
Other revenue	5 542	7 769	7 768	3 480	-123.23	-123.20	
Gains on disposal of PPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	244 754	274 951	268 661	248 218	-10.77	-8.24	

Table 171: Revenue by Source

5.1.3 Operational Services Performance

The table below indicates the operational services performance for the 2017/18 financial year:

Financial Perfo	ormance of (Operational	Services				
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 %	2017/18 % Variance	
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	
		R'O	000		%		
Operating Cost							
Water	43 251	17 038	19 776	19 084	10.72	-3.63	
Waste water (sanitation)	4 096	8 117	8 641	8 307	2.28	-4.02	
Electricity	71 425	78 238	79 439	78 221	-0.02	-1.56	
Waste management	3 469	9 643	11 127	11 328	14.88	1.78	
Housing	1 597	2 159	4 578	3 300	34.58	-38.72	
Component A: sub-total	123 838	115 195	123 560	120 240	4.20	-2.76	
Roads and stormwater	6 146	11 356	11 645	11 302	-0.48	-3.04	
Component B: sub-total	6 146	11 356	11 645	11 302	-0.48	-3.04	

Financial Perf	Financial Performance of Operational Services							
	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 %	Variance		
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget		
		R'O	000		%			
	Operating	Cost						
Planning	8	4 308	3 362	3 110	-38.51	-8.11		
Local Economic Development	0	1 459	1 752	1 558	6.34	-12.50		
Component C: sub-total	8	5 766	5 114	4 668	-23.54	-9.57		
Libraries	0	4 115	4 183	4 125	0.26	-1.39		
Social services & community development	51 309	0	0	0	0	0		
Component D: sub-total	51 309	4 115	4 183	4 125	0.26	-1.39		
Environmental Protection	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Component E: sub-total	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Traffic & licensing	0	34 043	25 308	19 463	-74.92	-30.03		
Fire Services and Disaster Management	0	1 062	1 011	889	-19.48	-13.71		
Component F: sub-total	0	35 105	26 319	20 351	-72.49	-29.32		
Holiday Resorts and Campsites	0	4 017	4 752	4 543	11.56	-4.62		
Swimming pools, stadiums and sport ground	0	5 248	5 999	5 663	7.32	-5.94		
Community halls facilities, Thusong centres	0	1 051	869	277	-279.84	-213.79		
Component G: sub-total	0	10 317	11 620	10 482	1.57	-10.86		
Financial Services	49 695	47 771	52 533	47 862	0.19	-9.76		
Office of the MM	9 828	11 188	11 511	11 585	3.43	0.64		
Administration	0	29 973	34 660	34 828	13.94	0.48		
HR	19 060	3 481	3 740	3 880	10.28	3.62		
Component H: sub-total	78 583	92 413	102 443	98 156	5.85	-4.37		
Total Expenditure	259 884	274 267	284 884	269 324	-1.84	-5.78		

In this table operational income (but not levies or tariffs) is offset ageist operational expenditure leaving a net operational expenditure total for each service. Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between actual and original/adjustments budget by the actual.

Table 172: Operational Services Performance

5.2 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE PER MUNICIPAL FUNCTION

The tables below indicate the financial performance per municipal function:

5.2.1 Water Services

	2016/17	2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget
		R	'000		%
Total Operational Revenue	35 162	39 689	43 803	36 327	-9.26
Expenditure:					
Bulk Purchases	860	1 000	684	1 021	2.06
Depreciation and Amortisation	2 816	3 352	2 997	2 871	-16.79
Employee Related Costs	35 177	9 246	9 623	9 712	4.80
Other Expenditure	4 398	3 439	6 472	5 480	37.23
Total Operational Expenditure	43 251	17 038	19 776	19 084	10.72
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	(8 089)	22 651	24 028	17 243	-31.36

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 173: Financial Performance: Water Services

5.2.2 Waste Water (Sanitation)

	2016/17	6/17 2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget	
		R'	000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	16 606	17 753	17 753	18 005	1.40	
Expenditure:						
Depreciation and Amortisation	1 743	1 797	2 147	1 763	-1.93	
Employee Related Costs	22	3 752	3 656	3 638	-3.13	
Other Expenditure	2 331	2 568	2 838	2 905	11.62	
Total Operational Expenditure	4 096	8 117	8 641	8 307	2.28	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	12 510	9 636	9 112	9 698	0.64	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 174: Financial Performance: Waste Water (Sanitation) Services

5.2.3 Electricity

	2016/17		2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	AUTISTED KINDET ACTIVAL			
			R'	000		%
Total Operational Revenue	84 514	88 2	67	89 064	88 239	-0.03
Expenditure:						
Bulk Purchases	66 737	68 2	.35	68 396	67 510	-1.07
Depreciation and Amortisation	3 040	3 2	.55	3 118	3 054	-6.57
Employee Related Costs	0	4 8	59	5 076	5 042	3.62
Other Expenditure	1 648	1 8	90	2 848	2 615	27.74
Total Operational Expenditure	71 425	78 2	38	79 439	78 221	-0.02
Net Operational (Service)	13 089	10 0	29	9 625	10 018	-0.11

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 175: Financial Performance: Electricity

5.2.4 Waste Management

	2016/17		2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	- I ANTIISTAN KIINOAT I ACTIIAI		Variance to Budget		
			R'000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	13 800	15 469	15 469	14 336	-7.91		
Expenditure:							
Depreciation and Amortisation	2 115	2 106	2 108	1 720	-22.49		
Employee Related Costs	0	5 579	6 627	7 001	20.31		
Other Expenditure	1 354	1 957	2 392	2 607	24.93		
Total Operational Expenditure	3 469	9 643	11 127	11 328	14.88		
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	10 331	5 826	4 343	3 008	-93.69		

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 176: Financial Performance: Waste Management

5.2.5 Housing

	2016/17	2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	- Adjusted Rudget Actual			
			R'000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	1 558	2 400	2 683	1 327	-80.81	
Expenditure:						
Employee Related Costs	0	1 850	1 722	1 657	-11.66	
Other Expenditure	1 597	309	2 856	1 643	81.21	
Total Operational Expenditure	1 597	2 159	4 578	3 300	34.58	
Net Operational (Service)	(39)	241	(1 895)	(1 973)	112.20	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual. Employee related cost pertaining to Housing was included under Community and Social Services for the 2016/17 financial year.

Table 177: Financial Performance: Housing

5.2.6 Roads and Stormwater

	2016/17		2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget	
		R	'000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	49	0	300	301	100.00	
Expenditure:						
Depreciation and Amortisation	3 595	3 859	3 707	3 596	-7.33	
Employee Related Costs	0	4 483	4 528	4 612	2.82	
Other Expenditure	2 551	3 014	3 410	3 094	2.57	
Total Operational Expenditure	6 146	11 356	11 645	11 302	-0.48	
Net Operational (Service)	(6 098)	(11 356)	(11 345)	(11 001)	-3.23	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 178: Financial Performance: Roads and Stormwater

5.2.7 Planning (Development Management Spatial Planning and Environmental Management Building Control and Property Management)

	2016/17	2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Original Budget Adjusted Actual Actual			
		%				
Total Operational Revenue	1 404	8 027	8 291	6 205	-29.37	
Expenditure:						
Employee Related Costs	0	4 100	3 092	2 944	-39.24	
Other Expenditure	8	208	270	166	-25.50	
Total Operational Expenditure	8	4 308	3 362	3 110	-38.51	
Net Operational (Service)	1 396	3 719	4 929	3 095	-20.18	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual.

During 2016/17 all employee related costs was included under Water Services. In 2017/18 employee related costs was allocated to their respective departments

Table 179: Financial Performance: Planning

5.2.8 LED

	2016/17	016/17 2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget
		R'0	00		%
Total Operational Revenue	0	0	0	0	0
Expenditure:	•				
Employee Related Costs	0	753	780	788	4.45
Other Expenditure	0	406	322	206	-96.68
Transfers and grants	0	300	650	563	46.73
Total Operational Expenditure	0	1 459	1 752	1 558	6.34
Net Operational (Service)	0	(1 459)	(1 752)	(1 558)	6.34

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Human Resources.

Table 180: Financial Performance: LED

5.2.9 Libraries

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget	
		F	2'000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	0	4 199	4 199	4 152	-1.12	
Expenditure:			•			
Employee Related Costs	0	3 817	3 868	3 935	3.00	
Other Expenditure	0	297	314	190	-56.59	
Total Operational Expenditure	0	4 115	4 183	4 125	0.26	
Net Operational (Service) Expenditure	0	84	16	27	-210.22	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Community and Social Services.

Table 181: Financial Performance: Libraries

5.2.10 Traffic and Law Enforcement

	2016/17		2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget	
		R'000				
Total Operational Revenue	0	38 447	25 389	18 349	-109.54	
Expenditure:						
Debt Impairment	0	27 312	17 693	12 150	-124.80	
Employee Related Costs	0	4 798	5 641	5 588	14.14	
Other Expenditure	0	1 933	1 974	1 725	-12.06	
Total Operational Expenditure	0	34 043	25 308	19 463	-74.92	
Net Operational (Service)	0	4 405	81	(1 114)	495.44	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Community and Social Services.

Table 182: Financial Performance: Traffic and Law Enforcement

5.2.11 Fire Services and Disaster Management

	2016/17	2017/18			
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget
			R'000		%
Total Operational Revenue	0	0	0	0	0
Expenditure:					
Employee Related Costs	0	455	641	595	23.52
Other Expenditure	0	607	369	293	-106.72
Total Operational Expenditure	0	1 062	1 011	889	-19.48
Net Operational (Service)	0	(1 062)	(1 011)	(889)	-19.48

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Community and Social Services.

Table 183: Financial Performance: Fire Services and Disaster Management

5.2.12 Holiday Resorts and Campsites

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance to Budget	
		ı	₹'000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	0	3 748	3 747	2 980	-25.77	
Expenditure:						
Employee Related Costs	0	3 085	3 911	3 975	22.41	
Other Expenditure	0	933	842	567	-64.47	
Total Operational Expenditure	0	4 017	4 752	4 543	11.56	
Net Operational (Service)	0	(270)	(1 006)	(1 563)	82.74	

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Community and Social Services.

Table 184: Financial Performance: Holiday Resorts and Campsites

5.2.13 Swimming Pools and Sport Grounds

	2016/17	2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Adjusted Budget Actual			
		F	R'000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	0	1	1	73	98.88		
Expenditure:							
Employee Related Costs	0	4 127	4 972	4 783	13.71		
Other Expenditure	0	1 121	1 028	880	-27.44		
Total Operational Expenditure	0	5 248	5 999	5 663	7.32		
Net Operational (Service)	0	(5 248)	(5 999)	(5 590)	6.13		

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Water Services.

Table 185: Financial Performance: Swimming Pools and Sport Grounds

5.2.14 Community Facilities and Thusong Centres

	2016/17	2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Rudget		Variance to Budget		
		F	R'000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	0	279	279	122	-129.02		
Expenditure:							
Employee Related Costs	0	503	244	22	-2195.56		
Other Expenditure	0	548	624	255	-115.00		
Total Operational Expenditure	0	1 051	869	277	-279.84		
Net Operational (Service)	0	(772)	(589)	(155)	-398.76		

Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between the actual and original budget by the actual This department was separately budgeted for in the 2017/18 financial year. Revenue and expenditure for the 2016/17 financial year was included as part of Community and Social Services.

Table 186: Financial Performance: Community Facilities and Thusong Centres

5.2.15 Financial Services

	2016/17	2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget Adjusted Actual		Actual	Variance to Budget		
		R'	000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	48 667	44 799	44 658	45 394	1.31		
Expenditure:							
Debt Impairment	13 647	15 627	20 622	14 147	-10.47		
Depreciation and Amortisation	1 972	2 883	3 174	3 067	6.01		
Employee Related Costs	12 332	14 786	14 356	14 289	-3.47		
Finance Charges	7 887	8 544	7 606	8 074	-5.83		
Other Expenditure	13 857	5 930	6 775	8 285	28.42		
Total Operational Expenditure	49 695	47 771	52 533	47 862	0.19		
Net Operational (Service)	(1 028)	(2 972)	(7 874)	(2 468)	-20.42		
Variances are calculated by a	lividing the diff	erence between th	e actual and origi	nal budget by the	actual		

Table 187: Financial Performance: Financial Services

5.2.16 Office of the Municipal Manager

	2016/17	2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget			Variance to Budget		
		ı	₹'000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	2 438	7 427	7 599	7 486	0.79		
Expenditure:							
Employee Related Costs	2 200	3 056	3 477	3 332	8.30		
Other Expenditure	2 812	3 204	2 911	2 939	-9.01		
Remuneration of Councillors	4 777	4 928	5 113	5 293	6.90		
Transfers and grants	40	0	10	21	100.00		
Total Operational Expenditure	9 828	11 188	11 511	11 585	3.43		
Net Operational (Service)	(7 390)	(3 761)	(3 912)	(4 099)	8.26		
Variances are calculated by o	dividing the diffe	erence between	the actual and orig	inal budget by th	e actual		

Table 188: Financial Performance: Office of the Municipal Manager

5.2.17 Administration

	2016/17	2016/17 2017/18					
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Original Budget Adjusted Budget		Variance to Budget		
		R'	000		%		
Total Operational Revenue	0	3 889	4 869	4 534	14.23		
Expenditure:	Expenditure:						
Employee Related Costs	0	16 949	19 681	19 494	13.05		
Other Expenditure	0	12 944	14 902	15 262	15.19		
Transfers and grants	0	80	77	73	-9.78		
Total Operational Expenditure	0	29 973	34 660	34 828	13.94		
Net Operational (Service)	0	(26 084)	(29 791)	(30 295)	13.90		
Variances are calculated by (dividing the diff	erence between th	e actual and origi	inal budget by the	actual		

Table 189: Financial Performance: Administration

5.2.18 Human Resources

	2016/17	2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Original Budget Adjusted Actual		Variance to Budget	
		R	000		%	
Total Operational Revenue	744	557	557	388	-43.32	
Expenditure:						
Depreciation and Amortisation	248	0	0	0	0.00	
Employee Related Costs	9 512	1 976	2 148	2 249	12.12	
Other Expenditure	9 300	1 015	1 319	1 267	19.88	
Transfers and grants	0	490	273	364	-34.52	
Total Operational Expenditure	19 060	3 481	3 740	3 880	10.28	
Net Operational (Service)	(18 316)	(2 925)	(3 183)	(3 492)	16.24	
Variances are calculated by (dividing the diff	erence between th	e actual and origi	inal budget by the	actual	

Table 190: Financial Performance: Human Resources

5.3 GRANTS

5.3.1 Grant Performance

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance		
Description	Actual (Audited Outcome)	Budget	Adjust- ments Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjust- ments Budget	
		R'00	00		%	5	
Operating Transfers and Grants							
National Government:	40 366	49 120	50 309	48 542	-1.19	-3.64	
Equitable share	37 173	40 873	40 873	40 874	0	0	
Expanded Public Works Programme	1 000	1 782	1 782	1 779	-0.14	-0.14	
Municipal Infrastructure Grant	718	2 630	3 346	3 175	17.17	-5.41	
Integrated National Electrification Grant	0	491	491	496	1.04	1.04	
Finance Management Grant	1 475	1 550	1 550	1 550	0	0	
Water Services Infrastructure Grant	0	1 228	1 228	268	-357.52	-357.52	
Regional Bulk Infrastructure	0	567	0	0	0	0	
Municipal Disaster Grant	0	0	1 039	400	100.00	-159.94	
Provincial Government:	9 943	8 936	14 658	9 140	2.23	-60.36	
Human Settlement Development Grant	1 602	2 400	2 683	1 327	-80.81	-102.14	
Library Services MRF	3 647	4 178	4 178	4 134	-1.06	-1.06	
Community Development Grant	130	167	162	119	-40.30	-35.82	
Acceleration of housing deliveries	0	1 781	1 895	364	-388.67	-419.91	
Transport Infrastructure Grant	46	61	61	0	0	0	
Marine Living Resources Fund	2 825	0	0	0	0	0	
IDP Grant	28	0	0	0	0	0	
Financial Management Support Grant	1 120	0	1 777	1 554	100.00	-14.32	
Municipal Infrastructure Support Grant	6	0	0	0	0	0	
Thusong Service Centre	0	109	109	29	-274.57	-274.57	
Municipal Capacity Building Grant	538	0	1 332	1 332	100.00	0.00	
Financial Management Capacity Building Grant	0	240	240	240	0	0	
Graduate Internship Grant	0	0	100	39	100.00	-153.00	
Municipal Drought Relief	0	0	2 121	0	0	0	
Total Operating Transfers and Grants	50 308	58 056	64 967	57 682	-0.65	-12.63	
Variances are calculated by dividing the di	ifference betw	reen actual an	nd original/adj	iustments bi	udget by the	actual	

Table 191: Grant Performance for 2017/18

2017/18

5.3.2 Conditional Grants

	2016/17		2017/18		2017/18 Variance		
	Actual				Vari	ance	
Details	Actual (Audited Outcome)	Budget	Adjust- ments Budget	Actual	Budget	Adjust- ments Budget	
		R'00				%	
Operating Expenditur	e of Transfe	rs and Gra	nts				
National Government			I				
Finance Management	1 475	1 550	1 550	1 550	0	0	
EPWP Incentive	1 000	1 782	1 782	1 779	-0.14	-0.14	
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (PMU)	718	778	763	793	1.82	3.71	
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (VAT)	0	1 851	2 583	2 382	22.28	-8.44	
Regional Bulk Infrastructure (VAT)	0	567	0	0	0	0	
Water Services Infrastructure Grant (VAT)	0	1 228	1 228	268	-357.52	-357.52	
Integrated National Electrification Grant (VAT)	0	491	491	496	1.04	1.04	
Municipal Disaster Grant (VAT)	0	0	1 039	400	100.00	-159.94	
Provincial Government			T				
PGWC Financial Management Capacity Building Grant	0	240	240	240	0	0	
Transport Infrastructure Grant	46	61	61	0	0	0	
Library Services: MRFG	3 647	4 178	4 178	4 134	-1.06	-1.06	
Thusong Service Centre (Sustainability Operational Support)	0	109	109	29	-274.57	-274.57	
Community Development Grant	130	167	162	119	-40.30	-35.82	
Human Settlement Development Grant (VAT)	1 602	2 400	2 683	1 327	-80.81	-102.14	
Acceleration of housing deliveries (VAT)	0	1 781	1 895	364	-388.67	-419.91	
Municipal Drought Support	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Graduate Internship Grant	28	0	100	39	100.00	-153.00	
Municipal Capacity Building Grant	538	0	1 332	1 332	100.00	0	
Financial Management Support Grant	1 120	0	1 777	1 554	100.00	-14.32	
Municipal Drought Relief (VAT)	0	0	2 121	0	0	0	
Marine Living Resources Fund	2 825	0	0	0	0	0	
Municipal Infrastructure Support Grant	6	0	0	0	0	0	
Capital Expenditure	of Transfers	and Grant	:s				
National Government							
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	15 985	13 238	18 449	16 335	18.96	-12.94	
Regional Bulk Infrastructure	4 383	4 045	0	0	0	0	
EPWP Incentive	0	25	25	28	9.12	9.12	
Water Services Infrastructure Grant	1 200	8 772	8 772	1 795	-388.60	-388.60	
Integrated National Electrification Grant (INEG)	3 000	3 509	3 509	3 504	-0.15	-0.15	

Municipal Disaster Grant	0	0	6 923	2 663	100.00	-159.94	
Provincial Government:	Provincial Government:						
Human Settlement Development Grant (Beneficiaries)	252	17 140	6 404	6 291	-172.47	-1.80	
Acceleration of housing deliveries	918	12 719	13 532	2 642	-381.41	-412.19	
Library Services MRF Capital	13	45	45	22	-101.32	-101.32	
Community Development Grant	0	0	46	0	0	0	
Municipal Drought Relief	1 752	-	3 977	699	100.00	-468.56	
Housing Consumer Education	57	0	0	0	0	0	
Development of Sport and Recreational Facilities	15	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	40 710	76 676	85 775	50 788	-50.97	-68.89	
Variances are calculated by dividing the difference bet	ween actual	and origin	al/adjusti	ments bud	lget by the	actual	

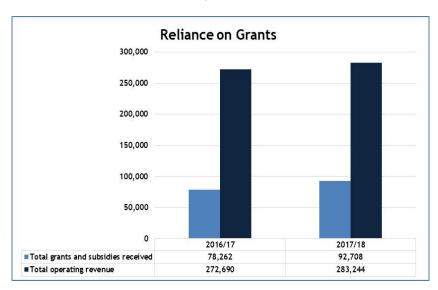
Table 192: Conditional Grant

5.3.3 Level of Reliance on Grants & Subsidies

Financial year	Total grants and subsidies received	Total Operating Revenue	Percentage
	R'O	000	%
2016/17	78 262	272 690	28.70
2017/18	92 708	283 244	32.73

Table 193: Reliance on Grants

The following graph indicates the municipality's reliance on grants as percentage for the last two financial years



Graph 7: Reliance on Grants

5.4 ASSET MANAGEMENT

5.4.1 Repairs and Maintenance

	2016/17	16/17 2017/18				
Description	Actual	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual	Budget variance	
			R' 000		%	
Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	9,659	29,300	30,647	13,577	-55.70	

Table 194: Repairs & Maintenance

5.5 FINANCIAL RATIOS BASED ON KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

5.5.1 Liquidity Ratio

Description	Basis of calculation	2016/17	2017/18
Current Ratio	Current assets/current liabilities	0.71	0.68
Current Ratio adjusted for aged debtors	Current assets less debtors > 90 days/current liabilities	0.71	0.68
Liquidity Ratio	Monetary assets/current liabilities	0.70	0.66

Table 195: Liquidity Financial Ratio

5.5.2 IDP Regulation Financial Viability Indicators

Description	Basis of calculation	2016/17	2017/18
Cost Coverage	(Available cash + Investments)/monthly fixed operational expenditure	-0.59	-0.81
Total Outstanding Service Debtors to Revenue	Total outstanding service debtors/annual revenue received for services	0.21	0.26
Debt coverage	(Total Operating Revenue - Operating Grants)/Debt service payments due within financial year)	43.77	41.30

Table 196: Financial Viability National KPAs

5.5.3 Borrowing Management

Description	Basis of calculation	2016/17	2017/18
Capital Charges to Operating Expenditure	Interest & Principal Paid /Operating Expenditure	1.85%	2.36%

Table 197: Borrowing Management

5.5.4 Employee costs

Description	Basis of calculation	2016/17	2017/18
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	31.82%	34.78%

Table 198: Employee Costs

5.5.5 Repairs & Maintenance

Description	Basis of calculation	2016/17	2017/18
Repairs & Maintenance	R&M (Total Revenue excluding capital revenue)	3.72%	5.04%

Table 199: Repairs & Maintenance

COMPONENT B: SPENDING AGAINST CAPITAL BUDGET

5.6 SOURCES OF FINANCE

5.6.1 Capital Expenditure: Funding Sources

The table below indicates the capital expenditure by funding source for the 2017/18 financial year:

Capital Expenditure: Funding Sources							
	2016/17	maicare, ruman	ing sources	2017/18			
Details	Audited outcome	Original Budget (OB)	Adjustment Budget	Actual	Adjustment to OB Variance	Actual to OB Variance	
	So	urce of Finance	•				
Description		R'000			%		
External loans	0	0	3 550	3 809	0	0	
Public contributions and donations	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Grants and subsidies	22 966	59 494	61 682	33 888	3.68	-46.72	
Own funding	5 287	11 141	11 285	7 987	1.29	-29.60	
Total	28 253	70 635	76 517	45 684	8.33	-43.65	
	Perc	entage of Finai	псе				
External loans	0	0	5	8			
Public contributions and donations	0	0	0	0			
Grants and subsidies	81	84	81	74			
Own funding	19	16	15	17			
	Сар	ital Expenditur	·e				
Description		R'000			%		
Water and sanitation	13 108	35 023	30 496	14 095	-12.93	-46.83	
Electricity	2 758	6 448	6 814	6 099	5.68	-11.09	
Housing	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Roads and storm water	3 524	8 018	7 376	11 547	-8.00	52.01	
Other	8 865	21 146	31 831	13 943	50.53	-84.59	
Total	28 253	70 635	76 517	45 684	8.33	-43.65	
	Percen	tage of Expend	liture				
Water and sanitation	46	50	40	31			

2017/18

Capital Expenditure: Funding Sources								
	2016/17			2017/18				
Details	Audited outcome	Original Budget (OB)	Adjustment Budget	Actual	Adjustment to OB Variance	Actual to OB Variance		
Source of Finance								
Description		R'000			%			
Electricity	10	9	9	13				
Housing	0	0	0	0				
Roads and stormwater	12	11	10	25				
Other	31	30	42	31				

Table 200: Capital Expenditure by Funding Source

5.6.2 Capital Spending on Largest Capital Projects

			2017/18		
Name of Project	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditur e	Original Variance	Adjustmen t variance
		R'000		9	%
Upgrade of Waste Water Treatment Work Ph2 L/Bay	4 386	4 219	3 530	-19.52%	-16.34%
Upgrade Roads & Stormwater Citrusdal	7 018	4 916	5 137	-26.80%	4.50%
Integrated National Electrification Programme	3 509	3 509	3 511	0.06%	0.06%
Replacement of Streetlights Cederberg	400	375	265	-33.77%	-29.36%
Upgrade sport field Clanwilliam	0	6 530	4 521	0	-30.76%
Name of Project - A	Upgrade of WWTW Ph2 L/Bay				
Objective of Project	Upgrade WWTW to unlock housing				
Delays	None				
Future Challenges			None		
Anticipated citizen benefits			6 120		
Name of Project - B		Upgrade Roa	ds & Stormwat	er Citrusdal	
Objective of Project		Upgrade Roa	ads & Stormwat	er Citrusdal	
Delays			None		
Future Challenges			None		
Anticipated citizen benefits			7 177		
Name of Project - C	In	tegrated Natio	nal Electrificat	tion Programm	ne
Objective of Project		Electrification	n of housing in I	Lamberts Bay	
Delays	None				
Future Challenges	None				
Anticipated citizen benefits	130 Households				
Name of Project - D	Replacement of Streetlights Cederberg				
Objective of Project		Naintain efficie	nt lighting in Ce	ederberg regio	n

Delays	None			
Future Challenges	None			
Anticipated citizen benefits	Whole of the community			
Name of Project - E	Upgrade sports field Clanwilliam			
Objective of Project	Improving sport field of Clanwilliam			
Delays	None			
Future Challenges	None			
Anticipated citizen benefits	Whole of the community			

Table 201: Capital Spending on Largest Capital Projects

5.6.3 Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Expenditure on Service Backlogs

The table below indicates the MIG expenditure on service backlogs:

MIG Expenditure on Service Backlogs							
		A discolor contra		Variance			
Details	Budget	Adjustments Budget	Actual	Budget	Adjustment Budget		
	R'000			%	%		
Infrastructure - Sanitation	8 822	10 363	10 098	12.64	-2.62		
Sewerage purification	8 822	10 363	10 098	12.64	-2.62		
Other Specify: Recreational facilities	7 679	7 613	206	-3627.67	-3595.63		
Outdoor Sport facilities	7 679	7 613	206	-3627.67	-3595.63		
Roads Infrastructure	5 344	3 451	3 318	-61.06	-4.01		
Total	16 501	17 976	10 304	-60.14	-74.46		

^{*} MIG is a government grant program designed to fund a reduction in service backlogs mainly: Water; Sanitation; Roads; Electricity. Expenditure on new upgraded and renewed infrastructure. Variances are calculated by dividing the difference between actual and original/adjustments budget by the actual.

Table 202: MIG Expenditure on Service Backlogs

COMPONENT C: CASH FLOW MANAGEMENT AND INVESTMENTS

Cash flow management is critical to the municipality as it enables the organisation to assess whether enough cash is available at any point in time to cover the council's commitments. Cash flow is rigorously managed and monitored on a regular basis.

5.7 CASH FLOW

	Cash Flow Outcomes							
	R'000							
	2016/17		2017/18					
Description	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual				
		R'00	00					
Cash flow from operating activities								
Receipts								
Ratepayers and other	153 971	170 913	163 715	149 023				
Government - operating	80 209	58 056	61 330	58 827				
Government - capital	27 575	59 494	33 003	33 979				
Interest	3 824	3 195	2 947	3 494				
Dividends	0	0	0	0				
	Payments							
Suppliers and employees	(214 219)	(212 791)	(201 901)	(201 111)				
Finance charges	(2 668)	(2 799)	(2 110)	(2 681)				
Transfers and Grants	(817)	(870)	(2 008)	(1 021)				
Net cash from/(used) operating activities	47 876	75 198	54 976	40 510				
Cash fl	ows from investing	activities						
	Receipts							
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	641	0	0	502				
Decrease (increase) in non-current debtors	0	0	0	0				
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables	0	0	0	0				
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	0	0	0	0				
	Payments							
Capital assets	(27 756)	(70 635)	(76 517)	(44 638)				
Net cash from/(used) investing activities	(27 115)	(70 635)	(76 517)	(44 136)				
Cash flows from financing activities								
Receipts								
Short term loans	150	106	106	142				
Borrowing long term/refinancing	1 414	0	3 550	3 550				
Payments								

Cash Flow Outcomes							
R'000							
2016/17 2017/18							
Description	Audited Outcome	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual			
		R'00	00				
Repayment of borrowing	(2 514)	(3 366)	(3 831)	(3 835)			
Net cash from/(used) financing activities	(950)	(3 260)	(175)	(143)			
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held	19 811	1 303	(21 717)	(3 769)			
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2 490 2 505 22 301 2						
Cash/cash equivalents at the yearend:	22 301	3 808	584	18 532			

Table 203: Cash flow

5.8 GROSS OUTSTANDING DEBTORS PER SERVICE

Rates Financial year	Datas	Trading services	Economic services	Housing	Other	Takal
	(Electricity and Water)	(Sanitation and Refuse)	rentals	Other	Total	
	R'000					
2016/17	23 357	34 845	16 948	0	5 130	80 279
2017/18	26 202	43 603	22 790	0	3 645	96 240
Difference	2 845	8 758	5 842	0	(1 485)	15 961
% growth year on year	12	25	34	0	-29	20
		Note: Figures exclu	ude provision for bac	d debt		

Table 204: Gross Outstanding Debtors per Service

5.9 TOTAL DEBTORS AGE ANALYSIS

Financial year	Less than 30 days	Between 30-60 days	Between 60-90 More than 90 days		Total	
	R'000					
2016/17	13 599	4 903	3 555	58 222	80 279	
2017/18	14 826	6 637	4 977	69 799	96 240	
Difference	1 228	1 735	1 422	11 577	15 961	
% growth year on year	9	35	40	20	20	
Note: Figures exclude provision for bad debt.						

Table 205: Service Debtor Age Analysis

5.10 BORROWING AND INVESTMENTS

Infrastructure needs to be replaced and therefore borrowings for periods of 15 years are taken up to lessen the impact on consumers.

5.10.1 Actual Borrowings

Actual Borrowings			
R' 000			
Instrument	2016/17	2017/18	
	R'000		
Long-term loans (annuity/reducing balance)	20 105	17 609	
Financial leases	1 946	3 839	
Total	22 052	21 447	

Table 206: Actual Borrowings

5.10.2 Municipal Investments

Actual Investments			
R'000			
Investment type	2016/17	2017/18	
	Actual		
	R'(000	
Deposits - Bank	19 433	10 017	
Total	19 433	10 017	

Table 207: Municipal Investments

COMPONENT A: AUDITOR-GENERAL OPINION 2016/17

6.1 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORT 2016/17

2016/17						
Main Issues under emphasis of matter	Corrective steps implemented/to be implemented					
Material Losses and impairments						
As disclosed in note 46 to the financial statements the municipality incurred water distribution losses of 12 76%	This is a slight decrease from the previous year. The War On Leaks team is assisting the Municipality with mitigating all known leakages, and training and educating the public on the control and monitoring of water consumption					
As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements the municipality has provided for impairment of receivables from exchange transactions amounting to R30 4 million	Provision made in terms of GRAP. Current Policy of Council in terms of write off very conservative					
As disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements the municipality has provided for impairment of receivables from non-exchange transactions amounting to R40 8 million	New Traffic Management service provider was appointed late in 2016/17. The 2017/18 year is the full extent of fines issued by new service provider					
Going (Concern					
Based on a high level of review of the selected financial indicators the municipality is in a sound financial position as at 30 June 2017. However, the debtors' collection days and creditors payment period remain a concern especially since the debtors' collection period overlaps with the creditor's payment period; however the current ratio is a concern as current liabilities significantly exceed current assets. This indicates that the municipality might be unable to pay its current or short-term obligations. It further raises the question about the municipality's financial viability and its ability to continue operating optimally at its current capacity or as a going concern	 The Municipality embarked on the following corrective actions: Implementation of the Cash Committee Realistic budget Approaching NT and PT regarding funding of various capital projects Awareness campaign with regards to Councilors Provincial and National Treasury of the economic and social problems and challenges the Municipality face in an ever-decreasing positive economic climate Embarking on a Long-Term Financial Strategy Plan Implementing a Revenue Enhancement Policy Plan and Project Aligning our Credit Control and Indigent Policy to this project Applying to PT for funding to perform a water and electricity meter audit to decrease our water and electricity losses Applying for funding of a Strategic Sustainability Plan to PT Numerous meetings with the private sector to expedite growth in the community 					
Restatement of co	rresponding figures					
As disclosed in note 39 to the financial statements the corresponding figures for 30 June 2016 have been restated as a result of an error discovered during the 2016-17 financial year in the financial statements of the municipality at and for the year ended 30 June 2016	N/A					
Predetermin	ed Objectives					
Implement strategies to ensure that the Municipality is financial viable						

2016/17				
Main Issues under emphasis of matter	Corrective steps implemented/to be implemented			
The non-compliance with laws and regulations was not material enough to be reported in the audit report. The failure to make timely payments when due was caused by lack of adequate funding due to under collection on revenue earned over the year. Furthermore, the municipality concentrated on payments of historical debt specifically to Eskom where a settlement ring-fencing agreement was entered into	The cash and cash equivalents have Increased significantly from the prior to the current year. Additionally, the net cash flows for the year from operating activities have also increased from the prior year. Creditors as a percentage of cash and cash equivalents have decreased significantly in the current year and indicates an increased ability by the Municipality to meet it short term obligations and day-to-day operational expenses. The current liabilities as a percentage of net cash inflows for the year from operating activities further indicates that the Municipality might not be able to meet its operating obligations service its short-term debt and withstand tough economic conditions			
Sustainable basic service deliver	y and infrastructure development			
No findings	N/A			
Compliance v	vith legislation			
Annual Report and Ann	ual Financial Statements			
The non-compliance with laws and regulations was not material enough to be reported in the audit report	N/A			
Expenditure Management				
Money owed by the municipality was not always paid within 30 days as required by section 65 (2) (e) of the MFMA	Improvements were made with regard to the payment of creditors within 30 days however due to limited cash resources the action plan remains in progress			
Procurement and C	ontract Management			
No Findings; No irregular expenditure was incurred in the current financial year was as a result of the contravention of SCM legislation. Further no irregular expenditure incurred in previous years was identified in the current year	N/A			
IT Mana	agement			
The municipality does not have an adequate IT Governance Framework in place	Filling of vacancy for IT Manager is finalised. The position was advertised. Successful candidate was appointed			
Revenue Management				
The high debtors' collection period of 98.9 days and the increase in the debt impairment provision is an indication of the municipality experiencing challenges in the collection of outstanding debts	 Embarking on a Long-Term Financial Strategy Plan Implementing a Revenue Enhancement Policy Plan and Project Aligning our Credit Control and Indigent Policy to this project Cut and block of electricity services Hand-over to attorneys of clients older than 90 days 			

Table 208: AG Report on Financial Performance 2016/17

COMPONENT B: AUDITOR-GENERAL OPINION 2017/18

6.2 AUDITOR-GENERAL REPORT 2017/18

2017/18			
Main Issues under emphasis of matter	Corrective steps implemented/to be implemented		
Restatement of corresponding figures			
As disclosed in note 39 to 40 to the financial statements the corresponding figures for 30 June 2017 have been restated as a result of an errors and municipal standard chart of account	The reclassification of corresponding figures will be an ongoing process as a result of new mSCOA versions being issued by National Treasury on an annual basis		

2017/18				
Main Issues under emphasis of matter	Corrective steps implemented/to be implemented			
(mSCOA) related reclassifications discovered during the 2017- 18 financial year in the financial statements of the municipality at and for the year ended 30 June 2018				
Material Losses	and impairments			
As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements the municipality provided for impairment of receivables from exchange transactions amounting to R39 7 million (2016-17: R30.4 million)	With the implementation of the new mSCOA accounting system some issues were experienced in the current year with regards to the credit control module. Management will be working			
As disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements the municipality has provided for impairment of receivables from non-exchange transactions amounting to R51.3 million (2016-17: R40 8 million)	closely with the service providers of the accounting system in order to improve the credit control module			
Significant (uncertainties			
With reference to note 54 to the financial statements the municipality is the defendant in a number of lawsuits with third parties totalling R2 957 000. The outcomes of these matters cannot currently be determined and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements	Legal representation has been obtained. Management is confident that the said lawsuits will be ruled in favour of the Municipality			

Table 209: AG Report on Financial Performance 2017/18

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AG	Auditor-General	KPI	Key Performance Indicator
AFS	Annual Financial Statements	LDAC	Local Drug Action Committee
CAPEX	Capital Expenditure	LED	Local Economic Development
СВР	Community Based Planning	MAYCOM	Executive Mayoral Committee
CFO	Chief Financial Officer	MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act
CMAN	Cederberg Matzikama Aids Network		(Act No. 56 of 2003)
CMTP	Council Meets the People	MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant
COGHSTA	Department of Cooperative	MM	Municipal Manager
	Governance Human Settlements and Traditional Affairs	MMC	Member of Mayoral Committee
DOH		mSCOA	Municipal Standard Chart of Account
	Department of Health	MSA	Municipal Systems Act No. 32 of 2000
DPLG	Department of Provincial and Local Government	MTECH	Medium Term Expenditure Committee
DSD	Department of Social Development	NCOP	National Council of Provinces
DWA	Department of Water Affairs	NERSA	National Energy Regulator South Africa
ECD	Early Childhood Development	NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
EE	Employment Equity	NT	National Treasury
EPWP	Extended Public Works Programme	OPEX	Operating expenditure
EXCO	Executive Committee	PMS	Performance Management System
FBS	Free Basic Services	PT	Provincial Treasury
GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice	SALGA	South African Local Government Association
GRAP	Generally Recognised Accounting Practice	SAMDI	South African Management Development Institute
HR	Human Resources	SCM	Supply Chain Management
IDP	Integrated Development Plan	SDBIP	Service Delivery and Budget
IFRS	International Financial Reporting		Implementation Plan
	Standards	SDF	Spatial Development Framework
IMFO	Institute for Municipal Finance Officers	WDF	Waste Disposal Facility
КРА	Key Performance Area	WWTW	Waste Water Treatment Works

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Annexure A Financial Statements



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2018

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GENERAL INFORMATION

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Cederberg Local Municipality performs the functions as set out in the Constitution. (Act no 105 of 1996)

LEGAL FORM

South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

JURISDICTION

The Cederberg Local Municipality includes the following areas:

Algeria Graafwater
Clanwilliam Leipoltville
Lamberts Bay Elands Bay

Citrusdal

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

Ward 1 Cllr Jan Meyer

Ward 2 Cllr Raymond Vernie Pretorius Ward 3 Cllr Benjamin Ferdinand Zass

Ward 4 Cllr Jimmy Barnard
Ward 5 Cllr William Josef Farmer
Ward 6 Cllr Rhoda Gladys Witbooi
Proportional Cllr Francina Sokuyeka

Proportional Cllr Evelyn Nombulelo Majikejela
Proportional Cllr Nosiphiwo Sylvia Qunta

Proportional Cllr Marianne Nel
Proportional Cllr Lorna Scheepers

MEMBERS OF THE MAYORAL COMMITTEE

Cllr J Barnard (Executive Mayor)
Cllr BF Zass (Deputy Executive Mayor)
Cllr RV Pretorius
Cllr RG Witbooi

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Mr PL Volschenk

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr Elrico Alfred

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Pieter Strauss (Chairperson) Leone Arendse Marjorie Linnert

REGISTERED OFFICE

2A Voortrekker Road Clanwilliam

POSTAL ADDRESS

Private Bag x2 Clanwilliam 8135

GENERAL INFORMATION

AUDITORS

Office of the Auditor General (WC)

PRINCIPLE BANKERS

ABSA Bank Limited

ATTORNEYS

Burger & Marais Erasmus and Associates Visser en Vennote Grant Spammer Prokureurs Turner Legal

RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003)

Division of Revenue Act

The Income Tax Act

Value Added Tax Act

Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998)

Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000)

Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations

Water Services Act (Act no 108 of 1997)

Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997)

Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004)

Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987)

Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999)

Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998)

Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966)

Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997)

Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005

Collective Agreements

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APPROVAL OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APPROVAL OF ACCOUNTING OFFICER

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements year ended 30 June 2018, which are set out on pages 1 to 77 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GRAP.

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied on.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2019 and is satisfied that the Municipality can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Mr PL Volschenk Accounting Officer 31 08 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2018

		2018 R	2017 R
	Notes	(Actual)	(Restated)
ASSETS			
Current Assets	_	67 636 821	60 280 335
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	18 532 065	22 300 890
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	3	30 307 216	26 473 276
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	4	14 215 999	10 293 292
Taxes	5	3 125 355	-
Operating Lease Assets	6	4 256	7 794
Inventory	7	1 451 931	1 205 083
Non-Current Assets	_	597 622 718	571 897 916
Investment Property	8	80 157 437	80 473 087
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	506 445 605	476 313 377
Intangible Assets	10	1 319 342	354 433
Capitalised Restoration Cost (PPE)	11	9 700 334	14 757 018
Total Assets		665 259 539	632 178 251
Current Liabilities		100 116 203	84 685 692
	12	3 399 988	3 039 169
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities Consumer Deposits	13	1 954 330	1 812 782
Payables from exchange transactions	14	52 991 386	38 964 993
Unspent Conditional Government Grants	15	33 460 083	32 314 994
Taxes	5	-	842 513
Operating Lease Liabilities	6	10 561	25 276
Current Employee benefits	16	8 299 855	7 685 965
Non-Current Liabilities	<u>-</u>	93 324 994	89 593 935
Long-term Liabilities	12	18 367 165	19 012 417
Employee benefits	17	33 040 619	27 967 314
Non-Current Provisions	18	41 917 210	42 614 204
Total Liabilities		193 441 197	174 279 627
NET ASSETS		471 818 343	457 898 624
COMMUNITY WEALTH			
Accumulated Surplus		471 818 343	457 898 624
		471 818 343	457 898 624

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

REVENUE	Notes	2018 R (Actual)	2017 R (Restated)
REVENUE FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	-	149 509 810	141 666 608
Taxation Revenue		41 372 155	38 308 187
Property Rates	19	41 372 155	38 308 187
Transfer Revenue		92 707 559	78 262 333
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Public Contributions and Donations Contributed Assets	20 20 21	57 682 108 33 979 081 - 1 046 370	50 308 265 27 575 163 17 203 361 702
Other Revenue		15 430 096	25 096 087
Insurance Refund Fines, Penalties and Forfeits Actuarial Gains Reversal of Impairments	22 23 24	134 699 15 293 744 - 1 653	183 739 21 607 070 3 259 244 46 034
REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	L	133 733 838	131 023 806
Operating Activities		133 733 838	131 023 806
Service Charges Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - outstanding debtors Agency Services Other Income	25 26 27 28 29	120 342 155 3 451 935 1 426 564 2 067 817 3 101 335 3 344 032	118 574 051 3 755 082 863 414 2 960 994 2 817 435 2 052 829
TOTAL REVENUE		283 243 648	272 690 414
EXPENDITURE			
Employee Related Costs Remuneration of Councillors Debt Impairment Depreciation and Amortisation Actuarial Losses Finance Charges Bulk Purchases Transfers and Grants	30 31 32 33 23 34 35	93 658 527 5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 1 154 551 8 073 767 68 531 369 1 021 052	82 700 107 4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 - 7 887 228 67 596 734 817 005
Other Expenditure	37	49 174 185	46 803 351
Loss on disposal of Non-Monetary Assets	38	50 690	922 435
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		269 323 921	259 883 952
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		13 919 727	12 806 461

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ACCUMULATED	
	SURPLUS	TOTAL
	R	R
Balance on 30 June 2016	448 044 002	448 044 002
Correction of error restatement - note 39.5	(2 951 845)	(2 951 845)
Balance on 30 June 2016 - Restated	445 092 157	445 092 157
Net Surplus for the year	12 806 467	12 806 467
Balance on 30 June 2017 - Restated	457 898 624	457 898 624
Net Surplus for the year	13 919 719	13 919 719
Balance on 30 June 2018	471 818 343	471 818 343

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Receipts		Notes	2018 R (Actual)	2017 R (Restated)
Property Rates 37 233 630 32 839 893 Service Charges 99 585 591 105 195 474 Other Revenue 12 203 307 15 935 359 Government Grants 92 806 278 107 784 086 Interest 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (214 218 596) Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 501 683 640 725 Payments Purchase of Investment Property - - Purchase of Investment Property - - Purchase of Intangible Assets (1 018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts New Joans raised 3 5	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Service Charges 99 585 591 105 195 474 Other Revenue 12 203 307 15 935 484 Government Grants 92 806 278 107 784 086 Interest 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (21 42 18 596) Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments 501 683 640 725 Purchase of Investment Property 501 683 640 725 Purchase of Intensity Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intensity Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intensity Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) Payments (2	Receipts			
Other Revenue 12 203 307 15 935 359 Government Grants 92 806 278 107 784 086 Interest 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (214 218 596) Finance charges (2 667 797) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments Purchase of Investment Property - - Purchase of Investment Property (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intragible Assets (1 018 571) (25 65 41) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts New Joans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2	Property Rates		37 233 630	32 839 893
Government Grants 92 806 278 107 784 086 Interest 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (21 42 18 596) Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) Ref 797) Transfers and Grants 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Transfers and Grants 501 683 640 725 Feceipts Froceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions Fermions 40 725 Fermions Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 Fermions 40 725 <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	_			
Interest 3 494 381 3 824 409 Payments Colspan="2">(201111 292) (214 218 596) Finance charges (20 680 512) (2 680 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <				
Payments Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (214 218 596) Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ***********************************				
Suppliers and employees (201 111 292) (214 218 596) Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES **** Receipts** **** Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments *** *** *** Purchase of Investment Property *** *** *** Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Investment Property (44 136 262) (27 115 296) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments (20 50 541) (25 14 280) Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3 84 563) (2 514 280) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 8			3 494 381	3 824 409
Finance charges (2 680 512) (2 667 797) Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES **** **** Receipts **** **** Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments **** **** Purchase of Investment Property **** **** Purchase of Investment Property, Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intangible Assets (1 018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES *** *** Receipts *** *** New loans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 1 41 540 150 298 Payments *** *** Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Transfers and Grants (1 021 052) (817 005) NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 41 40 510 331 47 875 822 CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Froceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments From the property From the property, Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Investment Property, Plant and Equipment (44 136 262) (27 199 480) Purchase of Intengible Assets (10 18 571) (25 6541) Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Stream of the Stream			,	·
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment Purchase of Investment Property Purchase of Investment Property Purchase of Intangible Assets CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts PURCHASE OF Property, Plant and Equipment Purchase of Intangible Assets (1 018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts New Joans raised Increase in Consumer Deposits Increase in Consumer Deposits Increase in Consumer Deposits Loans repaid NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts New Joans raised Increase in Consumer Deposits Increase i			` '	·
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Froceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments Purchase of Investment Property - - - Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intangible Assets (1 018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts New loans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Transfers and Grants		(1 021 052)	(817 005)
Receipts 501 683 640 725 Payments Purchase of Investment Property - Purchase of Investment Property - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	41	40 510 331	47 875 822
Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment 501 683 640 725 Payments Purchase of Investment Property - - Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (43 619 374) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intangible Assets (1018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts New loans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments Purchase of Investment Property - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Receipts</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Receipts			
Purchase of Investment Property - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment</td><td></td><td>501 683</td><td>640 725</td></t<>	Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		501 683	640 725
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Purchase of Intangible Assets (43 619 374) (27 499 480) (27 499 480) Purchase of Intangible Assets (1018 571) (256 541) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Seceipts Seceipts Seceipts 1 41 4 116 Seceipts	Payments			
Purchase of Intangible Assets (1 018 571) (256 541) NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Secipts Secients	Purchase of Investment Property		-	-
NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES (44 136 262) (27 115 296) CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(43 619 374)	(27 499 480)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts 3 550 129 1 414 116 New loans raised Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Use Cash USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Purchase of Intangible Assets		(1 018 571)	(256 541)
Receipts New loans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	NET CASH USED INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(44 136 262)	(27 115 296)
Receipts New loans raised 3 550 129 1 414 116 Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
New loans raised Increase in Consumer Deposits 3 550 129 1 414 116 Payments 141 540 150 298 Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Receipts			
Increase in Consumer Deposits 141 540 150 298 Payments Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	•		3 550 129	1 414 116
Loans repaid (3 834 563) (2 514 280) NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (142 894) (949 867) NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) 19 810 659 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Increase in Consumer Deposits			
NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES(142 894)(949 867)NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD(3 768 825)19 810 659Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year22 300 8902 490 231	Payments			
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD (3 768 825) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	Loans repaid		(3 834 563)	(2 514 280)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 22 300 890 2 490 231	NET CASH USED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(142 894)	(949 867)
	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		(3 768 825)	19 810 659
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	Γ	22 300 890	2 490 231
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year 22 300 890	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		18 532 065	22 300 890

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Current assets		ORIGINAL BUDGET R	ADJUSTMENTS R	FINAL BUDGET R	ACTUAL R	ACTUAL VS FINAL BUDGET R
Non-current assets	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION					
Non-current assets	Current assets	41 630 181	(217 157)	41 413 024	67 636 821	26 223 797
Non-current liabilities 113 781 655 6 384 023 120 165 678 93 324 994 (26 840 685) Total Community Wealth 547 080 095 (41 666 665) 505 413 430 471 818 343 (33 595 087) (33 595 087) (41 666 665) (34 513 430 471 818 343 (33 595 087) (34 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Non-current assets	665 765 721		629 992 781	597 622 718	(32 370 063)
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SEVENUE Service Charges 40 870 550 40 870 550 41 372 155 501 605 502 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605 605	Current liabilities	46 534 152	(707 456)	45 826 697	100 116 203	54 289 506
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REVENUE Property rates 40 870 550 Service Charges 125 832 858 125 832 858 125 832 858 120 342 155 501 605 Service Charges 125 832 858 120 342 155 501 605 Service Charges 125 832 858 120 342 155 504 670 703) Investment revenue 391 125 1 400 000 1 791 125 1 426 564 (364 561) Transfers recognised - operational 58 056 305 6 910 238 6 4 966 544 57 682 108 (7 284 436) Other own revenue 49 799 732 (14 599 765) 35 199 967 27 395 5215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (7 804 752) 77 395 215 (8 805 31 81 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	Non-current liabilities	113 781 655	6 384 023	120 165 678	93 324 994	(26 840 685)
Property rates	Total Community Wealth	547 080 095	(41 666 665)	505 413 430	471 818 343	(33 595 087)
Property rates						
Property rates	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE					
Service Charges 125 832 858 - 125 832 858 120 342 155 (5 490 703) Investment revenue 391 125 1 400 000 1791 125 1 426 564 (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 561) (364 5	REVENUE					
Investment revenue	Property rates	40 870 550	-	40 870 550	41 372 155	501 605
Transfers recognised - operational Other own revenue 58 056 306 4979 732 69 10 238 (14 599 765) 69 65 544 35 199 967 27 395 215 (7 284 436) Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers) 274 950 571 (6 289 527) 268 661 044 248 218 197 (20 442 847) EXPENDITURE Employee costs 87 718 311 5 819 367 93 537 678 93 658 527 120 849 Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 299 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (10 25) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - <	Service Charges	125 832 858	-	125 832 858	120 342 155	(5 490 703)
Other own revenue 49 799 732 (14 599 765) 35 199 967 27 395 215 (7 804 752) Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers) 274 950 571 (6 289 527) 268 661 044 248 218 197 (20 442 847) EXPENDITURE Employee costs 87 718 311 5 819 367 93 537 678 93 658 527 120 849 Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 293 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 120 849 Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 599 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (921 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000	Investment revenue	391 125	1 400 000	1 791 125	1 426 564	(364 561)
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers) 274 950 571 (6 289 527) 268 661 044 248 218 197 (20 442 847) EXPENDITURE Employee costs 87 718 311 5 819 367 93 537 678 93 658 527 120 849 Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 293 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure <t< td=""><td>Transfers recognised - operational</td><td>58 056 306</td><td>6 910 238</td><td>64 966 544</td><td>57 682 108</td><td>(7 284 436)</td></t<>	Transfers recognised - operational	58 056 306	6 910 238	64 966 544	57 682 108	(7 284 436)
EXPENDITURE Employee costs 87 718 311 5 819 367 93 537 678 93 658 527 120 849 Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 293 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Rinance charges 8 44 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital 1 1046 370 1046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) Ret Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 (40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Other own revenue	49 799 732	(14 599 765)	35 199 967	27 395 215	(7 804 752)
Employee costs 87 718 311 5 819 367 93 537 678 93 658 527 120 849 Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 293 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 815 86) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510 Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - <td< th=""><th>Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers)</th><th>274 950 571</th><th>(6 289 527)</th><th>268 661 044</th><th>248 218 197</th><th>(20 442 847)</th></td<>	Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers)	274 950 571	(6 289 527)	268 661 044	248 218 197	(20 442 847)
Remuneration of councillors 4 928 058 184 753 5 112 811 5 293 216 180 405 Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (92 124 48) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432	EXPENDITURE					
Debt impairment 42 939 396 (4 624 566) 38 314 830 26 296 551 (12 018 279) Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392)	Employee costs	87 718 311	5 819 367	93 537 678	93 658 527	120 849
Depreciation and asset impairment 17 252 624 (1 025) 17 251 599 16 070 013 (1 181 586) Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital - - - - <td>·</td> <td>4 928 058</td> <td>184 753</td> <td>5 112 811</td> <td>5 293 216</td> <td>180 405</td>	·	4 928 058	184 753	5 112 811	5 293 216	180 405
Finance charges 8 544 400 (938 695) 7 605 705 8 073 767 468 062 Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital - - - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918)<	Debt impairment	42 939 396	(4 624 566)	38 314 830	26 296 551	(12 018 279)
Bulk purchases 69 234 799 (154 617) 69 080 182 68 531 369 (548 813) Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE 50 690 50 690 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital 1 046 370 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615	Depreciation and asset impairment	17 252 624	(1 025)	17 251 599	16 070 013	(1 181 586)
Other Materials 7 595 300 1 617 148 9 212 448 - (9 212 448) Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE 50 690 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital 1046 370 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430)	Finance charges	8 544 400	(938 695)	7 605 705	8 073 767	468 062
Contracted Services 15 500 630 8 743 968 24 244 598 - (24 244 598) Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cas	Bulk purchases	69 234 799	(154 617)	69 080 182	68 531 369	(548 813)
Transfers and grants 870 000 912 562 1 782 562 1 021 052 (761 510) Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262)<	Other Materials	7 595 300	1 617 148	9 212 448	-	(9 212 448)
Other expenditure 19 683 486 (941 463) 18 742 023 50 328 736 31 586 713 Loss on disposal of PPE - - - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) </td <td>Contracted Services</td> <td>15 500 630</td> <td>8 743 968</td> <td>24 244 598</td> <td>-</td> <td>(24 244 598)</td>	Contracted Services	15 500 630	8 743 968	24 244 598	-	(24 244 598)
Loss on disposal of PPE - - 50 690 50 690 Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Transfers and grants	870 000	912 562	1 782 562	1 021 052	(761 510)
Total Expenditure 274 267 004 10 617 432 284 884 436 269 323 921 (15 560 515) Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Other expenditure	19 683 486	(941 463)	18 742 023	50 328 736	31 586 713
Surplus/(Deficit) 683 567 (16 906 959) (16 223 392) (21 105 724) (4 882 332) Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Loss on disposal of PPE				50 690	50 690
Transfers recognised - capital 59 493 693 2 188 041 61 681 734 33 979 081 (27 702 653) Contributions Recognised - Capital - - - - 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Total Expenditure	274 267 004	10 617 432	284 884 436	269 323 921	(15 560 515)
Contributions Recognised - Capital 1 046 370 1 046 370 NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Surplus/(Deficit)	683 567	(16 906 959)	(16 223 392)	(21 105 724)	(4 882 332)
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR 60 177 260 (14 718 918) 45 458 342 13 919 727 (31 538 615) CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Transfers recognised - capital	59 493 693	2 188 041	61 681 734	33 979 081	(27 702 653)
CASH FLOW STATEMENT Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (14 465 184) (15 882 318) (16 517 159) (175 421) (142 894) (175 421)	Contributions Recognised - Capital				1 046 370	1 046 370
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	60 177 260	(14 718 918)	45 458 342	13 919 727	(31 538 615)
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities 75 197 945 (20 222 430) 54 975 515 40 510 331 (14 465 184) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527						
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (70 634 841) (5 882 318) (76 517 159) (44 136 262) 32 380 897 Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities (3 260 115) 3 084 694 (175 421) (142 894) 32 527	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	75 197 945	(20 222 430)	54 975 515	40 510 331	(14 465 184)
	Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(70 634 841)	(5 882 318)	(76 517 159)	(44 136 262)	32 380 897
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1 302 989 (23 020 055) (21 717 065) (3 768 825) 17 948 240	Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	(3 260 115)	3 084 694	(175 421)	(142 894)	32 527
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1 302 989	(23 020 055)	(21 717 065)	(3 768 825)	17 948 240

Refer to note 43.1 for explanations of material variances between the original and final budget.

Refer to note 43.2 for explanations of material variances between actual amounts and the final budget.

Material variances are considered to be any variances greater than R2.5 million.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.01 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention, unless specified otherwise.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework, have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – November 2013) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset, except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption has been granted, are disclosed below.

1.02 TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

The Municipality resolved to take advantage of the following transitional provisions:

In term of Directive 7 - "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP", the Municipality applied deemed cost to Investment Property and Property, Plant and Equipment where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined.

1.03 PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in South African Rand, rounded off to the nearest Rand, which is the Municipality's functional currency.

1.04 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.05 COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

1.05.1 Prior year comparatives

When the presentation or classification of items in the financial statements are amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed.

Where material accounting errors, which relate to prior periods, have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1.05.2 Amended Accounting Policies

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the financial statements.

No significant amendments were made to the accounting policy in the current year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.06 MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. Materiality is determined as 1% of total operating expenditure. This materiality is from management's perspective and does not correlate with the auditor's materiality.

1.07 BUDGET INFORMATION

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same fiscal period as the actual amounts.

The Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts includes the comparison between the approved and final budget amounts, as well as a comparison between the actual amounts and final budget amounts.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required by the Standards of GRAP.

NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

1.08.1 Effective dates determined

1.08

Where a Standard of GRAP has been issued but is not yet effective, the Municipality may resolve to early adopt such a Standard of GRAP if an effective date has been determined by the Minister of Finance.

The Municipality resolved to early adopt the following Standards of GRAP which were issued but are not yet effective:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosures	1 April 2019
GRAP 108	Statutory Receivables	1 April 2019

The effect of the above-mentioned Standards of GRAP which were early adopted is considered insignificant. Accounting policies for these Standards of GRAP were already formulated in the prior year's financial statements. The only effect is additional disclosure requirements.

The Municipality resolved to early adopt the following amended Standards of GRAP which were issued but are not yet effective:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 12 (2017)	Inventories	1 April 2018
GRAP 16 (2017)	Investment Property	1 April 2018
GRAP 17 (2017)	Property, Plant and Equipment	1 April 2018
GRAP 21 (2017)	Impairment of non-cash-generating assets	1 April 2018
GRAP 26 (2017)	Impairment of cash-generating assets	1 April 2018
GRAP 27 (2017)	Agriculture	1 April 2018
GRAP 31 (2017)	Intangible Assets	1 April 2018
GRAP 103 (2017)	Heritage Assets	1 April 2018

The effect of the above-mentioned amended Standards of GRAP which were early adopted is considered insignificant. The amendments to the Standards of GRAP mainly relate to the clarification of accounting principles.

The Municipality resolved not to early adopt Directive 12 - "The Selection of an Appropriate Reporting Framework by Public Entities" (effective 1 April 2018) as this Directive is not applicable to municipalities and will have no impact on the Municipality once it becomes effective.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

The Municipality further resolved not to early adopt the following Standards of GRAP and Interpretations of the Standard of GRAP which were issued but are not yet effective:

1.08.1.1 GRAP 18 - Segment Reporting (effective 1 April 2020)

The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for reporting financial information by segments.

Preliminary investigations indicated that, other than additional disclosure, the impact of the Standards on the financial statements will be not be significant.

1.08.1.2 GRAP 32 - Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor (effective 1 April 2019)

The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public sector entity.

Preliminary investigations indicated that, other than possibly additional disclosure, the impact of the Standards on the financial statements will be not be significant.

1.08.1.3 GRAP 109 - Accounting by Principles and Agents (effective 1 April 2019)

The objective of this Standard is to outline principles to be used by an entity to assess whether it is party to a principal-agent arrangement, and whether it is a principal or an agent in undertaking transactions in terms of such an arrangement.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standard's requirements.

1.08.1.4 GRAP 110 - Living and Non-living Resources (effective 1 April 2020)

The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the:

- (a) recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for living resources; and
- (b) disclosure requirements for non-living resources.

Preliminary investigations indicated that the Municipality's non-living resources do not fall within the scope of this Standard.

1.08.1.5 IGRAP 17 - Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset (effective 1 April 2019)

This Interpretation of the Standards provides guidance to the grantor where it has entered into a service concession arrangement, but only controls a significant residual interest in a service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, where the arrangement does not constitute a lease.

Preliminary investigations indicated that, other than possibly additional disclosure, the impact of the Standards on the financial statements will be not be significant.

1.08.1.6 Recognition and Derecognition of Land (effective 1 April 2019)

This Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP provides guidance on when an entity should recognise and derecognise land as an asset in its financial statements.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Interpretation's requirements.

1.08.1.7 Liabilities to Pay Levies (effective 1 April 2019)

This Interpretation provides guidance on the accounting for levies in the financial statements of the entity that is paying the levy. It clarifies when entities need to recognise a liability to pay a levy that is accounted for in accordance with GRAP 19.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Interpretation's requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.08.2 Effective dates not yet determined

Where a Standard of GRAP has been issued but not yet effective and the Minister of Finance has not yet determined an effective date, the Municipality may select to apply the principles established in that standard in developing an appropriate accounting policy dealing with a particular section or event.

The following original Standards of GRAP have been issued but are not yet effective as the Minister of Finance has not yet determined the effective date for application:

1.08.2.1 GRAP 34 - Separate Financial Statements

The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in controlled entities, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality has no investments in any entities.

1.08.2.2 GRAP 35 - Consolidated Financial Statements

The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not control any entities.

1.08.2.3 GRAP 36 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures and to set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have investments in any associates or joint ventures.

1.08.2.4 GRAP 37 - Joint Arrangements

The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for financial reporting by entities that have an interest in arrangements that are controlled jointly (i.e. joint arrangements).

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have an interest in any arrangements that are controlled jointly.

1.08.2.5 GRAP 38 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

The objective of this Standard is to require an entity to disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate:

- (a) the nature of, and risks associated with, its interests in controlled entities, unconsolidated controlled entities, joint arrangements and associates, and structured entities that are not consolidated; and
- (b) the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have an interest in any entities, associates, joint ventures or joint arrangements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.09 RESERVES

1.09.1 Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)

In order to finance the provision of infrastructure and other items of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from the accumulated surplus to the CRR.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the CRR:

- (a) The cash funds that back up the CRR are invested until utilised.
- (b) The CRR may only be utilised for the purpose of purchasing items of property, plant and equipment, and may not be used for the maintenance of these items.
- (c) Whenever an asset is purchased out of the CRR, an amount equal to the cost price of the asset is transferred from the CRR and the accumulated surplus is credited by a corresponding amount.

1.10 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.10.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, for administration purposes, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

Investment property is recognised as an asset when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property is initially measured at cost on its acquisition date. The cost of investment property is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to a condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality.

Where an investment property is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition and any other costs attributable to bring the asset to a condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. The cost of self-constructed investment property is the cost at date of completion. Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use.

Where investment property is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, its deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

1.10.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

1.10.3 Depreciation – Cost Model

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in Statement of Financial Performance, unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

The depreciation method is reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

At each reporting date the Municipality assesses whether there is any indication that expectations about the residual value and the useful life of an asset may have changed since the preceding reporting date. If any such indication exists, the expected residual value and useful life are revised and the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on the a prospective basis.

The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings YEARS
100

1.10.4 Impairment

Investment property is reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.10.5 Derecognition

An investment property is derecognised on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its disposal.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period of the retirement or disposal.

Compensation from third parties for items of investment property that were impaired, lost or given up is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when the compensation becomes receivable.

1.11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1.11.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably.

Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost on its acquisition date. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset as at date of acquisition and any other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, its deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Spare parts and stand by equipment which are expected to be used for more than one period are included in property, plant and equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.11.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset.

1.11.3 Depreciation

Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Depreciation of an asset ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in Statement of Financial Performance, unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

The depreciation method is reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

At each reporting date the Municipality assesses whether there is any indication that expectations about the residual value and the useful life of an asset may have changed since the preceding reporting date. If any such indication exists, the expected residual value and useful life are revised and the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on the a prospective basis.

The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

	YEARS		YEARS
Land and Buildings		Community	
Land	N/A	Community Facilities	16 - 101
Buildings	9 - 101	Sport and Recreational Facilities	20 - 101
		Work in progress	N/A
Infrastructure			
Electrical	9 - 115	Other	
Roads	4 - 50	Computer Equipment	5 - 17
Sanitation	5 - 60	Furniture and Office Equipment	5 - 31
Storm Water	4 - 50	Machinery and Equipment	5 - 36
Water Supply	8 - 60	Transport Assets	8 - 26
Work in progress	N/A		
Finance lease assets			
Office equipment	3 - 11		
Transport Assets	10		

1.11.4 Impairment

Property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.11.5 Derecognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Compensation from third parties for items of property, plant and equipment that were impaired, lost or given up is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when the compensation becomes receivable.

1.12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.12.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost on its acquisition date. The cost of an intangible asset is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its initial cost is measured at its fair value at the date of acquisition and any other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value is not determinable, its deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to a strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- (a) the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- (b) its intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- (c) its ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- (d) how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits or service potential;
- (e) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- (f) its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

1.12.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairments losses.

1.12.3 Amortisation

The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is still subject to an annual impairment test.

Amortisation of an intangible with a finite life asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Amortisation ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised.

Amortisation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the intangible assets. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in Statement of Financial Performance, unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

The residual value of an intangible asset with a finite useful life is considered to be zero.

The amortisation period and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Computer Software Years 6-16

1.12.4 Impairment

Intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.12.5 Derecognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.13 IMPAIRMENT OF NON-MONETARY ASSETS

An impairment is a loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset, over and above the systematic recognition of the loss of the asset's future economic benefits or service potential through depreciation.

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable amount of the asset.

1.13.1 Recoverable amount of Cash-generating assets

The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

The best evidence of fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

Value in use of a cash-generating asset is the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

1.13.2 Recoverable amount of Non-cash-generating assets

The recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

The value in use for a non-cash generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.13.3 Impairment loss

If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

An impairment loss of assets carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

1.13.4 Reversal of an impairment loss

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP is treated as a revaluation increase in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

After the reversal of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

1.14 INVENTORIES

1.14.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories are assets:

- (a) in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process;
- (b) in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed or distributed in the rendering of services;
- (c) held for sale or distribution in the ordinary course of operations; or
- (d) in the process of production for sale or distribution.

Inventories are recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably.

Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Trade discounts, rebates and other similar items are deducted in determining the costs of purchase.

Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, the cost is measured at the fair value as at the date of acquisition plus any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.14.2 Subsequent Measurement

When inventories are sold, exchanged or distributed the carrying amount of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. If there is no related revenue, the expense is recognised when the goods are distributed, or related service is rendered.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange or distribution. Current replacement cost is the cost the Municipality would incur to acquire the asset on the reporting date.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value or current replacement cost and all losses of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs.

The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method.

At reporting date, the water volume is determined by way of dip readings and the calculated volume in the distribution network. Water inventory is then measured by multiplying the cost per kilo litre of purified water by the amount of water in storage.

Cost of land held for sale is assigned by using specific identification of their individual costs.

1.15 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined-contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund), and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year during which they become payable.

Defined-benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans.

1.15.1 Post-Retirement Benefits

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Retirement benefits consist of defined-contribution plans and defined-benefit plans.

1.15.1.1 Multi-employer defined benefit plans

The Municipality contributes to various National- and Provincial-administered defined benefit plans on behalf of its qualifying employees. These funds are multi-employer funds. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. These defined benefit funds are actuarially valued on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis from all participating municipalities.

1.15.1.2 Post Retirement Medical Benefits

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% is paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined. The plan is unfunded.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability is calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly, plus any liability that may arise as a result of a minimum funding requirements. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

1.15.2 Long-term Benefits

1.15.2.1 Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries annually and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

1.15.3 Short-term Benefits

1.15.3.1 Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at reporting date and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term. Accumulated leave is vesting.

1.15.3.2 Bonuses

The liability for staff bonuses is based on the accrued bonus for each employee at reporting date.

1.15.3.3 Provision for Performance Bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is recognised as it accrue to Section 57 employees. Provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

1.16 PROVISIONS

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount. Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognised when it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the Municipality settles the obligation. The reimbursement is treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement will not exceed the amount of the provision. In the Statement of Financial Performance, the expense relating to a provision may be presented net of the amount recognised for a reimbursement.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
 - the business or part of a business concerned;
 - the principal locations affected;
 - the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
 - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
 - when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is derecognised.

1.17 LEASES

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

1.17.1 Municipality as Lessee

1.17.1.1 Finance Leases

At the commencement of the lease term, the Municipality recognises assets acquired under finance leases as assets and the associated lease obligations as liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

At the inception of the lease, the assets and liabilities are recognised at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The discount rate to be used in calculating the present value of the minimum lease payment is the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the rate implicit to the lease is not available the Municipality's incremental borrowing rate is used. Any initial direct costs of the Municipality are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge are allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses to the Statement of Financial Performance in the periods in which they are incurred. The leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to the assets.

1.17.1.2 Operating leases

Lease payment under an operating lease is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance on a straight-line basis over lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability.

1.17.2 Municipality as Lessor

1.17.2.1 Finance Leases

The Municipality recognises lease payments receivable under a finance lease as assets (receivable) in the Statement of Financial Position. The asset (receivable) is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease.

The asset (receivable) is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.17.2.2 Operating Leases

Operating lease revenue is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished. The difference between the straight-lined revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset.

1.18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1.18.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments (financial assets and financial liabilities) are recognised on the Municipality's Statement of Financial Position when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. If finance charges in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities are significantly different from similar charges usually obtained in an open market transaction, adjusted for the specific risks of the Municipality, such differences are immediately recognised in the period it occurs, and the unamortised portion adjusted over the period of the loan transactions.

1.18.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial instruments are categorised as follow:

- (a) Financial instruments at amortised cost are non-derivative financial instruments with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets or current liabilities, except for maturities greater than 12 months, which are classified as non-current. After initial recognition, both financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Financial assets are also subject to an impairment review.
- (b) **Financial instruments at cost** are investments in residual interests that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. Both financial assets and financial liabilities are subsequently measured at cost. Financial assets are subject to an impairment review.
- (c) Financial instruments at fair value comprise of financial assets or financial liabilities that are:
 - (i) derivatives;
 - (ii) combined instruments that are designated at fair value;
 - (iii) instruments held for trading;
 - (iv) non-derivative financial assets or financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are designated at fair value at initial recognition; or
 - (v) financial instruments that do not meet the definition of financial instruments at amortised cost or financial instruments at cost.

Both, financial assets and financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value with unrealised gains or losses recognised directly in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.3 Impairment and uncollectability of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence of impairment of financial assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.18.3.1 Financial assets measured at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Cash flows relating to short-term financial assets are not discounted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment is reversed by adjusting an allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognised in Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.3.2 Financial assets measured at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an investment in a residual interest that is not measured at fair value because its fair value cannot be measured reliably, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses is not be reversed.

1.18.4 Derecognition of financial instruments

1.18.4.1 Financial assets

The Municipality derecognises financial assets only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. Financial assets (receivables) are also derecognised when Council approves the write-off of financial assets due to non-recoverability.

If the Municipality neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Municipality recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Municipality retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Municipality continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

1.18.4.2 Financial liabilities

The Municipality derecognises financial liabilities when the Municipality's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

The Municipality recognises the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.19 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory receivables arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions.

1.19.1 Initial Recognition

Statutory receivables are recognised when the related revenue (exchange or non-exchange revenue) is recognised or when the receivable meets the definition of an asset. The Municipality initially measure statutory receivables at their transaction amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.19.2 Subsequent Measurement

The Municipality measures statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is subsequently changed to reflect any interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable, less any impairment losses and amounts derecognised.

1.19.3 Impairment and uncollectability of statutory receivables

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired.

If there is an indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired, the Municipality measures the impairment loss as the difference between the estimated future cash flows and the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount is higher than the estimated future cash flows, the carrying amount of the statutory receivable is reduced, through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. In estimating the future cash flows, the Municipality considers both the amount and timing of the cash flows that it will receive in future. Consequently, where the effect of the time value of money is material, the Municipality discounts the estimated future cash flows using a rate that reflects the current risk free rate and any risks specific to the statutory receivable for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a statutory receivable is revised if there has been a change in the estimates used since the last impairment loss was recognised, or to reflect the effect of discounting the estimated cash flows. Any previously recognised impairment loss is adjusted by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of any adjustment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19.4 Derecognition

The Municipality derecognises a statutory receivable when the rights to the cash flows from the receivable are settled, expire or are waived or the Municipality transfers the receivable and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable to another entity.

When the Municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable, has transferred control of receivable to another entity, the Municipality derecognises the receivable and recognises separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

1.20 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes cash on hand, cash held with banks, and call deposits. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less from inception, readily convertible to cash without significant change in value.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred in the Statement of Financial Performance.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of any bank overdrafts.

1.21 RECEIVABLES

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value, which approximates amortised cost less provision for impairment. Amounts receivable within 12 months from the date of reporting are classified as current.

A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Municipality will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. An estimate is made for impairment of receivables, based on past default experience of all outstanding amounts at reporting date.

Bad debts are written off in the year during which they are identified as irrecoverable, subject to the approval by the appropriate delegated authority. When a receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.22 TAXES (VALUE ADDED TAX)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value Added Tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included in the Statement of Financial Position. The Municipality accounts for value-added tax (VAT) on the payment basis.

1.23 PAYABLES AND ANNUITY LOANS

Payables and annuity loans are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

1.24 CONSUMER DEPOSITS

Consumer deposits are disclosed as a current liability. Consumer deposits are levied in line with council's policy to consumers when services are initially connected. When services are disconnected or terminated, the outstanding deposit is utilised against any arrear accounts the consumer might be liable for on that date. Any excess deposit after all debt is settled is refunded to the specific consumer.

1.25 CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised as assets when the resources that have been transferred to the Municipality meet the definition and criteria for recognition as assets.

Conditional grants, transfers and donations are recognised as revenue to the extent that the Municipality has complied with the conditions embodied in the agreement. Where the agreement contains a stipulation to return the asset, other future economic benefits or service potential, in the event of non-compliance to these stipulations and would be enforced by the transferor, a liability is recognised to the extent that the conditions have not been met. Where such requirements are not enforceable, or where past experience has indicated that the transferor has never enforced the requirement to return the transferred asset, other future economic benefits or service potential when breaches have occurred, the stipulation will be considered a restriction and is recognised as revenue.

The liability recognised to the extent that the conditions associated with the grant, transfer or donation have not been met, always has to be cash-backed. The cash which backs up the liability is invested as a individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.

Interest earned on investments of grants, transfers and donations are treated in accordance with conditions as stipulated in the agreement. If it is payable to the grantor it is recorded as part of the creditor and if it is the Municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.26 REVENUE

At the time of initial recognition, the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect, unless the Municipality has no intention of collecting this revenue. Where the Municipality has no intention of collecting the revenue, rebates and discounts are offset against the related revenue. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

1.26.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange.

Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.26.1.1 Taxation Revenue

Taxation revenue comprises of property rates. Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal amount receivable and effective interest rate applicable. A composite rating system charging different rate tariffs is employed. Rebates are granted to certain categories of ratepayers and are deducted from revenue.

1.26.1.2 Transfer Revenue

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred, meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met.

Grants, transfers and donations without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

1.26.1.3 Fines

Fine Revenue constitutes both spot fines and summonses. All fines issued during the year less any cancellations or reductions are recognised as revenue. Any fine reductions or cancellations subsequent to the reported date is recorded as a write-off against the provision raised for debt impairment.

1.26.1.4 Insurance Refund

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

1.26.1.5 Unclaimed deposits

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 36 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue. This policy is in line with prescribed debt principle as enforced by law.

1.26.1.6 Revenue from Recovery of Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

Income from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the MFMA (Act 56 of 2003), and is recognised upon the recovery thereof from the responsible party.

1.26.1.7 Services in-kind

Services in-kind include services provided by individuals to the Municipality at no charge or where the Municipality has the right to use assets at no charge.

The Municipality's recognises services in-kind that are significant to its operations as assets and recognises the related revenue when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the Municipality and the fair value of the assets can be measured reliably.

When the criteria for recognition is satisfied, services in-kind are recognised at their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

If the services in-kind are not significant to the Municipality's operations or does not satisfy the criteria for recognition, the Municipality only disclose the nature and type of services in-kind received during the reporting period.

1.26.1.8 Contributed Assets

Contributed assets are recognised at fair value when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

1.26.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered or goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.26.2.1 Service Charges

Service Charges are levied in terms of approved tariffs.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per the approved tariffs. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created, based on consumption history. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced, except at reporting date when estimates of consumption up to the reporting date are recorded as revenue without being invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period. In respect of estimates of consumption between the last reading date and the reporting date, an accrual is made based on the average monthly consumption of consumers.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale. It is estimated that pre-paid electricity is consumed within 5 to 7 days after date of purchase. The pre-paid electricity sold, but not consumed yet at reporting date is recognised as a liability under Payables from Exchange Transactions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Service charges relating to sewerage and sanitation are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property. These service charges are based on the type of service and the number of sewer connections on all developed property, using the tariffs approved and are levied on a monthly basis.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the number of refuse containers on each property, regardless of whether or not all containers are emptied during the month.

1.26.2.2 Interest earned

Interest earned on investments is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance on the time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investment.

1.26.2.3 Rental income

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

1.26.2.4 Income from Agency Services

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the Municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Income from agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

1.26.2.5 Other Tariffs

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

1.26.2.6 Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The Municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- (b) The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- (c) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- (d) It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality.
- (e) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.26.2.7 Deferred payment

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

1.27 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are incurred by the Municipality are expensed in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period during which they are incurred, regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

1.28 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.29 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.30 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Municipality. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measures with sufficient reliability.

Contingent assets represent possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by an occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Municipality.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

1.32 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the financial statements represents the contractual balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.33 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- (a) those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- (b) those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

If non-adjusting events after the reporting date are material, the Municipality discloses the nature and an estimate of the financial effect.

1.34 RELATED PARTIES

The Municipality regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to control the Municipality either individually or jointly, or the ability to exercise significant influence over the Municipality, or vice versa.

Management is regarded as a related party and comprises the Councillors, Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker, Mayoral Committee members, Municipal Manager, executive directors and all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

A close family member of management is also considered to be related party. A person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage or are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees. Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

The Municipality operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the Constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only parties within the same sphere of government will be considered to be related parties. Only transactions with such parties which are not at arm's length and not on normal commercial terms, are disclosed.

1.35 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

1.35.1 Application of Directive 7

For deemed cost applied to Property, Plant and Equipment as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

GRAP implementation date for the Municipality is 1 July 2009 which is also the date applicable when applying Directive 7. The GRAP compliant period is therefore determined to be from 1 July 2009 to the current year's reported date. Where the economic useful life of an items of Property, Plant and Equipment is less than the GRAP compliant period, it is assumed that the item was either incorrectly written off in the past, or that the capital expenditure of the said item was incorrectly included in surplus. In such cases the item shall not be recognised on GRAP implementation date, but shall be taken into account on that date of the opening balances of the comparative amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

1.35.2 Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of receivables is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

1.35.3 Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives of assets are based on management's estimates. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

The estimated residual values of assets are also based on management's judgement on whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and what their condition will be at that time.

1.35.4 Impairment of non-monetary assets

Non-monetary assets can include, but is not limited to, Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible assets.

The Municipality is not a profit-oriented entity, as its primary objective is service delivery. Tariffs and charges are cost-reflective to ensure continued financial sustainability. No profit element is included in the determination of a tariff. As such, management has determined that the Municipality does not control assets that meet the definition of cash-generating assets and that the Standard of GRAP on Impairment of Non-cash-generating Assets will apply to all assets of the Municipality.

The calculation in respect of the impairment of non-monetary assets is based on an assessment of the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset has declined below the carrying amount. This calculation will only be performed if there is an indication of an impairment.

1.35.5 Post-Retirement and Long-term Benefits

The cost of post retirement medical benefits and long-service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

1.35.6 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management's judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions, as well as when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill site is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value at the reporting date of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill site. The discount rate used to calculate the effect of time value of money is linked to the index for earthwork as published by Statistics South Africa.

1.35.7 Financial assets and liabilities

The classification of financial assets and liabilities, into categories, is based on judgement by management. In making the judgement, management considered the definition and recognition criteria for the classification of financial instruments as set out in the Standard of GRAP on Financial Instruments.

1.35.8 Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as prescribed in the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Exchange Transactions and Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions. Specifically, when goods are sold, whether the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

s i	n Rand	2018	2017
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Bank Accounts	8 510 051	2 859 55
	Call Investment Deposits	10 016 900	19 433 00
	Cash Floats	5 114	8 33
	Total	18 532 065	22 300 89
	Due to the short term nature of cash deposits, all balances included above are in line with their fair values.		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents are held to support the following commitments:		
	Unspent Conditional Grants	33 460 083	32 314 99
	VAT	-	842 53
	Shortfall on working capital requirements - refer to note 56 on financial sustainability	(14 928 018)	(10 856 61
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	18 532 065	22 300 89
	Overdraft facility with ABSA Bank which was available during the financial year	6 000 000	6 000 00
	Guarantee in favour of Eskom registered with Standard Bank	2 900 000	2 900 00
	Bank Accounts		
	Detail of the Bank Accounts (Cash book balances) are as follow:		
	Cash book balance at beginning of year	2 859 556	2 308 96
	Cash book balance at end of year	8 510 051	2 859 55
	Bank accounts consists out of the following accounts:		
	ABSA - Account number 40-5357-8397 (Current Account)		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	2 320 540	1 730 79
	Bank statement balance at end of year	8 153 573	2 320 54
	ABSA - Account number 40-7639-1003 (Traffic Account)		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	<u>-</u>	
	ABSA - Account number 40-7639-1273 (Service Account)		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	-	
	Bank statement balance at end of year	-	
	ABSA - Account number 40-7873-7035 (Elands Bay Fish Factory Account)		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	-	
	Bank statement balance at end of year	-	
	Standard Bank - Account number 082163324 (Eskom Guarantee Account)		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	15 655	25 59
	Bank statement balance at end of year	13 275	15 69
	Summary of all bank accounts		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year	2 336 195	1 756 39
	Bank statement balance at end of year	8 166 848	2 336 19
	Call Investment Deposits		
	Call investment deposits consist out of the following accounts:		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	s in Rand		2018	2017
3	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
	Service Receivables			
	Electricity		17 703 484	13 513 923
	Water		25 899 344	21 330 612
	Refuse		9 679 957	7 628 866
	Sewerage		13 110 306	9 319 106
	Other		3 644 893	5 130 037
	Total Gross Balance		70 037 983	56 922 544
	Less: Allowance for Debt Impairment		(39 730 768)	(30 449 268)
	Total Net Receivable		30 307 216	26 473 276
	Other Service Receivables consist out of interest, sundry services and rentals.			
	Consumer debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not dee Interest of prime +2% is levied on late payments.	s and legislation.		
	Reconciliation of Allowance for Debt Impairment			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		30 449 268	23 023 325
	Movement in the contribution to the provision		16 922 625	14 530 389
	Bad Debts Written off		(7 641 125)	(7 104 447)
	Balance at the end of the year The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all con-	sumer halances	39 730 768	30 449 268
	Balance at the end of the year The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	payment trends, s of the current		30 449 268
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	payment trends, s of the current omer base over	Allowance for Debt	
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	payment trends, s of the current		Net Receivable
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	payment trends, s of the current omer base over Gross Balance	Allowance for Debt	Net Receivable
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	payment trends, s of the current omer base over Gross Balance	Allowance for Debt	Net Receivable
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cust which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables	payment trends, s of the current omer base over Gross Balance R	Allowance for Debt Impairment R	Net Receivable R
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018	payment trends, s of the current omer base over Gross Balance	Allowance for Debt Impairment R	Net Receivable
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484	Allowance for Debt Impairment R	Net Receivable R
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custs which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893 70 037 983	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065) (39 730 768)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Electricity Water	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893 70 037 983 13 513 923 21 330 612	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065) (39 730 768) (2 701 239) (12 882 786)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828 30 307 216 10 812 684 8 447 826
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Refuse	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893 70 037 983 13 513 923 21 330 612 7 628 866	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065) (39 730 768) (2 701 239) (12 882 786) (4 893 108)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828 30 307 216 10 812 684 8 447 826 2 735 758
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cust which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Sewerage	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893 70 037 983 13 513 923 21 330 612 7 628 866 9 319 106	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065) (39 730 768) (2 701 239) (12 882 786) (4 893 108) (5 951 870)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828 30 307 216 10 812 684 8 447 826 2 735 758 3 367 236
	The Allowance for impairment of Receivables has been made for all consoutstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in excess allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large custowhich the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Sewerage Other Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Electricity Water Refuse Refuse	payment trends, so of the current omer base over Gross Balance R 17 703 484 25 899 344 9 679 957 13 110 306 3 644 893 70 037 983 13 513 923 21 330 612 7 628 866	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (5 435 315) (17 714 825) (7 249 629) (8 075 934) (1 255 065) (39 730 768) (2 701 239) (12 882 786) (4 893 108)	Net Receivable R 12 268 169 8 184 520 2 430 328 5 034 371 2 389 828 30 307 216 10 812 684 8 447 826 2 735 758

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

<i></i>	n Rand	2018	2017
	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)		
	Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions		
	Electricity		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	7 508 819	6 982 803
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	1 945 594	1 176 30
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	956 634	604 14
	Past Due (90 Days +)	7 292 437	4 750 66
	Total	17 703 484	13 513 92
	Water		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	3 047 088	2 713 71
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	1 366 540	1 111 35
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	1 266 210	991 65
	Past Due (90 Days +)	20 219 507	16 513 88
	Total	25 899 344	21 330 61
	Refuse		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	747 178	652 55
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	527 591	439 49
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	438 463	364 73
	Past Due (90 Days +)	7 966 724	6 172 08
	Total	9 679 957	7 628 86
	Sewerage		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	980 185	804 09
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	843 976	541 85
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	780 406	380 94
	Past Due (90 Days +)	10 505 738	7 592 22
	Total	13 110 306	9 319 10
	Other		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	65 959	203 68
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	454 256	154 47
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	485 523	204 50
	Past Due (90 Days +)	2 639 154	4 567 36
	Total	3 644 893	5 130 03
	Summary Ageing of all Receivables from Exchange Transactions		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	12 349 229	11 356 85
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	5 137 958	3 423 48
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	3 927 236	2 545 98
	Past Due (90 Days +)	48 623 560	39 596 22
	· · · ·		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

gures in Rand		2018	2017	
	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
	Service Receivables			
	Property Rates		26 201 916	23 356 741
	Other Receivables		39 279 963	27 762 248
	Unpaid Traffic Fines		38 088 181	26 725 510
	Suspense Debtors		931 832	790 018
	Deposits		259 950	246 72
	Total Gross Balance		65 481 879	51 118 98
	Less: Allowance for Debt Impairment		(51 265 880)	(40 825 69
	Total Net Receivable		14 215 999	10 293 29
	As previously reported			13 193 29
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.1			(2 900 00
	Restated balance			10 293 29
	Rates are payable monthly within 30 days after the date of accounts. An op- annually is also available and the account must be settled on or before 30 Septe period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the publ established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other rece recognition is not deemed necessary. Interest of prime +2% is levied on late paya	ember. This credit lic sector, through eivables on initial		
	Reconciliation of Allowance for Debt Impairment			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		40 825 698	24 232 97
	Movement in the contribution to the provision		11 733 532	18 680 21
	Bad Debts Written off		(1 293 350)	(2 087 49)
	Balance at the end of the year		E1 26E 00A	40 03F CO
	·		51 265 880	40 825 698
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	e payment trends, ess of the current	31 203 880	40 825 69
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over	Allowance for Debt	
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance		Net Receivable
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over	Allowance for Debt	
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread.	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance	Allowance for Debt	Net Receivabl
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance	Allowance for Debt	Net Receivabl R
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R	Allowance for Debt Impairment R	Net Receivabl R
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181	Allowance for Debt Impairment R	Net Receivabl R 11 461 54 1 562 67
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370)	Net Receivabl R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370)	Net Receivabl R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co- outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce- allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co- outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce- allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950 65 481 879	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510) (51 265 880)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95 14 215 99
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co- outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce- allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Property Rates	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95 14 215 99
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Other Receivables	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950 65 481 879 23 356 741	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510) (51 265 880)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95 14 215 99
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950 65 481 879 23 356 741 26 725 510	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510) (51 265 880)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95 14 215 99 6 906 87
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950 65 481 879 23 356 741 26 725 510 790 018	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510) (51 265 880)	Net Receivable R 11 461 54 1 562 67 931 83 259 95 14 215 99 6 906 87 2 349 67 790 01
	The Allowance for impairment of receivables has been made for all co outstanding based on the payment ratio over the last 12 months. Based on these management is satisfied that no further credit provision is required in exce allowance. The risk of non-payment is further mitigated due to the large cus which the outstanding receivable balance is spread. 30 June 2018 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines Suspense Debtors Deposits Total 30 June 2017 Service Receivables Property Rates Other Receivables Unpaid Traffic Fines	e payment trends, ess of the current stomer base over Gross Balance R 26 201 916 38 088 181 931 832 259 950 65 481 879 23 356 741 26 725 510	Allowance for Debt Impairment R (14 740 370) (36 525 510) (51 265 880)	Net Receivable

Figures in	Rand	2018	2017
4	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)		
	Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions		
	Property Rates		
	Current (0 - 30 days)	2 477 192	2 242 026
	Past Due (31 - 60 Days)	1 499 400	1 479 046
	Past Due (61 - 90 Days)	1 049 875	1 009 487
	Past Due (90 Days +)	21 175 449	18 626 182
	Total	26 201 916	23 356 741
5	TAXES		
	VAT Receivable/(Payable)	2 890 228	(1 756 773)
	VAT Neceivable/(Fayable) VAT Input in Suspense	4 775 281	5 462 154
	VAT Output in Suspense - net	(4 540 154)	(4 547 894)
	VAT Output in Suspense	(10 149 362)	(7 797 495)
	Less: VAT on Allowance for Debt Impairment	5 609 208	3 249 601
	Total	3 125 355	(842 513)
	As previously reported		(743 662)
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.1 Restated balance	-	(98 850)
	Reconciliation of VAT on Allowance for Debt Impairment	=	(842 513)
	·	2 240 604	2 265 022
	Balance at beginning of year Debt Impairment for current year	3 249 601 2 359 607	2 365 932 883 669
	Balance at the end of the year	5 609 208	3 249 601
6	OPERATING LEASES		
6.1	OPERATING LEASE ASSETS		
	Operating Lease Asset	4 256	7 794
	The operating lease asset is derived from contracts where the Municipality acts as the lessor in the agreement.		
	Reconciliation of Operating Lease Asset		
	Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	7 794 (3 538)	3 965 3 8 2 9
	Balance at the end of the year	4 256	7 794
	The Municipality will receive the following lease payments from contracts that have defined lease payments and terms.		
	Within 1 Year	91 085	148 790
	Between 1 and 5 Years After 5 Years	-	76 630 -
	Total operating lease payments	91 085	225 419
	This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income and does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.		
	The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased. Escalation between 6 and 10% are applicable on the leases. The renewal option after lapsing of the contracts are available.		
	The Municipality does not engage in any sub-lease arrangements nor did the Municipality receive any contingent rent during the year.		

Figures in	Rand	2018	2017
6	OPERATING LEASES (CONTINUED)		
6.2	OPERATING LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Operating Lease Liability	10 561	25 276
	The operating lease liability is derived from contracts where the Municipality acts as the lessee in		23 276
	the agreement.		
	Reconciliation of Operating Lease Liability		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	25 276	23 526
	Movement during the year	(14 715)	1 750
	Balance at the end of the year	10 561	25 276
	The Municipality will incur the following lease expenditure from contracts that have defined lease payments and terms.		
	Within 1 Year	21 900	232 409
	Between 1 and 5 Years After 5 Years	96 716	92 997 25 620
	Total operating lease payments		351 025
	Operating leases consist out of the following leases:		331 023
	 Lease of office space for a period of 36 months (ending June 2018) with an escalation of 8% per annum. 		
	 Lease of a swimming pool for a period of 120 months (ending June 2023) with an escalation of 4% per annum. 		
	The Municipality does not engage in any sub-lease arrangements.		
	The Municipality did not pay any contingent rent during the year.		
7	INVENTORY		
	Maintenance Materials - at cost	1 314 925	1 076 084
	Water – at cost Total	137 006 1 451 931	128 999 1 205 083
	As previously reported Correction of error restatement - note 39.1		2 436 678 (1 231 595)
	Restated balance	=	1 205 083
	Inventory are disclosed at the lower of cost or net realisable value.		
	No inventory were pledged as security for liabilities.		
	Inventory written down due to losses identified during the annual stores counts	33 222	559
	Inventory recognised as an expense during the year	1 962 501	704 808

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures	s in Rand	2018	2017
8	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
	Investment Property - Carrying Value	80 157 437	80 473 087
	As previously reported		74 946 252
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.1		1 142 495
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.3		4 384 340
	Restated balance	_	80 473 087
	The carrying value of Investment Property is reconciled as follows:	-	_
	Opening Carrying Value	80 473 087	80 525 337
	Cost	80 943 076	80 943 076
	Accumulated Depreciation	(469 989)	(417 739)
	Additions	-	-
	Depreciation for the year	(52 250)	(52 250)
	Disposals	(263 400)	-
	Closing Carrying Value	80 157 437	80 473 087
	Cost	80 679 676	80 943 076
	Accumulated Depreciation	(522 239)	(469 989)
	There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.		
	There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.		

9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

financial year.

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Accumulated Impairment	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R
30 June 2018				
Land and Buildings	22 292 759	(968 776)	-	21 323 983
Infrastructure	649 507 511	(251 627 754)	-	397 879 757
Leased Assets	5 276 289	(598 759)	-	4 677 530
Community Assets	71 500 164	(3 958 018)	-	67 542 147
Other Assets	27 934 247	(12 912 060)		15 022 187
Total	776 510 971	(270 065 366)	-	506 445 605
30 June 2017		_		
Land and Buildings	22 071 479	(844 499)	-	21 226 980
Infrastructure	617 107 133	(240 445 790)	-	376 661 343
Leased Assets	2 116 802	(232 751)	-	1 884 052
Community Assets	64 646 047	(3 409 193)	-	61 236 854
Other Assets	26 458 036	(11 153 888)		15 304 149
Total	732 399 498	(256 086 120)		476 313 377
As previously reported				495 426 534
Reclassification - note 40.2				(14 757 018)
Correction of error restatement - note 39.3				(4 356 139)
Restated balance				476 313 377
Repairs and maintenance incurred on Property, Plant	and Equipment		13 577 456	9 658 844

The prior year balance for Repairs and Maintenance was restated.

The leased property, plant and equipment and the buildings are secured as set out in note 12.

The reconciliation of the carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment is disclosed on the following page:

No operating expenditure was incurred on investment property during the 2017/18 and 2016/17

following page:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Carrying Value			Cost					Accumulated [Depreciation and	d Impairment		
30 June 2018	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfer of Assets	Transfer to Capital Assets	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation Charge	Impairment (Reversal)	Disposals	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	22 071 479	221 280	-	-	-	22 292 759	844 499	124 276	-	-	968 776	21 323 983
Land	8 184 902	-	-	-	-	8 184 902	-	-	-	-	-	8 184 902
Buildings	13 886 577	221 280	-	-	-	14 107 857	844 499	124 276	-	-	968 776	13 139 081
Infrastructure	617 107 133	32 547 059	(146 681)	-	-	649 507 511	240 445 790	11 283 609	-	(101 646)	251 627 754	397 879 757
Electrical	139 676 010	-	(33 217)	-	10 134 267	149 777 061	77 243 334	3 054 006	-	(24 841)	80 272 498	69 504 562
Roads	111 770 298	-	-	-	210 742	111 981 040	61 379 906	3 247 451	-	-	64 627 357	47 353 683
Sanitation	75 412 636	-	(31 207)	-	142 815	75 524 244	34 437 157	1 763 103	-	(31 203)	36 169 058	39 355 186
Storm Water	17 690 755	-	-	-	-	17 690 755	4 849 617	348 450	-	-	5 198 067	12 492 689
Water Supply	117 089 023	-	(82 257)	-	679 467	117 686 234	62 535 777	2 870 598	-	(45 602)	65 360 774	52 325 460
Work in progress	155 468 410	32 547 059	-	-	(11 167 292)	176 848 177	-	-	-	-	-	176 848 177
Leased Assets	2 116 802	3 159 487	-	-	-	5 276 289	232 751	366 008	-	-	598 759	4 677 530
Furniture and Office Equipment	875 650	-	-	-	-	875 650	232 751	154 590	-	-	387 341	488 309
Transport Assets	1 241 152	3 159 487	-	-	-	4 400 639	-	211 418	-	-	211 418	4 189 221
Community Assets	64 646 047	6 558 109	(100 361)	396 370	-	71 500 164	3 409 193	557 098	-	(8 273)	3 958 018	67 542 147
Community Facilities	16 490 513	13 140	-	-	-	16 503 653	663 268	130 140	-	-	793 407	15 710 246
Sport and Recreational Facilities	46 825 823	475 854	(100 361)	396 370	257 378	47 855 064	2 745 925	426 958	-	(8 273)	3 164 610	44 690 453
Work in progress	1 329 710	6 069 115	-	-	(257 378)	7 141 447	-	-	-	-	-	7 141 447
Other Assets	26 458 036	1 133 440	(307 229)	650 000	-	27 934 247	11 153 888	1 914 734	-	(156 561)	12 912 060	15 022 187
Computer Equipment	2 338 205	308 713	(117 482)	-	-	2 529 436	1 046 214	297 054	-	(45 761)	1 297 507	1 231 929
Furniture and Office Equipment	5 976 308	469 787	(97 431)	-	-	6 348 664	2 763 801	435 052	-	(57 219)	3 141 634	3 207 030
Machinery and Equipment	8 406 356	354 939	(92 316)	-	-	8 668 979	3 862 668	629 131	-	(53 582)	4 438 218	4 230 761
Transport Assets	9 737 168		-	650 000	-	10 387 168	3 481 204	553 497	-	-	4 034 701	6 352 467
	732 399 498	43 619 374	(554 271)	1 046 370	-	776 510 971	256 086 120	14 245 725	-	(266 480)	270 065 366	506 445 605

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Carrying Value			Cost					Accumulated [Depreciation and	d Impairment		
30 June 2017	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfer of Assets	Transfer to Capital Assets	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Depreciation Charge	Impairment (Reversal)	Disposals	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	21 982 869	88 610	-	-	-	22 071 479	724 983	119 516	-	-	844 499	21 226 980
Land	8 184 902	-	-	-	-	8 184 902	-	-	-	-	-	8 184 902
Buildings	13 797 967	88 610	-	-	-	13 886 577	724 983	119 516	-	-	844 499	13 042 078
Infrastructure	593 691 989	23 442 099	(26 955)	-	-	617 107 133	229 245 441	11 205 118	-	(4 769)	240 445 790	376 661 343
Electrical	139 327 378		-		348 633	139 676 010	74 203 313	3 040 021	-	-	77 243 334	62 432 676
Roads	111 770 298		-		-	111 770 298	58 133 156	3 246 749	-	-	61 379 906	50 390 392
Sanitation	75 374 791		-		37 845	75 412 636	32 693 617	1 743 540	-	-	34 437 157	40 975 480
Storm Water	17 690 755		-		-	17 690 755	4 501 166	348 450	-	-	4 849 617	12 841 139
Water Supply	116 891 160	176 727	(26 955)		48 091	117 089 023	59 714 189	2 826 357	-	(4 769)	62 535 777	54 553 246
Work in progress	132 637 606	23 265 372	-		(434 569)	155 468 410	-	-	-	-	-	155 468 410
Leased Assets	910 974	1 738 592	(532 764)	-	-	2 116 802	479 272	172 029	-	(418 551)	232 751	1 884 052
Furniture and Office Equipment	910 974	497 440	(532 764)	-	-	875 650	479 272	172 029	-	(418 551)	232 751	642 899
Transport Assets	-	1 241 152	-	-	-	1 241 152	-	-	-	-	-	1 241 152
Community Assets	63 616 695	1 040 553	(11 202)	-	-	64 646 047	2 881 941	527 251	-	-	3 409 193	61 236 854
Community Facilities	16 145 872	344 641	-	-	-	16 490 513	539 248	124 020	-	-	663 268	15 827 246
Sport and Recreational Facilities	46 335 459	490 364	-	-	-	46 825 823	2 342 693	403 232	-	-	2 745 925	44 079 898
Work in progress	1 135 364	205 548	(11 202)	-	-	1 329 710	-	-	-	-	-	1 329 710
Other Assets	27 237 233	1 687 064	(2 827 964)	-	361 702	26 458 036	10 745 959	1 820 857	-	(1 412 928)	11 153 888	15 304 149
Computer Equipment	1 816 202	591 211	(69 208)	-	-	2 338 205	932 212	172 774	-	(58 773)	1 046 214	1 291 991
Furniture and Office Equipment	5 939 605	222 677	(185 974)	-	-	5 976 308	2 520 532	373 435	-	(130 166)	2 763 801	3 212 506
Machinery and Equipment	8 262 278	317 209	(173 131)	-	-	8 406 356	3 396 417	572 973	-	(106 722)	3 862 668	4 543 687
Transport Assets	11 219 149	555 968	(2 399 652)	-	361 702	9 737 168	3 896 797	701 675	-	(1 117 268)	3 481 204	6 255 964
	707 439 761	27 996 920	(3 398 885)	-	361 702	732 399 498	244 077 596	13 844 772	-	(1 836 247)	256 086 120	476 313 377

The sub-classes layout of the reconciliation were changed from the prior year in order to comply with GRAP and reporting requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

INTANGIBLE ASSETS Intangible Assets - Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 The carrying value of intangible Assets is reconciled as follows: Opening Carrying Value 354 433 148 674 Cost 510 995 396 159 Work in Progress 140 400 - Accumulated Depreciation (296 962) (247 485) Additions 11 165 116 141 Additions - Work in Progress 1 007 406 140 400 Amortisation (52 481) (50 260) Disposal (1 181) (522) Cost (3 541) (1 305) Accumulated Depreciation 3 34 433 354 433 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 1 40 400 Accumulated Depreciation (347 083) (296 962)	s in Rand	2018	2017
The carrying value of intangible Assets is reconciled as follows: Opening Carrying Value 354 433 148 674 Cost 510 995 396 159 Work in Progress 140 400 - Accumulated Depreciation (296 962) (247 485) Additions 11 165 116 141 Additions - Work in Progress 1 007 406 140 400 Amortisation (52 481) (50 260) Disposal (1 181) (522) Cost (3 541) (1 305) Accumulated Depreciation 2 360 783 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
Opening Carrying Value 354 433 148 674 Cost 510 995 396 159 Work in Progress 140 400 - Accumulated Depreciation (296 962) (247 485) Additions 11 165 116 141 Additions - Work in Progress 1 007 406 140 400 Amortisation (52 481) (50 260) Disposal (1 181) (522) Cost (3 541) (1 305) Accumulated Depreciation 2 360 783 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	Intangible Assets - Carrying Value	1 319 342	354 433
Cost 510 995 396 159 Work in Progress 140 400 - Accumulated Depreciation (296 962) (247 485) Additions 11 165 116 141 Additions - Work in Progress 1 007 406 140 400 Amortisation (52 481) (50 260) Disposal (1 181) (522) Cost (3 541) (1 305) Accumulated Depreciation 2 360 783 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	The carrying value of intangible Assets is reconciled as follows:		
Work in Progress Accumulated Depreciation 140 400 (296 962) - Additions Additions - Work in Progress 1 107 406 (140 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400	Opening Carrying Value	354 433	148 674
Additions - Work in Progress 1 007 406 140 400 Amortisation (52 481) (50 260) Disposal (1 181) (522) Cost (3 541) (1 305) Accumulated Depreciation 2 360 783 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	Work in Progress	140 400	-
Accumulated Depreciation 2 360 783 Closing Carrying Value 1 319 342 354 433 Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	Additions - Work in Progress Amortisation	1 007 406 (52 481)	140 400 (50 260)
Cost 518 619 510 995 Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400			
Work in Progress 1 147 806 140 400	Closing Carrying Value	1 319 342	354 433
	Work in Progress	1 147 806	140 400

Work in progress is included in the carrying value of Intangible Assets. No amortisation is recognised against these amounts. The work in progress balance relates to the Phoenix (Vesta) Financial System in process of being implemented at the Municipality at year-end. This implementation is required to ensure compliance wit the mSCOA regulations that came into effect 1 July 2017. Management expects that full implementation will be completed during 2018/19. Once fully implemented, the assets is considered ready for use in line with management's expectations.

Intangible Assets consist only out of software.

Figures

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No intangible asset were assessed having an indefinite useful life.

There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date.

There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.

There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures	s in Rand	2018	2017
11	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST (PPE)		
	Capitalised Restoration Cost - Carrying Value	9 700 334	14 757 018
	As previously reported		-
	Reclassification - note 40.2		14 757 018
	Restated balance		14 757 018
	The movement in capitalised restoration cost is reconciled as follows:		
	Opening Carrying Value	14 757 018	16 850 922
	Cost	27 713 363	27 746 936
	Accumulated Depreciation	(12 954 691)	(10 848 326)
	Accumulated Impairments	(1 653)	(47 688)
	Disposals	(3 338 780)	(33 573)
	Depreciation for the year	(1 719 557)	(2 106 365)
	Reversal of impairments	1 653	46 034
	Closing Carrying Value	9 700 334	14 757 018
	Cost	24 374 583	27 713 363
	Accumulated Depreciation	(14 674 249)	(12 954 691)
	Accumulated Impairments	-	(1 653)

The Municipality is required by relevant Environmental Legislation to rehabilitate landfill sites at the closure date of each respective site. The "Capitalised Restoration Cost" asset, which is capitalised in line with the requirements of GRAP 17 and iGRAP 2, relates to the initial estimate of costs involved to restore landfill sites under control of the Cederberg Municipality.

Although this item is accounted for under the Property Plant and Equipment Standard (GRAP 17), the characteristics and nature of this item does not resemble that of normal PPE (such as the tangible nature of assets normally associated with PPE). Based on the aforementioned and in line with the requirements of GRAP 1, Capitalised Restoration Cost is disclosed as a separate item on the face of the Statement of Financial Position.

12 **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Annuity Loans Finance Lease Liabilities	17 608 751 4 158 402	20 105 233 1 946 353
Sub-Total	21 767 153	22 051 586
Less: Current portion of Long-term Liabilities	3 399 988	3 039 169
Annuity Loans Finance Lease Liabilities	2 452 071 947 917	2 495 702 543 467
Total	18 367 165	19 012 417

Annuity Loans

Annuity Loans, disclosed at amortised cost, consist out of the following agreements:

Institution and loan number	Rate	Maturity Date	Carrying Value	of Liability
ABSA (038-723-0991)	9.84%	30 Sep 2018	285 189	820 335
ABSA (038-723-0992)	9.84%	1 April 2025	2 383 078	2 609 204
ABSA (038-723-0993)	10.43%	17 June 2025	3 998 843	4 368 208
ABSA (038-723-0994)	10.45%	17 Nov 2025	1 689 005	1 830 218
ABSA (038-723-0995)	10.45%	17 Aug 2028	1 762 393	1 891 477
Standard Bank (03-263-793-4)	10.36%	31 Mar 2023	7 490 243	8 585 791
Total			17 608 751	20 105 233

All annuity loans are unsecured.

Figure	s in Rand		2018	2017
12	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)			
	Annuity Loans			
	Annuity loans are payable as follows:			
	Payable within one year		4 242 425	4 546 228
	Payable within two to five years Payable after five years		15 772 360 4 481 974	16 071 695 8 425 064
	Total amount payable		24 496 759	29 042 986
	Less: Outstanding Future Finance Charges		(6 888 007)	(8 937 753)
	Present value of annuity loans		17 608 752	20 105 233
	Finance Lease Liabilities			
	Finance Lease Liabilities, disclosed at amortised cost, consist out of the following agreements:			
	Description	Maturity Date	Carrying Value	of Liability
	Printers MPC2003SP	30 Nov 2017	-	51 869
	Printers MP2501SP	30 Nov 2017	-	14 408
	Printers D3Q20B	31 Dec 2019	30 355	46 176
	Printers MPC305SPF	31 Dec 2019	32 923	50 056
	Printers MPC2004SP	30 Apr 2020	130 105	188 515
	Printers MPC8003SP	30 Apr 2020	126 506	181 213
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Jul 2022	194 120	257 263
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Jul 2022	194 120	257 263
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Jul 2022	194 120	257 263
	Chevrolet Utility 1.4 + A/C (M18)	1 Jul 2022	145 301	192 531
	Chevrolet Utility 1.4 + A/C (M18)	1 Jul 2022	145 301	192 531
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Jul 2022	194 120	257 263
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Aug 2022	198 276	-
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Aug 2022	349 911	_
	ISUZU N Series NLR 150	1 Aug 2022	378 476	_
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Aug 2022	198 276	_
	ISUZU N Series NLR 150	1 Aug 2022	378 476	_
	ISUZU N Series NLR 150	1 Aug 2022	378 476	_
	ISUZU N Series NLR 150	1 Aug 2022	378 476	_
	ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	1 Aug 2022	198 276	
	TOYOTA ETIOS SEDAN 1.5SD SPRINT	1 Aug 2022	156 393	
	TOYOTA ETIOS SEDAN 1.5SD SPRINT	1 Aug 2022	156 394	_
	Total		4 158 402	1 946 353
	Finance Leases Liabilities are secured by Property, Plant and Equipment - refer to note 9.			
	Leased assets remain the property of the lessor after maturity and new lease contracts are negotiated to replace lapsed contracts.			
	Finance Lease Liabilities are payable as follows:			
	Payable within one year		1 360 789	745 146
	Payable within two to five years Payable after five years		3 782 432 -	1 688 525 -
	Total amount payable		5 143 221	2 433 671
	Less: Outstanding Future Finance Charges		(984 820)	(487 318)
	Present value of finance lease liabilities		4 158 401	1 946 353
	i resent value of finance lease habilities		- 130 401	1 340 333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figure	s in Rand	2018	2017
13	CONSUMER DEPOSITS		
	Water and Electricity Deposits	1 954 330	1 812 782
	The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Interest are not paid on these amounts.		
14	PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
	Trade Payables	43 344 178	28 241 444
	Retentions	3 272 969	3 812 986
	Payments received in advance	2 073 468	2 054 561
	Pre-paid Electricity	501 184	483 099
	Sundry Creditors	3 210 186	3 843 843
	Sundry Deposits	199 382	171 544
	Accrued Interest	323 816	335 240
	Unknown Receipts	66 203	22 275
	Total	52 991 386	38 964 993
	As previously reported		39 968 282
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.4		(1 003 289)
	Restated balance		38 964 993
	Payables are being recognised net of any discounts received.		
	The credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary		
	The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value.		
	Sundry deposits include hall, builders and housing Deposits.		
	The following serves as security for payables:		
	- Bank guarentee as per note 2	2 900 000	2 900 000
	- Cash deposits as per note 4	259 950	246 720
	- -	3 159 950	3 146 720
15	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS		
	National Government	15 121 318	18 406 836
	Provincial Government	18 338 765	13 908 158
	Total	33 460 083	32 314 994
	Detail reconciliations of all grants received and grant conditions met are included in note 20. Unspent grant balances are recognised to the extent that conditions are not yet met.		

Unspent grant balances are recognised to the extent that conditions are not yet met.

No grants were withheld in the current year.

Due to the short term nature of unspent grant balances, the carrying value approximates the fair value of the unspent conditional grants at year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures	in Rand	2018	2017
16	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
	Bonuses Staff Leave Performance Bonuses	2 313 974 4 528 535 278 252	2 176 198 4 360 462 103 721
	Current portion of Non-Current Employee Benefits - note 17 Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards	1 179 093 732 419 446 674	1 045 583 689 176 356 407
	Total	8 299 855	7 685 965
	The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as follows:		
	<u>Bonuses</u>		
	Opening Balance Contribution during the year Payments made	2 176 198 4 186 069 (4 048 293)	2 062 848 3 607 539 (3 494 189)
	Balance at the end of the year	2 313 974	2 176 198
	Bonuses are being paid to all municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represent to portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle.		
	Staff Leave		
	Opening Balance Contribution during the year Payments made	4 360 462 740 828 (572 755)	4 288 257 612 372 (540 166)
	Balance at the end of the year	4 528 535	4 360 462
	Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated.		
	Performance Bonuses		
	Opening Balance Contribution during the year Payments made	103 721 295 503 (120 972)	- 432 706 (328 985)
	Balance at the end of the year	278 252	103 721
	Performance bonuses are being paid to the Municipal Manager and Directors after an evaluation of performance by the council.		
17	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards	30 539 493 3 680 219	25 707 942 3 304 955
	Sub-Total	34 219 712	29 012 897
	Less: Current portion of Employee Benefits	1 179 093	1 045 583
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards	732 419 446 674	689 176 356 407
	Total	L 33 040 619	27 967 314

	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STAT				
igures in	Rand			2018	2017
17	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)				
17.1	Post Retirement Medical Benefits				
	The movement in Post Retirement Medical Benefits are re	econciled as follows:			
	Opening Balance			25 707 942	25 062 356
	Contribution during the year			4 556 069	4 207 376
	Current Service Cost			2 070 896	1 861 126
	Interest Cost		L	2 485 173	2 346 250
	Payments made			(698 531)	(644 992
	Actuarial Loss/(Gain)			974 013	(2 916 798
	Total balance at year-end			30 539 493	25 707 942
	Less: Current portion			(732 419)	(689 176
	Total			29 807 074	25 018 766
	The Post Retirement Medical Benefit Plan is a defined made up as follows:	benefit plan, of whic	h the members are		
	In-service members			128	121
	In-service non-members			188	199
	Continuation members			21	20
	Total			337	340
	The unfunded liability in respect of past service recognised in the Statement of Financial Position is as follows:	In-Service Members R	In-Service non-Members R	Continuation Members R	Total unfunded Liability R
	30 June 2018	17 899 731	3 662 026	8 977 736	30 539 493
	30 June 2017	14 144 824	3 467 924	8 095 194	25 707 942
	30 June 2016	13 926 711	3 461 389	7 674 256	25 062 356
	30 June 2015	13 348 423	3 161 645	7 821 921	24 331 989
	30 June 2014	9 446 832	4 162 874	8 272 476	21 882 18
	The Municipality has elected to recognise the full increase in this defined benefit liability immediately as per GRAP 25.				
	us per ent ii 23.			Liabilities	Assets
				(Gain) / Loss	Gain / (Loss)
	Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:			R	R
	30 June 2018			485 000	
	30 June 2017			(30 000)	
	30 June 2016			(743 000)	
	30 June 2015			397 000	
	30 June 2014			1 380 000	
	The Municipality contributes to the following medical sch	emes on a monthly b	asis:		
	Bonitas				
	LA Health				
	Hosmed				
	Samwumed Keyhealth				

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Keyhealth

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

17 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Key Actuarial Assumptions used are as follows:

i) Interest Rates

Discount rate	9.68%	9.80%
Health Care Cost Inflation Rate	7.45%	8.08%
Net Effective Discount Rate	2.08%	1.59%

The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping"

ii) Mortality Rates

The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age for post retirement, and the SA 85-90 table for in service employees, were used by the actuaries.

iii) Normal Retirement Age

It has been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 61, which then implicitly allows for expected rates of early and ill-health retirement.

iv) Last Valuation

The last valuation was performed on 5 August 2018.

v) Actuarial Valuation Method

The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities.

Sensitivity Analysis - Liability at year-end

Assumption	In-service members (R)	Continuation members (R)	Total liability (R)	% change
Liability	21 561 757	8 977 736	30 539 493	
Health care inflation (+1%)	25 844 000	9 817 000	35 661 000	17%
Health care inflation (- 1%)	18 149 000	8 242 000	26 391 000	-14%
Discount rate (+ 1%)	18 239 000	8 262 000	26 501 000	-13%
Discount rate (- 1%)	25 790 000	9 807 000	35 597 000	17%
Post-retirement mortality (- 1 year)	22 198 000	9 318 000	31 516 000	3%
Average retirement age (- 1 year)	23 617 000	8 978 000	32 595 000	7%
Continuation of membership after retirement (- 10%)	18 626 000	8 978 000	27 604 000	-10%

Sensitivity Analysis - Future Service and Interest Cost (Next Financial Year)

	Current Service			
	Cost	Interest Cost	Total Cost	
Assumption	(R)	(R)	(R)	% change
Estimated for 2018/19	2 155 200	2 921 600	5 076 800	
Health care inflation (+1%)	2 627 000	3 417 200	6 044 200	19%
Health care inflation (- 1%)	1 783 900	2 520 200	4 304 100	-15%
Discount rate (+ 1%)	1 809 900	2 792 200	4 602 100	-9%
Discount rate (- 1%)	2 597 100	3 058 700	5 655 800	11%
Post-retirement mortality (- 1 year)	2 218 100	3 016 100	5 234 200	3%
Average retirement age (- 1 year)	2 265 700	3 120 500	5 386 200	6%
Continuation of membership after retirement (- 10%)	1 850 100	2 637 400	4 487 500	-12%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in	n Rand	2018	2017
17	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)		
17.2	Long Service Awards		
	The movement in Long Service Awards are reconciled as follows:		
	Opening Balance Contribution during the year	3 304 955 585 230	3 312 522 595 234
	Current Service Cost Interest Cost	318 934 266 296	324 969 270 265
	Payments made Actuarial Loss/(Gain)	(390 504) 180 538	(260 355) (342 446)
	Total balance at year-end	3 680 219	3 304 955
	Less: Current portion	(446 674)	(356 407)
	Total	3 233 545	2 948 548
	The Long Service Awards plans are defined benefit plans.		
	As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Long Service Awards	316	320
	The unfunded liability in respect of past service recognised in the Statement of Financial Position is as follows:		Unfunded Liability R
	30 June 2018		3 680 219
	30 June 2017		3 304 955
	30 June 2016		3 312 522
	30 June 2015		3 312 522
	30 June 2014		2 723 873
	The Municipality has elected to recognise the full increase in this defined benefit liability immediately as per GRAP 25.		
	Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:	Liabilities (Gain) / Loss R	Assets Gain / (Loss) R
	30 June 2018	201 190	-
	30 June 2017	(59 844)	-
	30 June 2016	(80 347)	-
	30 June 2015	169 257	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

17 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Key Actuarial Assumptions used are as follows:

i) Interest Rates

Discount rate	8.62%	8.51%
General Salary Inflation (long-term)	6.22%	6.33%
Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Awards	2.26%	2.05%

The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping"

ii) Last Valuation

The last valuation was performed on 5 August 2018.

iii) Actuarial Valuation Method

The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities.

Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability

	Current Liability		
Assumption	(R)	Liability (R)	% Change
General salary inflation (+ 1%)	3 680 219	3 932 000	7%
General salary inflation (- 1%)	3 680 219	3 453 000	-6%
Discount rate (+ 1%)	3 680 219	3 444 000	-6%
Discount rate (- 1%)	3 680 219	3 946 000	7%
Average retirement age (- 2 years)	3 680 219	3 103 000	-16%
Average retirement age (+ 2 years)	3 680 219	4 203 000	14%
Withdrawal rates (- 50%)	3 680 219	4 464 000	21%

Sensitivity Analysis on the Current-service and Interest Costs

	Current Service			
Assumption	Cost (R)	Interest Cost (R)	Total(R)	% Change
Estimated for 2018/19	344 100	298 400	642 500	
General salary inflation (+ 1%)	373 400	320 100	693 500	8%
General salary inflation (- 1%)	317 900	278 800	596 700	-7%
Discount rate (+ 1%)	320 100	310 300	630 400	-2%
Discount rate (- 1%)	371 300	284 000	655 300	2%
Average retirement age (- 2 years)	300 400	250 200	550 600	-14%
Average retirement age (+ 2 years)	394 000	342 900	736 900	15%
Withdrawal rates (- 50%)	458 300	365 900	824 200	28%

		NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30	JUNE 2018	
Figur	es in	Rand	2018	2017
17		EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)		
:	17.3	Other Pension Benefits		
		Defined Benefit Plans		
		Council contributes to the following defined benefit plans:		
		LA Retirement Fund (Former Cape Joint Pension Fund)	84 247	78 094
		The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The last actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2017 revealed that the fund is in an sound financial position with a funding level of 102.6% (30 June 2016 - 106.1%).		
		Consolidated Retirement Fund (Former Cape Retirement Fund)	7 008 625	6 148 623
		The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The last actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2016 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 100.6% (30 June 2015 - 100.4%).		
		Total =	7 092 873	6 226 717
		Both the LA Retirement Fund and Consolidated Retirement Fund are multi-employer plans. Multiple local authorities participate in these multi-employer funds. Multi-employer plans are defined as defined benefit plans. When sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan, an entity will account for the plan as if it were a		

defined as defined benefit plans. When sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan, an entity will account for the plan as if it were a defined contribution plan.

The Municipality requested detailed employee and pensioner information as well as information on the Municipality's share of the Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The

on the Municipality's share of the Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The fund administrator confirmed that assets of the Retirement Funds are not split per participating employer. Therefore, the Municipality is unable to determine the value of the plan assets as defined in GRAP 25.

As part of the Municipality's process to value the defined benefit liabilities, the Municipality requested pensioner data from the fund administrator. The fund administrator claim that the pensioner data to be confidential and were not willing to share the information with the Municipality. Without detailed pensioner data the Municipality was unable to calculate a reliable estimate of the accrued liability in respect of pensioners who qualify for a defined benefit pension.

Therefore, although the LA Retirement Fund and Consolidated Retirement Fund are Multiemployer funds defined as defined benefit plan, it will be accounted for as defined contribution plan due to sufficient information not being available.

Defined Contribution Plans

Council contributes to the following defined contribution plans:

Total	2 202 914	2 011 373
Municipal Councillors Pension Fund	502 169	437 382
SAMWU National Provident Fund	1 058 814	1 008 472
National Funds for Municipal Workers	641 932	565 519

The retirement benefit funds are subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures i	n Rand	2018	2017
18	NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		
	Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	41 917 210	42 614 204
	The movement in Rehabilitation Provision - Landfill Sites are reconciled as follows:		
	Opening Balance Contribution during the year	42 614 204 (696 994)	40 044 861 2 569 343
	Increase/(Decrease) in estimate Interest Cost	(3 338 780) 2 641 786	(33 573) 2 602 916
	Total	41 917 210	42 614 204

The calculation for the rehabilitation of the landfill site provision was compiled by an independent qualified engineer in order to determine the present value to rehabilitate the landfill sites at the end of its useful life. The total obligation at year-end can be attributed to the following sites:

Location	Site Dimensions	Estimated Decommission Date	Cost of Rehabilitation	Cost of Rehabilitation
Clanwilliam	23 616m²	2024	12 000 877	11 838 905
Lambert's Bay	17 580m²	2024	9 974 636	10 841 133
Citrusdal	26 505m²	2034	13 565 927	13 832 254
Graafwater	3 000m²	2024	2 969 803	2 846 923
Elands Bay	4 263m²	2024	3 405 967	3 254 989
Total			41 917 210	42 614 204

A retrospective calculation of time value of money, based on an average weighted investment rate of prime less 4%, was used. This rate used is also within the inflation target range of the South African Reserve Bank of between 3% to 6%.

The variation licence issued in March 2018 for the Lambert's Bay landfill site specifies different required capping layers for rehabilitation than previously required. Accordingly, it resulted in a reduction in the cost estimate and ultimately a decrease in the provision.

Total cost and estimated date of decommission of the sites are as follows:

	Estimated	Cost of	Cost of
Location	Decommission Date	Rehabilitation	Rehabilitation
Clanwilliam	2024	17 023 473	18 397 500
Lambert's Bay	2024	14 149 212	16 846 974
Citrusdal	2034	34 462 225	21 495 137
Graafwater	2024	4 212 722	4 424 079
Elands Bay	2024	4 831 434	5 058 209
Total		74 679 066	66 221 900

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figure	s in Rand	2018	2017
19	PROPERTY RATES		
	Rateable Land and Buildings	41 372 155	38 308 187
	Total	41 372 155	38 308 187
	Property rate levied are based on the following rateable valuations:		
	Residential	2 697 009 395	2 282 725 000
	Business	478 272 729	437 410 400
	State-owned	187 474 742	466 017 900
	Agricultural	2 716 536 096	2 728 019 214
	Total Valuation	6 079 292 962	5 914 172 514
	Rate that is applicable to the valuations above:		
	Residential	1.153c/R	1.083c/R
	Business and Agricultural	1.490c/R	1.401c/R
	State-owned	1.490c/R	1.401c/R
	Agricultural	0.288c/R	0.270c/R

Valuations on land and buildings are performed every five years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2016. Interim valuations are processed on an annual basis to include changes in property values and subdivisions.

The first R 15 000 of the valuation on properties used only for residential purposes are exempted from property rates in terms of the Property Rates Act.

An additional rebate of R35 000 of the valuation on properties used only for residential purposes are exempted from property rates in terms of the Municipality's policy.

Rates are levied monthly and annually. Monthly rates are payable by the end of the month in which the amount was levied and annual rates are payable before 30 September. Interest is levied at the prime rate plus 1% on outstanding monthly rates.

Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but in terms of Council's own policy opted not to collect it.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

ıres	in Rand	2018	2017
	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES		
	Unconditional Grants - National Government	40 873 657	37 173 000
	Equitable Share	40 873 657	37 173 000
	Conditional Grants - National Government	31 992 860	27 761 208
	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	19 509 148	16 702 822
	Financial Management Grant (FMG)	1 550 000	1 475 000
	Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP)	4 000 000	3 000 00
	Expanded Public Works Program (EPWP)	1 807 000	1 000 00
	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG)	-	4 383 42
	Water Service Infrastructure Grant (WSIG)	2 063 752	1 199 95
	Municipal Disaster Grant	3 062 960	
	Conditional Grants - Provincial Government	18 794 671	12 949 22
	Human Settlement Development Grant	7 618 103	1 853 998
	Library Services MRF	4 156 549	3 660 00
	Municipal Drought Support Grant	699 466	
	Marine Living Resources Fund	-	2 825 00
	Financial Management Support Grant	1 554 370	1 120 38
	Municipal Capacity Building Grant	1 572 076	537 92
	Acceleration of Housing Delivery	3 006 495	917 76
	Other Provincial Allocations	187 611	2 034 14
	Total	91 661 189	77 883 428
	Disclosed as:		
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	57 682 108	50 308 26
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	33 979 081	27 575 163
	Total	91 661 189	77 883 428
	Grants per Vote (MFMA Sec 123 (c)):		
	Equitable share	40 873 657	37 173 00
	Office of the Municipal Manager	107 212	537 92
	Executive and Council	119 032	
	Financial Services	2 084 650	1 481 07
	Community Development Services	13 610 753	9 289 46
	Corporate and Strategic Services	469 509	28 16
	Engineering and Planning Services	34 396 376	29 373 79
	Total	91 661 189	77 883 42
	The management and another than the company field as fallows.		
	The movements per grant can be summarised as follows:		
20.0	01 Equitable Share		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	
	Grants Received	40 873 657	37 173 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(40 873 657)	(37 173 000
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	
	Other Movements		
	Closing Unspent Balance	-	

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allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the

National Treasury.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

ires in	Rand	2018	2017
	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)		
20.02	Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	5 928 178	
	Grants Received	15 867 000	22 631 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(3 174 514)	(717 600
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital Other Movements	(16 334 634) -	(15 985 22
	Closing Unspent Balance	2 286 030	5 928 17
	The MIG grant is a conditional grant used to upgrade infrastructure in the municipal area with the main focus on previously disadvantaged areas.		
20.03	Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	
	Grants Received	1 550 000	1 475 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(1 550 000)	(1 475 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	
	Other Movements		
	Closing Unspent Balance		
	The Financial Management Grant is a conditional grant to assist municipalities in the implementation of financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The grant also utilised to cover expenditure relating to the Financial Management		
20.04	Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	
	Grants Received	4 000 000	3 000 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(496 403)	
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital Other Movements	(3 503 597) -	(3 000 00
	Closing Unspent Balance		
	The INEP grant is a conditional grant to provide capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings and the installation of bulk infrastructure.		
20.05	Expanded Public Works Program (EPWP)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	
	Grants Received	1 807 000	1 000 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(1 779 492)	(1 000 000
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(27 508)	
	Other Movements	- -	
	Closing Unspent Balance		
	The EPWP grant is a conditional grant to incentivise municipalities to expand work creation efforts through the use of labour intensive delivery methods in the identified focus areas in compliance with the EPWP guidelines.		
20.06	Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	12 454 571	
	Grants received	(12 454 571)	16 838 00
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	-	
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	(4 383 429
	Other Movements	- -	
	Closing Unspent Balance	_	12 454 57

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ures ir	n Rand	2018	2017
	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)		
20.07	Water Service Infrastructure Grant (WSIG)		
	Opening Unspent Balance	24 087	1 224 044
	Grants Received	9 975 913	-
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(268 420)	
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(1 795 332)	(1 199 957
	Other Movements	<u> </u>	
	Closing Unspent Balance	7 936 248	24 087
	This grant is for the design and construction of a reservoir.		
20.08	Municipal Disaster Grant		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	-
	Grants received	7 962 000	
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(399 517)	
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(2 663 443)	
	Other Movements	<u> </u>	
	Closing Unspent Balance	4 899 040	
	The purpose of this grant is to fund emergency drought relief.		
20.09	Human Settlement Development Grant		
	Opening Unspent Balance	4 826	19 412
	Grants Received	7 613 277	1 839 412
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(1 327 391)	(1 602 363
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital Other Movements	(6 290 712) -	(251 635
	Closing Unspent Balance	-	4 826
	Housing grants was utilised for the development of erven and the erection of top structures.		
20.10	Library Services MRF		
	Opening Unspent Balance	-	
	Grants Received	4 223 000	3 660 000
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(4 134 197)	(3 647 401
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(22 353)	(12 599
	Other Movements		•
	Closing Unspent Balance The Library Services (Municipal Replacement Fund) Grant is used to pay the salaries of library	66 451	•
	staff.		
20.11	Municipal Drought Support Grant		
	Opening Unspent Balance	97 725	
	Grants Received	6 000 000	
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	-	
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(699 466)	
	Other Movements	<u>-</u>	
	Closing Unspent Balance	5 398 259	
	This grant is utilised for the completion of the desalination plant in Lambert's Bay.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

ures in Rand	2018	2017
GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)		
20.12 Marine Living Resources Fund		
Opening Unspent Balance	-	-
Grants Received	-	2 825 000
Transferred to Revenue - Operating	-	(2 825 000
Transferred to Revenue - Capital Other Movements	-	-
·	- -	
Closing Unspent Balance	 -	-
Marine Living Resource Fund is used for the Elands Bay fishing infrastructure implementation plan.		
20.13 Financial Management Support Grant		
Opening Unspent Balance	-	1 079 892
Grants Received	1 777 000	40 488
Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(1 554 370)	(1 120 380
Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	
Other Movements	- -	-
Closing Unspent Balance	222 630	•
The Financial Management Grant is paid by Provincial Treasury to municipalities to help implement revenue enhancement.		
20.14 Municipal Capacity Building Grant		
Opening Unspent Balance	1 332 076	
Grants Received	240 000	1 870 000
Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(1 572 076)	(537 924
Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	
Other Movements	<u> </u>	
Closing Unspent Balance	-	1 332 076
This grant is utilised as a capacity initiative for graduates to enter the workforce in local government.		
20.15 Acceleration of Housing Delivery		
Opening Unspent Balance	12 397 231	
Grants Received	3 030 000	13 315 000
Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(364 459)	-
Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(2 642 036)	(917 769
Other Movements	<u> </u>	
Closing Unspent Balance	12 420 736	12 397 231

Housing delivery grant was utilised for the construction of infrastructure for housing projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

igures i	n Rand	2018	2017
.0	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)		
20.1	6 Other Provincial Allocations		
	Opening Unspent Balance	76 300	90 988
	Grants Received	342 000	2 117 186
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(187 611)	(209 597
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	-	(1 824 552
	Other Movements	<u> </u>	-
	Closing Unspent Balance	230 689	174 025
	Other National Allocations include grants such as:		
	Spacial Development Framework		
	CDW Support		
	Housing Consumer Education		
	Road Maintenance		
	Development of Sport and Recreational Facilities		
	Local Government Graduate Internship Grant		
	Municipal Infrastructure Support Grant		
20.1	7 Total Grants		
	Opening Unspent Balance	32 314 994	2 414 336
	Grants Received	92 806 278	107 784 086
	Transferred to Revenue - Operating	(57 682 108)	(50 308 265
	Transferred to Revenue - Capital	(33 979 081)	(27 575 163
	Other Movements	- .	-
	Closing Unspent Balance	33 460 083	32 314 994
1	PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS AND DONATIONS		
	Other donations	-	17 203
	Total	-	17 203
	Individuals and suppliers made cash contributions towards the mayoral golf day.		
2	FINES, PENALTIES AND FORFEITS		
	Traffic	15 247 339	21 153 677
	Overdue Book Fines	15 433	14 449
	Illegal Connections	30 771	10 309
	Unclaimed Money	201	428 635
	Total	15 293 744	21 607 070
	As previously reported		21 178 435
	Reclassification - note 40.1		428 635
	Restated balance	,	21 607 070
	nestated building		21 007 070

In terms of the requirements of GRAP 23 and IGRAP 1, all fines issued during the year less any cancellations or reductions identified are recognised as revenue.

Figures in	Rand	2018	2017
23	ACTUARIAL GAINS / (LOSSES)		
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards	(974 013) (180 538)	2 916 798 342 446
	Total	(1 154 551)	3 259 244
24	REVERSAL OF IMPAIRMENTS		
	Property, Plant and Equipment	1 653	46 034
	The impairments relate to the capitalised restoration costs. The impairment was caused by the change in the discount rate which is linked to the prime rate.		
25	SERVICE CHARGES		
	Electricity Water Sanitation Refuse	79 818 072 24 857 151 12 743 128 7 599 102	78 194 108 25 285 118 12 160 450 7 610 720
	Total Revenue Less: Rebates	125 017 453 (4 675 298)	123 250 395 (4 676 344)
	Electricity Water Sanitation Refuse	(17 271) (931 163) (3 291 423) (435 441)	(168 004) (780 612) (3 348 044) (379 684)
	Total	120 342 155	118 574 051
	As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1		108 100 993 10 473 059
	Restated balance		118 574 051
	Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled to levy, but in terms of Council's own policy opted not to collect it.		
26	RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT		
	Halls and Sportfields Camping and Entrance Fees Commonage Hawker Stands Other rentals Total	165 846 2 972 228 201 894 110 477 1 490 3 451 935	208 384 3 248 690 230 403 63 458 4 147 3 755 082
27	INTEREST EARNED - OUTSTANDING DEBTORS		
	Property Rates Service Charges	914 061 1 153 756	1 365 540 1 595 455
	Total	2 067 817	2 960 994

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	s in Rand	2018	2017
28	AGENCY SERVICES		
	Drivers Licence Applications	303 516	254 318
	Drivers Licences Issued	318 861	269 695
	Duplicate Registration Certificates	49 482	43 857
	Keeping of Registration Number	13 750	55 427
	Learner Licence Applications	85 058	91 966
	Learner Licences Issued	20 209	25 798
	Professional Drivers Permit Applications	69 824	61 809
	Professional Drivers Permits Issued	31 512	28 894
	Roadworthy Certificate Applications	223 701	217 631
	Roadworthy Certificates Issued	40 754	44 955
	Temporary and special permits	24 843	23 598
	Vehicle Registration	1 919 825	1 699 486
	Total	3 101 335	2 817 435
	As previously reported		1 699 486
	Reclassification - note 40.1	_	1 117 949
	Restated balance		2 817 435
	Trestated buttering	<u>-</u>	
29	OTHER INCOME	=	
29	OTHER INCOME	105 201	
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage	105 391	49 055
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval	929 178	49 055 1 001 563
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial	929 178 100 512	49 055 1 001 563 127 110
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates	929 178 100 512 44 459	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630 167 989
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund Sub-division and Consolidation Fees	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059 31 445	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630 167 989 34 768
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630 167 989 34 768
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund Sub-division and Consolidation Fees Tender Documents	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059 31 445 55 760	49 055
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund Sub-division and Consolidation Fees Tender Documents Sundry Income Total	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059 31 445 55 760 17 595	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630 167 989 34 768 80 580 49 617 2 052 829
29	OTHER INCOME Application Fees for Land Usage Building Plan Approval Cemetery and Burial Clearance and Valuation Certificates Collection Charges Commission Development Charges Discounts and Early Settlements Photocopies and Faxes Skills Development Levy Refund Sub-division and Consolidation Fees Tender Documents Sundry Income	929 178 100 512 44 459 251 791 40 622 1 598 402 - 28 818 140 059 31 445 55 760 17 595	49 055 1 001 563 127 110 44 021 48 190 37 215 307 527 75 564 29 630 167 989 34 768 80 580 49 617

Sundry income represents sundry income such as sale of sundry items (wood, sand and stones) and fees for items not included under service charges

ures	in Rand	2018	2017
	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
	Basic Salaries and Wages	60 290 222	51 192 118
	Pension and UIF Contributions	9 349 998	8 278 761
	Medical Aid Contributions	3 217 345	2 979 725
	Overtime	4 550 386	3 651 247
	Motor Vehicle Allowance	4 476 636	4 306 248
	Cellphone Allowance	437 368	317 88
	Housing Allowance	530 429	867 289
	Other benefits and allowances	2 698 993	3 833 06
	Bargaining Council	32 846	29 00
	Group Life Insurance	1 150 723	993 71
	Scarcity Allowance	705 441	699 84
	Standby Allowance	809 983	2 110 49
	Contributions to Employee Benefits	7 612 230	6 838 71
	Bonuses	4 186 069	3 607 53
	Staff Leave	740 828	612 37
	Performance Bonus	295 503	432 70
	Long Service Awards	318 934	324 96
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits	2 070 896	1 861 12
	Workmens Compensation Fund	494 920	435 06
	Total	93 658 527	82 700 10
	As previously reported		83 344 27
	Reclassification - note 40.1		(644 170
	Restated balance	-	82 700 10
	Remuneration of Management Personnel		
	The Municipal Manager and Directors are appointed on a 5-year fixed contract.		
	Municipal Manager - GF Matthyse (resigned July 2017)		
	Annual Remuneration	365 413	708 89
	Performance Bonus / 13th Cheque	-	66 00
	Car Allowance	228 977	461 34
	Cellphone Allowance	18 000	30 00
	Rural Allowance	45 795	76 22
	Leave Payout	-	70 99
	Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	6 752	19 80
	Total	664 937	1 433 27
	The above-mentioned payments were made in terms of the settlement agreement.		
	Municipal Manager - PL Volschenk (appointed November 2017)		
	Annual Remuneration	550 703	
	Car Allowance	61 091	
	Cellphone Allowance	22 909	
	Rural Allowance	59 533	
	Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	140 405	
	Total	834 641	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	2018	2017
30 EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS (CONTINUED)		
Director: Engineering Services - P Majeni (resigned January 2018)		
Annual Remuneration	397 795	710 335
Performance Bonus / 13th Cheque	-	82 272
Car Allowance	56 000	116 650
Housing Allowance	42 000	72 000
Cellphone Allowance	10 500	12 000
Rural Allowance	45 392	12 080
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	78 146	136 020
Total	629 832	1 141 356
Director: Community Services - R Bent (appointed June 2017)		
Annual Remuneration	562 991	42 810
Car Allowance	180 000	15 000
Cellphone Allowance	18 000	1 500
Rural Allowance	70 154	5 445
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	143 869	11 018
Total	975 014	75 773
Director: Finance - E Alfred		
Annual Remuneration	692 446	586 692
Performance Bonus / 13th Cheque	120 972	82 272
Car Allowance	120 000	181 113
Housing Allowance	-	120 991
Cellphone Allowance	18 000	12 000
Rural Allowance	77 870	12 089
Leave Payout	-	82 714
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	172 700	148 293
Total	1 201 989	1 226 164
Director: Corporate Services - A McCullum (April 2017 - May 2018)		
Annual Remuneration	656 809	139 171
Car Allowance	159 277	36 756
Cellphone Allowance	19 500	4 500
Rural Allowance	76 000	16 336
Leave Payout	47 021	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	141 859	30 556

CEDENDENG EGCAL MONICH ALITY						
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018						
Figures	s in Rand		2018	2017		
31	REMUNERATION (OF COUNCILLORS				
	Executive Mayor		804 873	796 926		
	Deputy Executive N	Mayor — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	645 194	602 599		
	Speaker		693 913	633 807		
	Mayoral Committe		1 249 334	1 172 142		
	All Other Councillo	rs _	1 899 902	1 571 032		
	Total		5 293 216	4 776 507		
	The positions of Ex	ecutive Mayor, Deputy Mayor and Speaker were filled as follow:				
	Executive Mayor	J Barnard (20 August 2016 to date)JJ Muller (16 July 2015 to 14 July 2016)				
	Deputy Mayor	- BF Zass (20 August 2016 to date) C September (20 August 2013 - 9 August 2016)				
	Speaker	WJ Farmer (20 August 2016 to date)D Smith (16 July 2015 - 9 August 2016)				
	In-kind Benefits					
		or, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker and Mayoral Committee member serve in y. They are provided with secretarial support and an office each at the cost of				
	Councillors may ut	ilize municipal transportation when engaged in official duties				
32	DEBT IMPAIRMEN	т				
		xchange Transactions	16 922 625	14 530 389		
	Receivables from N	Ion-Exchange Transactions	11 733 532	18 680 219		
	Total Debt Impair	ment	28 656 158	33 210 608		

Movement	in	VAT	included	in

Restated balance

		(0.000.000)	(222 222)
	Movement in VAT included in debt impairment	(2 359 607)	(883 669)
	Total	26 296 551	32 326 939
33	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Investment Property	52 250	52 250
	Property, Plant and Equipment	14 245 725	13 844 772
	Intangible Assets	52 481	50 260
	Capitalised Restoration Cost (PPE)	1 719 557	2 106 365
	Total	16 070 013	16 053 646
	As previously reported		16 044 593
	Correction of error restatement - note 39.3		9 054
		-	

16 053 646

Page	Figures	s in Rand	2018	2017
Eskom Holdings Limited	34	FINANCE CHARGES		
Long-term Liabilities 2 525 852 1 54 600 336 449 1 54 600 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 449 336 44		Cash	2 680 512	2 667 797
Non-cash 154 660 336 449 Non-cash 5 393 255 5 219 431 Post Retirement Medical Benefits 2 485 173 2 346 250 Long Service Awards 2 662 96 2 70 265 Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites 2 641 786 2 602 916 Total 8 073 767 7 887 228 The finance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. 35 BULK PURCHASES			-	
Non-cash Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Total BULK PURCHASES Electricity Water Total Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers. TRANSFERS AND GRANTS TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries Festivals Sport Councils Total As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 Post Red 24 485 173 2 2 446 250 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 265 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270				
Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Total 8 073 767 8 073 767 7 887 228 The finance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. 35 BULK PURCHASES Electricity Water 1 021 028 860 105 Total 8 10 27 510 341 66 736 629 860 105 Total 8 10 21 028 860 105 Total 8 10 21 028 860 105 Total 8 10 21 028 8 80 105 Total 8 2 364 269 2 52 505 Festivals Sport Councils Tourism Board 7 252 505 Total 8 252 505 Total 8 253 158 9 252 505 Tourism Board 7 252 505 Tourism Board 8 252 114 500 7 253 158 9 253 158 9 254 100 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255 9 255 255		Overdue accounts	154 660	336 449
Long Service Awards Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Total Total 8 073 767 7 887 228 The finance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. 35 BULK PURCHASES Electricity Water 1 021 028 8 60 105 Total Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries Pestivals Sport Councils Sport Councils Tourism Board Total 1 021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1		Non-cash	5 393 255	5 219 431
Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Total Total Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Total Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Refinance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. BULK PURCHASES Electricity Water 1021 028 860 105 Total Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries Festivals Sport Councils Tourism Board Total As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 Bursaries 3 64 269 2 52 505 8 11 4 500 3 00 000 4 50 000 4 50 000 5 10 10 21 052 8 17 005		Post Retirement Medical Benefits	2 485 173	2 346 250
Total The finance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. BULK PURCHASES Electricity 67 510 341 66 736 629 1021 028 860 105 Total 68 531 369 67 596 734 Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries 364 269 252 505 Festivals 263 158 5port Councils 93 625 114 500 Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1		Long Service Awards	266 296	270 265
The finance charges relating to Eskom are interest levied as per the payment arrangement entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. 35 BULK PURCHASES Electricity 67510 341 66 736 629 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 028 860 105 1021 021 022 875 1021 021 021 021 021 021 021 021 021 02		Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites	2 641 786	2 602 916
entered into with Eskom for arrear accounts which were repaid during 2014/15 to 2016/17. Sulk PURCHASES		Total	8 073 767	7 887 228
Electricity Water Total Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. Bursaries Bursaries Festivals Sport Councils Tourism Board Total As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 66 736 629 1021 028 860 105 867 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 596 734 68 531 369 67 5				
Water 1021 028 860 105 Total 68 531 369 67 596 734 Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries 364 269 252 505 Festivals 263 158 - Sport Councils 93 625 114 500 Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005	35	BULK PURCHASES		
Water1 021 028860 105Total68 531 36967 596 734Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers.36TRANSFERS AND GRANTS364 269252 505Bursaries364 269252 505Festivals263 158-Sport Councils93 625114 500Tourism Board300 000450 000Total1021 052817 005As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1817 005		Electricity	67 510 341	66 736 629
Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the Municipality, which the Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries Bursaries Festivals Sport Councils Tourism Board Tourism Board As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 Bursaries 364 269 252 505 263 158 - 300 000 450 000 1021 052 817 005			1 021 028	860 105
Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of private suppliers. 36 TRANSFERS AND GRANTS Bursaries Festivals Sport Councils Tourism Board Total As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1		Total	68 531 369	67 596 734
Bursaries 364 269 252 505 Festivals 263 158 - Sport Councils 93 625 114 500 Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005		Municipality distributes in the municipal area for re-sale to consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom and water is purchased from a variety of suppliers including DWA and a number of		
Festivals 263 158 - Sport Councils 93 625 114 500 Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005	36	TRANSFERS AND GRANTS		
Sport Councils 93 625 114 500 Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005		Bursaries	364 269	252 505
Tourism Board 300 000 450 000 Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005		Festivals	263 158	-
Total 1021 052 817 005 As previously reported		Sport Councils	93 625	114 500
As previously reported Reclassification - note 40.1 817 005		Tourism Board	300 000	450 000
Reclassification - note 40.1		Total	1 021 052	817 005
		As previously reported		-
Restated balance 817 005		Reclassification - note 40.1		817 005
		Restated balance		817 005

ures	in Rand	2018	2017
	OTHER EXPENDITURE		
	Advertising, Publicity and Marketing	160 849	188 660
	Bank Charges	662 956	745 798
	Chemicals	308 975	285 009
	Cleaning Materials	285 740	221 758
	Consulting and Professional Fees	8 324 085	10 317 83
	Commission - Prepaid Electricity	1 718 934	1 513 12
	Telephone	1 806 267	1 763 21
	Computer Services	1 021 323	1 787 64
	Drivers Licences and Permits	199 684	182 91
	External Audit Fees	3 643 292	3 766 50
	Fuel and Oil	2 712 525	2 459 40
	Hire Charges	956 725	1 148 47
	Insurance	957 915	800 21
	Laboratory Services	318 314	159 42
	Legal Cost	635 768	1 611 03
	Maintenance Materials and Tools	5 232 709	3 567 88
	Maintenance Services	8 344 747	6 090 95
	Motor Vehicle Licence and Registrations	142 257	124 04
	Printing and Stationary	1 173 618	1 286 89
	Professional Bodies, Membership and Subscription	893 931	859 55
	Training	854 003	222 46
	Remuneration of Ward Committees	214 500	160 50
	Safeguard and Security	3 022 028	2 276 70
	Skills Development Fund Levy	797 505	644 17
	Traffic Fines Management	937 149	1 324 93
	Travel and Subsistence	1 047 990	934 57
	Uniform and Protective Clothing	485 634	237 78
	Other Expenditure	2 314 762	2 121 86
	Total	49 174 185	46 803 35
	As previously reported		47 279 48
	Correction of error restatement - 39.4		(904 43
	Reclassification - note 40.1		428 31
	Restated balance	- -	46 803 35
	LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF NON-MONETARY ASSETS		
	Proceeds	501 683	640 72
	Less: Carrying value of Investment Property disposed	(263 400)	040 /2
	Less: Carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment disposed	(287 791)	(1 562 63
	Less: Carrying value of Property, Flant and Equipment disposed Less: Carrying value of Intangible Assets disposed	(1 181)	(1 302 03
	Total	(50 690)	(922 43

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

2018

2017

39 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS - CORRECTION OF ERROR

39.1 Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

A non-cash Eskom guarantee was incorrectly raised as a receivable. The net effect of the error was as follow:

-	Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions - note 4	Overstated	(2 900 000)
-	Accumulated Surplus - note 39.5	Overstated	(2 900 000)

39.2 Inventory

Figures in Rand

Land held for sale was disclosed as Inventory. However, the characteristics of the land held for sale actually met the definition of Investment Property, and not that of Inventory. In addition, it was noted that property which was sold in the past, was also included in the land held for sale register. The net effect of the error was as follow:

- Inventory - note 7	Overstated	(1 231 595)
- Investment Property - note 8	Understated	1 142 495
- Accumulated Surplus - note 39.5	Overstated	(89 100)

39.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

Corrections made to Investment Property include the following:

- Property meeting the definition of Investment Property was incorrectly classified as Property, Plant and Equipment.
- Other Assets (movable assets) previously not included in the asset register were identified during the current years asset verification.

The net effect of the above-mentioned errors were as follow:

- Investment Property - note 8	Understated	4 384 340
- Property, Plant and Equipment - note 9	Overstated	(4 356 139)
- Depreciation and Amortisation - note 33	Understated	9 054
- Accumulated Surplus - note 39.5	Understated	37 255

39.4 Payables from exchange transactions

Corrections made to Payables from Exchange Transactions include the following:

- Payables amounting to R1 067 523 (including VAT) was duplicated in the prior year.
 Accordingly, both Payables from Exchange Transactions and Other Expenditure were overstated.
- Payables amounting to R64 234 (including VAT) was not accrued for as on 30 June 2017. Accordingly both Payables from Exchange Transactions and Other Expenditure were understated.

The net effect of the above-mentioned errors were as follow:

-	Payables from exchange transactions - note 14	Overstated	(1 003 289)
-	Taxes - note 5	Overstated	(98 850)
-	Other Expenditure - note 37	Overstated	(904 439)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2						
9	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS - COR	RRECTION OF ERROR (CONTINUED)				
39.5	Accumulated Surplus					
	Receivables from Non-Exchange Tra	nsactions - note 39.1	Overstated	(2 900 00		
	Inventory - note 39.1 Property, Plant and Equipment - not	e 39.3	Overstated Understated	(89 10) 37 25		
	Total			(2 951 84		
.0	PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS - REC	LASSIFICATION				
40.1	. Revenue and Expenditure					
	The following items were reclassifi expenditure.	ied in order to be aligned to the r	nature of the revenue or			
	Item	Previous Classification	Revised Classification	Amount		
	Infrastructure Levies	Other Taxes	Service charges	10 228 58		
	Unclaimed Money	Other Income	Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	428 63		
	Connection / Reconnection Fees	Other Income	Service charges	244 47		
	Licences and Permits	Licences and Permits	Agency Services	1 117 94		
	Skills Development Levy	Employee Related Costs	Other Expenditure	644 17		
	Collection Cost	Collection Cost	Other Expenditure	601 14		
	Items listed in note - 36	Other Expenditure	Transfers and Grants	817 00		
	The above mentioned reclassificatio	ns affected the following line items:				
	Revenue					
	 Other Taxes (line item re 	emoved from face of Statement of Fi	inancial Performance)	(10 228 58		
	 Fines, Penalties and For 	feits		428 63		
	 Service Charges 			10 473 05		
	 Agency Services 			1 117 94		
	•	ne item removed from face of Staten	nent of Financial Performance)	(1 117 94		
	- Other Income			(673 11		
	Expenditure					
	- Employee Related Costs			(644 17		
	 Collection Cost (line iter 	n removed from face of Statement o	t Financial Performance)	(601 14		
	Transfers and GrantsOther Expenditure			817 00 428 31		

40.2 Statement of Financial Position

Capitalised Restoration cost was previously included as part of Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE). Although this item is accounted for under the Property Plant and Equipment Standard (GRAP 17), the characteristics and nature of this item does not resemble that of normal PPE (such as the tangible nature of assets normally associated with PPE). Based on the aforementioned and in line with the requirements of GRAP 1, Capitalised Restoration Cost has been reclassified as a separate item on the face of the Statement of Financial Position. The reclassification affected the following line items:

-	Capitalised Restoration Cost (PPE)	14 757 018
-	Property, Plant and Equipment	(14 757 018)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

igures	s in Rand	2018	2017
41	NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Net Surplus for the year Adjusted for:	13 919 727	12 806 461
	Non-cash revenue included in Net Surplus	(1 044 485)	(3 670 810)
	Contributed Assets Actuarial Gains Reversal of Impairments Rental of Facilities and Equipment - decrease in operating lease asset	(1 046 370) - (1 653) 3 538	(361 702) (3 259 244) (46 034) (3 829)
	Non-cash expenditure included in Net Surplus	56 562 575	61 362 913
	Employee Related Costs - Contributions towards	7 612 230	6 838 712
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards Bonuses Staff Leave Performance Bonuses Debt Impairment Depreciation and Amortisation Actuarial Losses Finance Charges Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites Other Expenditure - decrease in operating lease liability Loss on disposal of Non-Monetary Assets Cash expenditure not included in Net Surplus	2 070 896 318 934 4 186 069 740 828 295 503 26 296 551 16 070 013 1 154 551 5 393 255 2 485 173 266 296 2 641 786 (14 715) 50 690 (5 831 055)	1 861 126 324 969 3 607 539 612 372 432 706 32 326 939 16 053 646 5 219 431 2 346 250 270 265 2 602 916 1 750 922 435 (5 268 687)
	Post Retirement Medical Benefits Long Service Awards Bonuses Staff Leave Performance Bonus	(698 531) (390 504) (4 048 293) (572 755) (120 972)	(644 992) (260 355) (3 494 189) (540 166) (328 985)
	Operating Surplus before changes in working capital Movement in working capital	63 606 762 (23 096 431)	65 229 877 (17 354 055)
	Receivables from Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions Inventory Payables from exchange transactions Unspent Conditional Government Grants Taxes	(20 756 564) (15 656 240) (246 848) 14 026 393 1 145 089 (1 608 261)	(13 378 578) (21 548 854) (56 908) (13 856 764) 29 900 658 1 586 390
	Cash Flow from Operating Activities	40 510 331	47 875 822
12	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise out of the following:		
	Primary Bank Account Call and Notice Deposits Cash Floats	8 510 051 10 016 900 5 114	2 859 556 19 433 004 8 330
	Total	18 532 065	22 300 890

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Refer to note 2 for more details relating to cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

43 BUDGET COMPARISONS

43.1 Original vs Final Budget

Statement of Financial Position

Items in the State of Financial Position were adjusted to take into account adjustments made to the operating and capital budget and also to align balances with the actual audit outcomes of 2016/17.

In addition, both non-current assets and non-current liabilities were increased in anticipation of the Municipality entering into a finance lease for the purchase of utility vehicles.

Statement of Financial Performance - Revenue

Transfers Recognised (Operational) was adjusted as follow:

- Approval of roll over application for the Municipal Capacity Building Grant (R1.3 million)
- Additional funding for the Financial Management Support Grant (R1.7 million)
- Additional funding for the Municipal Drought Relief (R2.1 million)

Other Own Revenue was decreased mainly due to less Traffic Fines issued than what was anticipated (R13 million).

Transfers Recognised (Capital) was adjusted as follow:

- Approval of roll over application for the Municipal Infrastructure Grant (R5.2 million)
- Additional funding for the Municipal Drought Relief (R3.9 million)
- Additional funding for the Municipal Disaster Grant (R6.9 million)
- Human Settlement Development Grant (R10.7 million) allocation was reallocated to 2018/19.

<u>Statement of Financial Performance - Expenditure</u>

Employee Related Costs were increased as a result of TASK evaluation results and the appointment of general workers.

Debt Impairment was decreased due to a reduction Traffic Fines revenue of which the greater percentage of traffic fines issued are considered to be impaired.

Contracted Services was increased to take into account grant expenditure relating the Transfers Recognised (Operational).

Cash Flow Statement

Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities was decreased to take into account unspent grant monies which had to be surrendered.

Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities was increased to take into account additional capital expenditure resulting from grant funding, as well the Municipality entering into a finance lease for the purchase of utility vehicles.

Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities was increased to take into account the Municipality entering into a finance lease for the purchase of utility vehicles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

43 BUDGET COMPARISONS (CONTINUED)

43.2 Actual Amounts vs Final Budget

Statement of Financial Position

Current assets were more than budgeted for due to several grant funded projects which were not concluded at year-end, resulting in a higher bank balance.

Non-current assets were less than budgeted as not all grant funded capital projects were concluded at year-end.

Current liabilities were more than budgeted for due to several grant funded projects which were not concluded at year-end, resulting in a higher unspent conditional grant balance.

Non-Current liabilities were more less than budget due to a decrease in the landfill site provision, where as a increase was budgeted for.

Statement of Financial Performance - Revenue

Service Charges were less than budget due to less water revenue levied than expected as a result of the drought being experienced in the municipal area.

Transfers recognised (operational) were less than budgeted due to grant funded projects which were not concluded at year-end.

Own Revenue were more than budgeted for due to fines issued, less any reductions and withdrawals, were less than anticipated.

Transfers recognised (capital) was less than budget due to several grant funded projects which were not concluded at year-end.

<u>Statement of Financial Performance - Expenditure</u>

Debt Impairment was less than the budget due to less fines issued (after deducting reductions and withdrawals) than anticipated.

Other Material, Contracted Services and Other Expenditure should be read in conjunction. The nett effect of the variances combined is less than materiality.

Cash Flow Statement

Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities was less than budgeted for due to the drought experienced and less water usage than expected.

Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities was less than budgeted for as not all projects were implemented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand		2018	2017
44	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE		
44.1	Unauthorised Expenditure		
	Unauthorised expenditure can be reconciled as follow:		
	Opening balance	1 163 123	12 556 589
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating	447 177	1 163 123
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital	190 066	-
	Approved by Council	(1 163 123)	(12 556 589)
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting further action	637 243	1 163 123

Unauthorised expenditure only relates to expenditure in excess of approved budget votes. No disciplinary steps or criminal proceedings were instituted as a result of unauthorised expenditure incurred. Refer below for votes of which the expenditure was in access of the approved budget:

	2018 (Actual) R	2018 (Final Budget) R	2018 (Variance) R	2018 (Unauthorised) R
Unauthorised expenditure - Operating				
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	8 009 545	7 914 510	95 035	95 035
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	3 575 817	3 596 341	(20 524)	-
Vote 3 - Financial Services	56 203 793	60 403 194	(4 199 401)	-
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	43 508 561	52 037 113	(8 528 552)	-
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	19 924 119	19 571 977	352 142	352 142
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	138 102 084	141 361 301	(3 259 217)	-
Total	269 323 919	284 884 436	(15 560 517)	447 177
Unauthorised expenditure - Capital				
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	59 549	72 963	(13 414)	-
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Financial Services	5 160 336	5 281 145	(120 809)	-
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	7 389 934	7 199 868	190 066	190 066
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	373 494	702 812	(329 318)	-
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	32 701 002	63 260 369	(30 559 367)	-
Total	45 684 315	76 517 157	(30 832 842)	190 066

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	n Rand	2018	2017
	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)		
44.2	Irregular Expenditure		
	Irregular expenditure can be reconciled as follow:		
	Opening balance	14 633 550	4 379 93
	Irregular expenditure incurred in the current year Irregular expenditure incurred in the prior year but identified in the current year	36 543 090 -	14 633 55
	Approved by Council	(14 633 550)	(4 379 93
	Irregular expenditure awaiting further action	36 543 090	14 633 55
	Details of irregular expenditure incurred:		
	(a) Procurement process not followed with regards to a supplier appointed by Council in 2013	1 36 543 090	14 633 55
	No disciplinary steps or criminal proceedings were instituted as a result of irregular expenditure incurred.	2	
44.3	Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure		
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure can be reconciled as follow:		
	Opening balance	256 409	256 40
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred Approved by Council	122 438 -	
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting further action	378 847	256 40
	Details of fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred		
	(a) Electricity vendor did not pay electricity sales to Municipality(b) SARS interest and penalties	256 409 122 438	256 40
	Total	378 847	256 40
	Disciplinary steps or criminal proceedings undertaken on above-mentioned fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred:	I	
	(a) Matter has been reported to SAPD and case 156/01/2013 has been opened.(b) The matter will be table to MPAC for resolution.		
	MATERIAL LOSSES		
45.1	Water distribution losses		
	Kilo litres disinfected/purified/purchased Kilo litres sold and free basic services	3 096 910 (2 736 232)	3 617 87 (3 156 08
	Kilo litres lost during distribution	360 678	461 79
	Percentage lost during distribution	11.65%	12.76
	Normal pipe bursts and field leakages are responsible for water losses.		
45.2	Electricity distribution losses		
	Units purchased (Kwh) Units sold, free basic services and standard friction losses	64 376 526 (60 418 539)	64 526 11 (60 532 62
		3 957 987	3 993 48
	Units lost during distribution (Kwh)	3 331 301	3 333 40

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

ures in	Rand	2018	2017
i	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT		
46.1	SALGA Contributions [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]		
	Opening balance	-	-
	Expenditure incurred	864 246	796 300
	Payments	(864 246)	(796 300)
	Payments in advance		-
46.2	Audit Fees [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance	-	512 637
	Expenditure incurred	3 678 879	3 810 562
	External Audit - Auditor-General	3 643 292	3 766 504
	Audit Committee	35 587	44 058
	Payments	(3 678 879)	(4 323 199
	Outstanding Balance	-	-
46.3	VAT [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance	(1 756 773)	(1 089 695
	Net amount claimed during the year	5 325 586	328 256
	Net amount received during the year	(678 585)	(995 334
	Outstanding Balance Payable	2 890 228	(1 756 773
	VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.		
46.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance	981 020	848 755
	Payroll deductions and Council Contributions during the year	13 299 741	11 535 505
	Payments	(13 254 687)	(11 102 849
	Outstanding Balance	1 026 074	981 020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

ures in	Rand	2018	2017
	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINUED)		
46.5	Pension and Medical Aid Contributions [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance	-	
	Payroll deductions and Council Contributions during the year Payments made to pension and medical fund	20 638 389 (20 638 389)	18 265 07 (18 265 07)
	Outstanding Balance	-	
46.6	Councillors Arrear Accounts [MFMA 124 (1)(b)]		
	The following Councillors had arrear accounts for more than 90 days as at 30 June:		
	J White	-	7 34
46.7	Deviations from Supply Chain Management Regulations		
	Deviations from Supply Chain Management Regulations were identified on the following		
	categories:		
	Section 36(1)(a)(i) - Emergencies	487 648	689 24
	Section 36(1)(a)(ii) - Single provider	571 007	308 13
	Section 36(1)(a)(iii) - Specialised services	-	
	Section 36(1)(a)(iv) - Acquisition of animals for zoo's	-	2.450.56
	Section 36(1)(a)(v) - Impractical so follow official procurement process	44 780	2 159 56
	Total	1 103 435	3 156 94
	Deviations from Supply Chain Management Regulations can be allocated as follow:		
	Office of the Municipal Manager	<u>-</u>	
	Financial Services	243 684	521 07
	Corporate and Strategic Services Community Development Services	17 933 265 525	105 98 219 19
	Engineering and Planning Services	576 293	2 3 1 0 6 9
	Total	1 103 435	3 156 94
	All the deviations were ratified by the Municipal Manager and reported to Council.		
46.8	Other Non-Compliance [MFMA 125(2)(e)]		
	(a) Payments not made within 30 days		
	Money owed by the Municipality was not always paid within 30 days, as required by section 65(2)(e) of the Municipal Finance Management Act.		
	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
	Approved and contracted for	16 923 761	18 956 43
	This expenditure will be financed from:		
	Government Grants	16 373 735	16 838 93
	Own funding	550 025	2 117 49
	Total	16 923 761	18 956 43

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Kana	2018	2017

48 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Municipality is potentially exposed to the following risks:

48.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

The following financial assets are exposed to credit risk:

Total	48 839 281	48 774 166
Receivables from exchange transactions	30 307 216	26 473 276
Cash and Cash Equivalents	18 532 065	22 300 890

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits of the Municipality is only held at reputable banks that are listed on the JSE. The credit quality is regularly monitored through required SENS releases by the various banks. The risk pertaining to these deposits are considered to be very low.

There are no restrictions on the cash deposits held and no cash were pledged as security. No collateral is held for any cash and cash equivalents.

Receivables from Exchange Transactions

Receivables comprise of a large number of users, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. On-going credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these receivables. Credit risk pertaining to receivables are considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of receivables and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

Receivables are disclosed after taking into account the provision for impairment raised against each class of receivable.

Receivables are payable within 30 days. All receivables outstanding for more than 30 days are considered to be passed due.

Refer to note 3 for more information regarding the provision for impairment raised against each service type as well as receivables considered to be passed due.

Also refer to note 3 for more information regarding balances renegotiated beyond the original 30 days payment period initially granted.

No receivables were pledged as security for liabilities and no collateral is held from any consumers (other than consumer deposits).

The following service receivables are passed due, but not impaired:

Total	20 190 387	18 108 160
Rates (Statutory Receivable)	7 848 758	4 664 849
Other	1 896 859	183 893
Sewerage	2 406 812	2 556 585
Refuse	1 533 383	2 113 969
Water	2 844 123	5 633 615
Electricity	3 660 451	2 955 249

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

18 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

48.2 Currency risk (Market Risk)

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The financial instruments of the Municipality is not directly exposed to any currency risk.

48.3 Interest rate risk (Market Risk)

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The following balances are exposed to interest rate fluctuations:

Cash and Cash Equivalents (excluding cash on hand)	18 526 951	22 292 560
Long-term Liabilities (including current portion)	(21 767 153)	(22 051 586)
Net balance exposed	(3 240 202)	240 974
Potential effect of changes in interest rates on surplus and deficit for the year:		
1% (2017 - 1%) increase in interest rates	(32 402)	2 410
0% (2017 - 0%) decrease in interest rates	-	-

South Africa is currently in an upward interest rate cycle and management does not foresee a decrease in the next 12 months.

48.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk encountered by the Municipality in the event of difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Liquidity risk is mitigated by approving cash funded budgets at all times to ensure commitments can be settled once due over the long term. The Municipality also monitors its cash balances on a daily basis to ensure cash resources are available to settle short term obligations.

The following balances are exposed to liquidity risk:

	Within 1 Year	Between 2 to 5 years	After 5 years	Total
30 JUNE 2018				
Annuity Loans	4 242 425	15 772 360	4 481 974	24 496 759
Finance Lease Liabilities	1 360 789	3 782 432	-	5 143 221
Payables from exchange transactions	50 416 734	-	-	50 416 734
Unspent Conditional Government Grants	33 460 083		<u>-</u>	33 460 083
Total	89 480 031	19 554 792	4 481 974	113 516 797
30 JUNE 2017				
Annuity Loans	4 546 228	16 071 695	8 425 064	29 042 986
Finance Lease Liabilities	745 146	1 688 525	-	2 433 671
Payables from exchange transactions	36 427 333	-	-	36 427 333
Unspent Conditional Government Grants	32 314 994		<u>-</u>	32 314 994
Total	74 033 701	17 760 219	8 425 064	100 218 985

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

48 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

48.5 Other price risk (Market Risk)

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Municipality is not exposed to any other price risk.

49 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Municipality recognised the following financial instruments at amortised cost:

Financial Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents	18 532 065	22 300 890
Receivables from Exchange transactions	30 307 216	26 473 276
Total	48 839 281	48 774 166
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>		
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	3 399 988	3 039 169
Payables from exchange transactions	50 416 734	36 427 333
Unspent Conditional Government Grants	33 460 083	32 314 994
Long-Term Liabilities	18 367 165	19 012 417
Total	105 643 970	90 793 914

50 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

In accordance with the principles of GRAP 108, Statutory Receivables of the Municipality are classified as follows:

Total	26 048 434	18 513 107
Fines	1 562 671	2 349 679
Rates	11 461 546	6 906 875
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	13 024 217	9 256 553

The amounts above are disclosed after any provision for impairment has been taken into account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in	Rand	2018	2017
51	EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE		
	The Municipal had no significant events after reporting date.		
52	IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE		
	The Municipality did not receive any in-kind donations or assistance during the year under review.		
53	PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS (PPP's)		
	The Municipality did not enter into any PPP's in the current and prior year.		
54	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
	The Municipality were exposed to the following contingent liabilities at year end:		
54.1	Matter against the Municipality by Jimmy Barnard	50 000	50 000
	This matter has been finalised but legal costs still have to be taxed or agreed. The legal costs for which the Municipality may be liable are estimated at R50 000.		
54.2	Matter against the Municipality by Mathilda Smith	15 000	15 000
	This applicant is claiming for damages amounting to R15 000. Since 2010, the applicant's attorneys has not taken any action on this matter. However, in 2015 she instructed her attorneys to continued with the matter.		
54.3	Matter against the Municipality by Siphokazi Sinxo (on behalf of her minor son, Lunje Sinxo)	1 800 000	1 400 000
	The applicant is claiming for damages amounting to R1 400 000 in total. These damages relate to an injury her son obtained on the property of the Municipality when an entrance gate became dislodged and fell on her son. Legal costs are estimated at approximately R 400 000.		
54.4	Matter against the Municipality by Patt Gooddall	142 000	-
	The applicant is pleading sett of services against road and stormwater for the amount to R 92 000. The legal cost for which the Municipality may be liable are estimated at R 50 000.		
54.5	Matter against the Municipality by Elandsbaai Handelsmaatskappy	700 000	-
	The applicant claims against infringement of property for the amount of R 650 000. The legal cost for which the Municipality may be liable are estimated at R 50 000.		
54.6	Matter against the Municipality by MJ Coetzee	250 000	-
	This matter involves an application by the owners of Erf 234 Graafwater against the Municipality for declaratory relief, alternatively a review regarding the decision taken in respect of an application for consent use. The matter in ongoing , pleadings have closed and the Applicants have to set it down for hearing. The legal costs and disbursements that the Municipality may be liable for in the event that the application is successful, is estimated at R 250 000.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

Figures in Rand 2018 2017

55 RELATED PARTIES

All rates, service charges and other charges in respect of related parties are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No impairment charge have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

55.1 Related Party Loans

There are no loans outstanding to any related party. Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior management employees are not permitted.

55.2 Compensation of management personnel

Remuneration of management personnel are disclosed in notes 30 and 31.

55.3 Other transactions in terms of Section 45 of the Municipal Supply Chain Regulations

The following purchases were made during the year where Councillors, Management or Employees have an interest:

Company Name	Related Party	Service Capacity	Relationship	Amount	Amount
P J Sobekwa	J Sobekwa	Foreman	Brother	79 250	104 450
HM Henderson	C Henderson	Senior Clerk Stores	Sister	95 548	105 623
Rural Impact	P V Blankenberg	Ward Assistant	Brother	-	29 950
Total				174 798	240 023

56 FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

In the current year a financial turn-around strategy was implemented as part of the long-term financial plan. The results of the said implantation were as follow:

- The current assets to liabilities ratio decreased to 0.68:1 in comparison with 0.71:1 of the prior year.
- The average creditors' repayment days increased from 68 days to 93 days.
- Despite a worsening economic conditions and drought, the Municipality collection rate stabilised at 85%.

As cash shortfall of R14 928 018 as reported in note 2 is only of a temporary nature. After year-end the municipality was able to maintain positive cash balance which is more than sufficient address all outstanding statutory obligations.

In addition, harsh austerity measures has been implemented. The 2018/19 budget approved by Council is projecting a cash surplus of R6 386 576 over the MTREF period. The said austerity measures will have no negative impact on service delivery.

APPENDIX A (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	LOAN		MATURITY	OPENING BALANCE	RECEIVED	REDEEMED	CLOSING BALANCE
INSTITUTION	NUMBER	RATE	DATE	1 JULY 2017	DURING YEAR	DURING YEAR	30 JUNE 2018
ANNUITY LOANS							
ABSA	038-723-0991	9.84%	30 Sep 2018	820 335	-	(535 146)	285 189
ABSA	038-723-0992	9.84%	1 April 2025	2 609 204	-	(226 126)	2 383 078
ABSA	038-723-0993	10.43%	17 June 2025	4 368 208	-	(369 365)	3 998 843
ABSA	038-723-0994	10.45%	17 Nov 2025	1 830 218	-	(141 213)	1 689 005
ABSA	038-723-0995	10.45%	17 Aug 2028	1 891 477	-	(129 084)	1 762 393
Standard Bank	03-263-793-4	10.36%	31 Mar 2023	8 585 791	-	(1 095 548)	7 490 243
Total Annuity Loans				20 105 233		(2 496 482)	17 608 751
FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES - PRINTERS							
Printers MPC2003SP			30 Nov 2017	51 869	_	(51 869)	_
Printers MP2501SP			30 Nov 2017	14 408	-	(14 408)	_
Printers D3Q20B			31 Dec 2019	46 176	_	(15 821)	30 355
Printers MPC305SPF			31 Dec 2019	50 056	-	(17 133)	32 923
Printers MPC2004SP			30 Apr 2020	188 515	-	(58 410)	130 105
Printers MPC8003SP			30 Apr 2020	181 213	-	(54 707)	126 506
Total Finance Lease Liabilities - Printers				532 237		(212 347)	319 889
FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES - VEHICLES							
	0000000011		4 1 2022	257.262		(62.442)	104 120
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089668811		1 Jul 2022	257 263	-	(63 143)	194 120
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089668986		1 Jul 2022	257 263	-	(63 143)	194 120
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089669184		1 Jul 2022	257 263	-	(63 143)	194 120
Chevrolet Utility 1.4 + A/C (M18)	00089669583		1 Jul 2022	192 531	-	(47 230)	145 301
Chevrolet Utility 1.4 + A/C (M18)	00089670107		1 Jul 2022	192 531	-	(47 230)	145 301
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089670301		1 Jul 2022	257 263	-	(63 143)	194 120
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089733109		1 Aug 2022	-	257 263	(58 987)	198 276
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089733338		1 Aug 2022	-	454 236	(104 325)	349 911
ISUZU N Series NLR 150	00089733443		1 Aug 2022	-	491 280	(112 805)	378 476
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089733478		1 Aug 2022	-	257 263	(58 987)	198 276
ISUZU N Series NLR 150	00089733656		1 Aug 2022	-	491 280	(112 805)	378 476
ISUZU N Series NLR 150	00089733664		1 Aug 2022	-	491 280	(112 805)	378 476
ISUZU N Series NLR 150	00089733915		1 Aug 2022	-	491 280	(112 805)	378 476
ISUZU KB 250c Fleetside Regular CAB	00089734008		1 Aug 2022	-	257 263	(58 987)	198 276
TOYOTA ETIOS SEDAN 1.5SD SPRINT	00089760637		1 Aug 2022	-	179 491	(23 098)	156 393
TOYOTA ETIOS SEDAN 1.5SD SPRINT	00089760769		1 Aug 2022		179 491	(23 098)	156 393
Total Finance Lease Liabilities - Vehicles				1 414 116	3 550 129	(1 125 733)	3 838 512
Total Long-Term Liabilities				22 051 586	3 550 129	(3 834 563)	21 767 152

APPENDIX B (UNAUDITED)

DISCLOSURE OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT	OPENING BALANCE R	GRANTS RECEIVED / (REPAID) R	TRANSFERRED TO REVENUE (OPERATING) R	TRANSFERRED TO REVENUE (CAPITAL) R	OTHER MOVEMENT R	CLOSING BALANCE R
Equitable Share	_	40 873 657	(40 873 657)	_	_	_
Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)	5 928 178	15 867 000	(3 174 514)	(16 334 634)	-	2 286 030
Financial Management Grant (FMG)	-	1 550 000	(1 550 000)	(10 00 1 00 1)	-	-
Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP)	_	4 000 000	(496 403)	(3 503 597)	_	_
Expanded Public Works Program (EPWP)	_	1 807 000	(1 779 492)	(27 508)	_	_
Regional Bulk Infrastructure Grant (RBIG)	12 454 571	(12 454 571)	-	-	-	-
Water Service Infrastructure Grant (WSIG)	24 087	9 975 913	(268 420)	(1 795 332)	-	7 936 248
Municipal Disaster Grant	-	7 962 000	(399 517)	(2 663 443)	-	4 899 040
Total	18 406 836	69 580 999	(48 542 003)	(24 324 514)	-	15 121 318
PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT						
Human Settlement Development Grant	4 826	7 613 277	(1 327 391)	(6 290 712)	-	-
Library Services MRF	-	4 223 000	(4 134 197)	(22 353)	_	66 451
CDW Support	40 173	167 000	(119 032)	-	-	88 141
Housing Consumer Education	2 247	-	-	-	-	2 247
Municipal Drought Support Grant	97 725	6 000 000	-	(699 466)	-	5 398 259
Local Government Graduate Internship Grant	33 880	66 000	(39 479)	-	-	60 401
Financial Management Support Grant	-	1 777 000	(1 554 370)	-	-	222 630
Municipal Capacity Building Grant	1 332 076	240 000	(1 572 076)	-	-	-
Acceleration of Housing Delivery	12 397 231	3 030 000	(364 459)	(2 642 036)	-	12 420 736
Thusong Service Centre Grant		109 000	(29 100)	-	-	79 900
Total	13 908 158	23 225 277	(9 140 105)	(9 654 567)	-	18 338 765
ALL SPHERES OF GOVERNMENT	32 314 994	92 806 276	(57 682 108)	(33 979 081)	-	33 460 083

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018 R	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018 R	FINAL BUDGET 2018 R	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018 R	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018 R	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017 R
Financial Performance					••	
Property rates	40 870 550	-	40 870 550	41 372 155	501 605	38 308 187
Service charges	125 832 858	-	125 832 858	120 342 155	(5 490 703)	118 574 051
Investment revenue	391 125	1 400 000	1 791 125	1 426 564	(364 561)	863 414
Transfers and subsidies - operational	58 056 306	6 910 238	64 966 544	57 682 108	(7 284 436)	50 325 468
Other own revenue	49 799 732	(14 599 765)	35 199 967	27 395 215	(7 804 752)	36 682 427
Total Operating Revenue (excluding capital transfers)	274 950 571	(6 289 527)	268 661 044	248 218 197	(20 442 847)	244 753 548
Employee costs	87 718 311	5 819 367	93 537 678	93 658 527	120 849	82 700 107
Remuneration of councillors	4 928 058	184 753	5 112 811	5 293 216	180 405	4 776 507
Debt impairment	42 939 396	(4 624 566)	38 314 830	26 296 551	(12 018 279)	32 326 939
Depreciation and asset impairment	17 252 624	(1 025)	17 251 599	16 070 013	(1 181 586)	16 053 646
Finance charges	8 544 400	(938 695)	7 605 705	8 073 767	468 062	7 887 228
Bulk purchases	69 234 799	(154 617)	69 080 182	68 531 369	(548 813)	67 596 734
Other Materials	7 595 300	1 617 148	9 212 448	-	(9 212 448)	-
Contracted Services	15 500 630	8 743 968	24 244 598	-	(24 244 598)	-
Transfers and grants	870 000	912 562	1 782 562	1 021 052	(761 510)	817 005
Other expenditure	19 683 486	(941 463)	18 742 023	50 328 736	31 586 713	46 803 351
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	50 690	50 690	922 435
Total Expenditure	274 267 004	10 617 432	284 884 436	269 323 921	(15 560 515)	259 883 952
Surplus/(Deficit)	683 567	(16 906 959)	(16 223 392)	(21 105 724)	(4 882 332)	(15 130 404)
Transfers and subsidies - capital (monetary)	59 493 693	2 188 041	61 681 734	33 979 081	(27 702 653)	27 575 163
Transfers and subsidies - capital (in-kind)	-	-	-	1 046 370	1 046 370	361 702
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	60 177 260	(14 718 918)	45 458 342	13 919 727	(31 538 615)	12 806 461
Capital expenditure & funds sources						
Capital expenditure	70 634 840	5 882 317	76 517 157	45 684 315	(30 832 842)	28 253 461
Transfers recognised - capital	59 493 692	2 188 041	61 681 733	33 887 554	(27 794 179)	22 965 974
Public contributions & donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing	-	3 550 129	3 550 129	3 809 487	259 358	-
Internally generated funds	11 141 148	144 147	11 285 295	7 987 274	(3 298 021)	5 287 487
Total sources of capital funds	70 634 840	5 882 317	76 517 157	45 684 315	(30 832 842)	28 253 461
Cash flows						
Net cash from (used) operating	75 197 945	(20 222 430)	54 975 515	40 510 331	(14 465 184)	47 875 822
Net cash from (used) investing	(70 634 841)	(5 882 318)	(76 517 159)	(44 136 262)	32 380 897	(27 115 296)
Net cash from (used) financing	(3 260 115)	3 084 694	(175 421)	(142 894)	32 527	(949 867)
Net Cash Movement for the year	1 302 989	(23 020 055)	(21 717 065)	(3 768 825)	17 948 240	19 810 659
Cash/cash equivalents at beginning of year	2 505 080	19 795 811	22 300 890	22 300 890	(0)	2 490 231
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end	3 808 069	(3 224 244)	583 825	18 532 065	17 948 240	22 300 890

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018 R	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018 R	FINAL BUDGET 2018 R	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018 R	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018 R	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017 R
REVENUE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)						
Governance and administration						
Executive and council	7 426 947	117 389	7 544 336	7 446 712	(97 624)	2 438 127
Finance and administration	49 269 198	839 232	50 108 430	50 343 672	235 242	49 410 698
Internal audit	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community and public safety						
Community and social services	4 523 181	-	4 523 181	4 296 714	(226 467)	40 186 000
Sport and recreation	3 748 522	(934)	3 747 588	3 052 791	(694 797)	15 231
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing	19 540 000	(10 452 985)	9 087 015	7 618 103	(1 468 912)	1 867 070
Economic and environmental services						
Planning and development	38 029 629	2 342 289	40 371 918	25 220 738	(15 151 180)	1 404 292
Road transport	38 447 388	(12 758 063)	25 689 325	18 649 872	(7 039 453)	48 658
Trading services						
Energy sources	91 775 759	797 000	92 572 759	91 743 061	(829 698)	87 513 589
Water management	48 461 132	15 014 586	63 475 718	41 484 976	(21 990 742)	54 099 486
Waste water management	17 753 218	-	17 753 218	18 004 671	251 453	21 907 187
Waste management	15 469 290	-	15 469 290	15 382 337	(86 953)	13 800 074
Total Revenue - Standard	334 444 264	(4 101 486)	330 342 778	283 243 647	(47 099 131)	272 690 413
EXPENDITURE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)						
Governance and administration						
Executive and council	10 372 545	(89 347)	10 283 198	10 439 874	156 676	9 827 861
Finance and administration	81 224 907	9 706 989	90 931 896	86 570 139	(4 361 757)	68 755 133
Internal audit	685 095	54 990	740 085	725 874	(14 211)	-
Community and public safety						
Community and social services	6 227 952	(166 115)	6 061 837	5 290 801	(771 036)	51 308 534
Sport and recreation	9 265 796	1 485 932	10 751 728	10 205 360	(546 368)	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing	2 159 201	2 419 237	4 578 438	3 300 487	(1 277 951)	1 596 963
Economic and environmental services						
Planning and development	5 896 464	(294 583)	5 601 881	5 087 123	(514 758)	8 498
Road transport	43 900 372	(7 795 784)	36 104 588	30 036 312	(6 068 276)	6 146 232
Trading services						
Energy sources	78 238 224	1 200 711	79 438 935	78 221 374	(1 217 561)	71 424 552
Water management	17 037 984	2 737 690	19 775 674	19 083 654	(692 020)	43 250 537
Waste water management	9 615 606	(125 932)	9 489 674	9 035 015	(454 659)	4 096 350
Waste management	9 642 858	1 483 644	11 126 502	11 327 906	201 404	3 469 288
Total Expenditure - Standard	274 267 004	10 617 432	284 884 436	269 323 919	(15 560 517)	259 883 950

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018	FINAL BUDGET 2018	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017
REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL VOTE CLASSIFICATION)	R	R	R	R	R	R
REVENUE						
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	7 426 947	40 173	7 467 120	7 378 979	(88 141)	1 900 203
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	-	177 096	177 096	107 212	(69 884)	537 924
Vote 3 - Financial Services	46 348 891	389 232	46 738 123	47 478 767	740 644	47 552 442
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	68 392 991	(23 511 982)	44 881 009	35 425 688	(9 455 321)	41 816 666
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	781 372	450 000	1 231 372	750 224	(481 148)	743 955
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	211 494 063	18 353 995	229 848 058	192 102 777	(37 745 281)	180 139 223
Total Revenue by Vote	334 444 264	(4 101 486)	330 342 778	283 243 647	(47 099 131)	272 690 413
EXPENDITURE						
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	8 237 798	(323 288)	7 914 510	8 009 545	95 035	5 610 118
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	2 949 842	646 499	3 596 341	3 575 817	(20 524)	4 217 743
Vote 3 - Financial Services	53 882 289	6 520 905	60 403 194	56 203 793	(4 199 401)	49 695 058
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	56 184 084	(4 146 971)	52 037 113	43 508 561	(8 528 552)	52 363 384
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	17 134 975	2 437 002	19 571 977	19 924 119	352 142	19 060 075
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	135 878 016	5 483 285	141 361 301	138 102 084	(3 259 217)	128 937 571
Total Expenditure by Vote	274 267 004	10 617 432	284 884 436	269 323 919	(15 560 517)	259 883 950
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	60 177 260	(14 718 918)	45 458 342	13 919 728	(31 538 614)	12 806 463

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018 R	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018 R	FINAL BUDGET 2018 R	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018 R	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018 R	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017 R
REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE	N.	ĸ	K	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ
REVENUE BY SOURCE						
Property rates	40 870 550	-	40 870 550	41 372 155	501 605	38 308 187
Service charges - electricity revenue	80 640 390	-	80 640 390	79 800 801	(839 589)	78 026 103
Service charges - water revenue	27 692 727	-	27 692 727	23 925 988	(3 766 739)	24 504 506
Service charges - sanitation revenue	9 200 252	-	9 200 252	9 451 705	251 453	8 812 406
Service charges - refuse revenue	8 299 489	-	8 299 489	7 163 661	(1 135 828)	7 231 036
Rental of facilities and equipment	470 913	-	470 913	3 451 935	2 981 022	3 755 082
Interest earned - external investments	391 125	1 400 000	1 791 125	1 426 564	(364 561)	863 414
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	3 081 538	(1 540 768)	1 540 770	2 067 817	527 047	2 960 994
Fines, penalties and forfeits	35 482 484	(13 058 063)	22 424 421	15 293 744	(7 130 677)	21 607 070
Licences and permits	-	-	-	-	-	
Agency services	2 995 665	-	2 995 665	3 101 335	105 670	2 817 435
Transfers and subsidies - Operating	58 056 306	6 910 238	64 966 544	57 682 108	(7 284 436)	50 325 468
Other revenue	7 769 132	(934)	7 768 198	3 480 384	(4 287 814)	5 541 846
Gain on disposal of PPE		-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue (excl capital transfers)	274 950 571	(6 289 527)	268 661 044	248 218 197	(20 442 847)	244 753 548
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE						
	87 718 311	5 819 367	93 537 678	93 658 527	120 849	82 700 107
Employee related costs	87 718 311 4 928 058	5 819 367 184 753	93 537 678 5 112 811	93 658 527 5 293 216	120 849 180 405	
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors						4 776 507
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment	4 928 058	184 753	5 112 811	5 293 216	180 405	4 776 507 32 326 939
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment	4 928 058 42 939 396	184 753 (4 624 566)	5 112 811 38 314 830	5 293 216 26 296 551	180 405 (12 018 279)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025)	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695)	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617)	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services Transfers and grants	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630 870 000	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968 912 562	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598 1 782 562	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369 - 1 021 052	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598) (761 510)	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734 - - 817 005 46 803 351
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services Transfers and grants Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630 870 000	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968 912 562	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598 1 782 562	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369 - 1 021 052 50 328 736	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598) (761 510) 31 586 713	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734 - - 817 005 46 803 351 922 435
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services Transfers and grants Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE Total Expenditure	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630 870 000 19 683 486	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968 912 562 (941 463)	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598 1 782 562 18 742 023	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369 - 1 021 052 50 328 736 50 690	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598) (761 510) 31 586 713 50 690	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734 - 817 005 46 803 351 922 435
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services Transfers and grants Other expenditure	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630 870 000 19 683 486 274 267 004	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968 912 562 (941 463) 10 617 432	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598 1 782 562 18 742 023	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369 - 1 021 052 50 328 736 50 690 269 323 921	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598) (761 510) 31 586 713 50 690	4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734 817 005 46 803 351 922 435 259 883 952 (15 130 404
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other Materials Contracted Services Transfers and grants Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE Total Expenditure Surplus/(Deficit)	4 928 058 42 939 396 17 252 624 8 544 400 69 234 799 7 595 300 15 500 630 870 000 19 683 486 274 267 004	184 753 (4 624 566) (1 025) (938 695) (154 617) 1 617 148 8 743 968 912 562 (941 463) - 10 617 432 (16 906 959)	5 112 811 38 314 830 17 251 599 7 605 705 69 080 182 9 212 448 24 244 598 1 782 562 18 742 023 	5 293 216 26 296 551 16 070 013 8 073 767 68 531 369 - 1 021 052 50 328 736 50 690 269 323 921 (21 105 724)	180 405 (12 018 279) (1 181 586) 468 062 (548 813) (9 212 448) (24 244 598) (761 510) 31 586 713 50 690 (15 560 515)	82 700 107 4 776 507 32 326 939 16 053 646 7 887 228 67 596 734

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018	FINAL BUDGET 2018	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	R	R	R	R	R	R
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL VOTE)						
Multi-year expenditure						
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Financial Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	17 140 000	(17 140 000)	-	-	-	-
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	-	-	-	-	- (22 =2= =22)	-
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	40 449 701	4 657 913	45 107 614	24 320 111	(20 787 503)	18 749 747
Total Multi-year expenditure	57 589 701	(12 482 087)	45 107 614	24 320 111	(20 787 503)	18 749 747
Single-year expenditure						
Vote 1 - Executive and Council	430 000	(357 037)	72 963	59 549	(13 414)	-
Vote 2 - Office of Municipal Manager	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vote 3 - Financial Services	2 462 708	2 818 437	5 281 145	5 160 336	(120 809)	538 070
Vote 4 - Community Development Services	1 085 500	6 114 368	7 199 868	7 389 934	190 066	838 747
Vote 5 - Corporate and Strategic Services	1 032 940	(330 128)	702 812	373 494	(329 318)	749 064
Vote 6 - Engineering and Planning Services	8 033 991	10 118 764	18 152 755	8 380 891	(9 771 864)	7 377 832
Total Single-year expenditure	13 045 139	18 364 404	31 409 543	21 364 204	(10 045 339)	9 503 714
Total Capital Expenditure by Vote	70 634 840	5 882 317	76 517 157	45 684 315	(30 832 842)	28 253 461
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)						
Governance and administration						
Executive and council	430 000	(357 037)	72 963	59 549	(13 414)	-
Finance and administration	3 636 148	2 423 809	6 059 957	5 605 398	(454 559)	538 070
Internal audit	-	-	-	-	-	749 064
Community and public safety						
Community and social services	245 000	(79 000)	166 000	512 665	346 665	852 328
Sport and recreation	1 000 000	(368 000)	632 000	573 909	(58 091)	605 681
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing	17 140 000	(10 736 132)	6 403 868	6 290 712	(113 156)	-
Economic and environmental services						
Planning and development	30 002 990	5 607 843	35 610 833	22 156 610	(13 454 223)	277 282
Road transport	1 120 000	(644 000)	476 000	220 773	(255 227)	3 366 274
Trading services					4	
Energy sources	5 218 772	149 990	5 368 762	4 391 831	(976 931)	3 512 477
Water management	9 521 930	11 613 574	21 135 504	5 526 691	(15 608 813)	4 872 112
Waste water management	700 000	(160 730)	539 270	325 577	(213 693)	12 150 410
Waste management	1 620 000	(1 568 000)	52 000	20 600	(31 400)	1 329 762
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	70 634 840	5 882 317	76 517 157	45 684 315	(30 832 842)	28 253 461

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018 R	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018 R	FINAL BUDGET 2018 R	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018 R	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018 R	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017 R
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)						
FUNDING SOURCES						
National Government	29 589 692	8 088 458	37 678 150	24 324 712	(13 353 438)	20 549 157
Provincial Government	29 904 000	(5 900 417)	24 003 583	9 562 843	(14 440 740)	2 416 818
District Municipality	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other transfers and grants		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers recognised - capital	59 493 692	2 188 041	61 681 733	33 887 554	(27 794 179)	22 965 974
Public contributions & donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing	-	3 550 129	3 550 129	3 809 487	259 358	-
Internally generated funds	11 141 148	144 147	11 285 295	7 987 274	(3 298 021)	5 287 487
Total Capital Funding	70 634 840	5 882 317	76 517 157	45 684 315	(30 832 842)	28 253 461

APPENDIX C (UNAUDITED)

NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2018

	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2018	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS 2018	FINAL BUDGET 2018	ACTUAL OUTCOME 2018	BUDGET VARIANCE 2018	RESTATED OUTCOME 2017
CASU FLOWS	R	R	R	R	R	R
CASH FLOWS						
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
Property rates, penalties & collection charges	37 192 200	(1 757 434)	35 434 767	37 233 630	1 798 863	32 839 893
Service charges	114 507 902	(2 193 956)	112 313 946	99 585 591	(12 728 356)	105 195 474
Other revenue	19 212 628	(3 246 532)	15 966 096	12 203 307	(3 762 789)	15 935 359
Government - operating	58 056 307	3 273 793	61 330 100	58 827 197	(2 502 903)	80 208 923
Government - capital	59 493 693	(26 490 509)	33 003 184	33 979 081	975 896	27 575 163
Interest	3 195 325	(248 622)	2 946 703	3 494 381	547 678	3 824 409
Payments						
Suppliers and employees	(212 790 659)	10 889 378	(201 901 280)	(201 111 292)	789 989	(214 218 596)
Finance charges	(2 799 452)	689 938	(2 109 514)	(2 680 512)	(570 998)	(2 667 797)
Transfers and grants	(870 000)	(1 138 487)	(2 008 487)	(1 021 052)	987 435	(817 005)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	75 197 945	(20 222 430)	54 975 515	40 510 331	(14 465 184)	47 875 822
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	501 683	501 683	640 725
Payments		_				
Capital assets	(70 634 841)	(5 882 318)	(76 517 159)	(44 637 945)	31 879 214	(27 756 021)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(70 634 841)	(5 882 318)	(76 517 159)	(44 136 262)	32 380 897	(27 115 296)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
Borrowing long term/refinancing	_	3 550 129	3 550 129	3 550 129	_	1 414 116
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	105 734	3 330 123	105 734	141 540	35 805	150 298
·	103 /3 !		103 73 1	111310	33 003	130 230
Payment of horrowing	(3 365 849)	(ACE A26)	(3 831 284)	(3 834 563)	(3 278)	/2 E1/ 200\
Repayment of borrowing	(3 305 849)	(465 436)	(3 831 284)	(3 834 303)	(3 2/8)	(2 514 280)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3 260 115)	3 084 694	(175 421)	(142 894)	32 527	(949 867)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	1 302 989	(23 020 055)	(21 717 065)	(3 768 825)	17 948 240	19 810 659
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	2 505 080	19 795 811	22 300 890	22 300 890	(0)	2 490 231
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	3 808 069	(3 224 244)	583 825	18 532 065	17 948 240	22 300 890
•		· ,				

Annexure B Report of the Auditor General

Report of the auditor-general to the Western Cape Provincial Parliament and council on the Cederberg Municipality

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1. I have audited the financial statements of the Cederberg Municipality set out on pages 4 to 77, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, cash flow statement and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, as well as the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- 2. In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Cederberg Municipality as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the South African Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (SA Standards of GRAP) and the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act of South Africa, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003) (MFMA) and the Division of Revenue Act of South Africa, 2017 (Act No. 3 of 2017) (Dora).

Context for the opinion

- 3. I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report.
- 4. I am independent of the municipality in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of ethics for professional accountants* (IESBA code) and the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
- 5. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matters

6. I draw attention to the matters below. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Restatement of corresponding figures

7. As disclosed in notes 39 to 40 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for 30 June 2017 have been restated as a result of errors and municipal standard chart of accounts (mSCOA) related reclassifications discovered during the 2017-18 financial year in the financial statements of the municipality at, and for the year ended, 30 June 2018.

Material losses/impairments

- 8. As disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, the municipality provided for the impairment of receivables from exchange transactions amounting to R39,7 million (2016-17: R30,4 million).
- 9. As disclosed in note 4 to the financial statements, the municipality provided for the impairment of receivables from non-exchange transactions amounting to R51,3 million (2016-17: R40,8 million).

Significant uncertainties

10. With reference to note 54 to the financial statements, the municipality is the defendant in a number of lawsuits with third parties totalling R2 957 000. The outcomes of these matters cannot currently be determined and no provision for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements.

Other matters

11. I draw attention to the matters below. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Unaudited supplementary schedules

12. The supplementary information set out on pages 78 to 86 does not form part of the financial statements and is presented as additional information. I have not audited this information and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion thereon.

Unaudited disclosure notes

13. In terms of section 125(2)(e) of the MFMA, the municipality is required to disclose particulars of non-compliance with the MFMA. This disclosure requirement did not form part of the audit of the financial statements and accordingly I do not express an opinion thereon.

Responsibilities of the accounting officer for the financial statements

- 14. The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the SA Standards of GRAP and the requirements of the MFMA and Dora and for such internal control as the accounting officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 15. In preparing the financial statements, the accounting officer is responsible for assessing the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the appropriate governance structure either intends to liquidate the municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

16. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

17. A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to this auditor's report.

Report on the audit of the annual performance report

Introduction and scope

- 18. In accordance with the Public Audit Act of South Africa, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report material findings on the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for selected strategic objectives presented in the annual performance report. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 19. My procedures address the reported performance information, which must be based on the approved performance planning documents of the municipality. I have not evaluated the completeness and appropriateness of the performance indicators included in the planning documents. My procedures also did not extend to any disclosures or assertions relating to planned performance strategies and information in respect of future periods that may be included as part of the reported performance information. Accordingly, my findings do not extend to these matters.
- 20. I evaluated the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in accordance with the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice, for the following selected strategic objective presented in the annual performance report of the municipality for the year ended 30 June 2018:

Strategic objective	Pages in the annual performance report
Objective 4 – implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability	12 to 15

- 21. I performed procedures to determine whether the reported performance information was properly presented and whether performance was consistent with the approved performance planning documents. I performed further procedures to determine whether the indicators and related targets were measurable and relevant, and assessed the reliability of the reported performance information to determine whether it was valid, accurate and complete.
- 22. I did not raise any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for the following strategic objective:
 - Objective 4 implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability

Other matters

23. I draw attention to the matters below.

Achievement of planned targets

24. Refer to the annual performance report on pages 10 to 19 for information on the achievement of planned targets for the year.

Adjustment of material misstatements

25. I identified material misstatement in the annual performance report submitted for auditing. These material misstatements were on the reported performance information of objective 4 – implement strategies to ensure financial viability and economically sustainability. As management subsequently corrected the misstatements, I did not raise any material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information.

Report on the audit of compliance with legislation

Introduction and scope

- 26. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report material findings on the compliance of the municipality with specific matters in key legislation. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 27. I did not raise material findings on compliance with the specific matters in key legislation set out in the general notice issued in terms of the PAA.

Other information

- 28. The accounting officer is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report. The other information does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report and the selected strategic objective presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported in this auditor's report.
- 29. My opinion on the financial statements and findings on the reported performance information and compliance with legislation do not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 30. In connection with my audit, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected strategic objective presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 31. I did not receive the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. When I do receive and read this information, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and request that the other information be corrected. If the other information is not corrected, I may have to retract

this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report as appropriate. However, if it is corrected this will not be necessary.

Internal control deficiencies

32. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, reported performance information and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance on it. I did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Cape Town

30 November 2018



Auditing to build public confidence

Annexure – Auditor-general's responsibility for the audit

 As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout my audit of the financial statements, and the procedures performed on reported performance information for selected strategic objectives and on the municipality's compliance with respect to the selected subject matters.

Financial statements

- 2. In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the financial statements as described in this auditor's report, I also:
 - identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
 - obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the municipality's internal control
 - evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the accounting officer
 - conclude on the appropriateness of the accounting officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Cederberg Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion on the financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of this auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a municipality to cease continuing as a going concern
 - evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

Communication with those charged with governance

- 3. I communicate with the accounting officer regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.
- 4. I also confirm to the accounting officer that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on my independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.